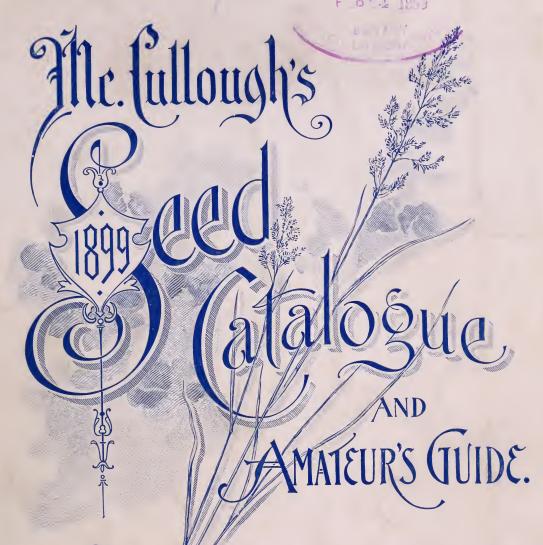
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McCullough's Bons,

ESTABLISHED 838. 316-318 WALNUT ST.,

BETWEEN 3RP & 4TH STS.)



CINCINNATI, OHIO.



Instructions to Purchasers.



UR PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE on all Vegetable and Flower Seeds by the packet, ounce and pound, except Peas, Beans and Corn, when 15 cents per quart and 10 cents per pint must be added to catalogue prices for postage.

Order Early.—It will greatly facilitate shipments if orders are sent early. We aim to send off all orders the day received, but during the busy season it is nearly impossible—hence the advisibility of ordering **early**.

Customers who buy at our counters, or wish to pay their own express charges may deduct ten cents per pound on all seeds bought by the pound, if quoted at prepaid rates.

Send the Money with the Order.—Postal Note, Post Office Order, Registered Letter, Express prepaid, or Draft on Cincinnati or New York.

In view of the fact that the express companies make a special low rate on small packages of Seeds, Plants and Bulbs, we would suggest that patrons remit by Express Money Orders, which can be obtained at nearly all the express offices.

United States Postage Stamps will be received for small amounts; be exceedingly careful about the least moisture getting on them when remitting, as they sometimes reach us so stuck together as to be almost worthless.

We do not send C. O. D.—Everything being plainly priced, the return charges on money is an unnecessary expense.

Should you change your address, we will esteem it a favor if you will notify us, so we can forward our Catalogue with regularity; if you receive two Catalogues of the same kind, please hand one to some friend who has a garden.

Should an error occur, we desire to be promptly informed, and will take pleasure in making satisfactory corrections.

Write your Name and Address distinctly and in full; please use the Order Sheet and Envelope inserted in this Catalogue.

We shall always be pleased to reward customers who send us the name and post office address of their friends who will buy Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, etc.

About Warranting Seeds.—We have often been asked if we "guarantee or warrant our Seeds." We beg to state plainly we do not, for the reason that practical experience has assured us of the fact that crops may fail, no matter how fresh or pure the seed sown may be. We trust that our customers will fully realize that it is to our interest to send none but very best quality of Seeds. It would be folly to do otherwise, unless we wanted to sacrifice our good reputation for selling Reliable Seeds, which we are constantly striving to extend.

To secure success, however, it is necessary that the customer should do his part well, or our good seeds will be ruined. With the best of management and with good seeds there will be an occasional unaccountable failure. The best of gardeners sometimes fail, and try again with the same seed with good results.

We test all our Seeds before sending them out, and while we exercise the greatest care to have all Seeds pure and reliable, we do not give any warranty, express or implied. If the purchaser does not accept Seeds on these terms and conditions, they must be returned at once, and the money that has been paid for same will be refunded.

J. M. McCullough's Sons,

(ALBERT McCULLOUGH)
(H. B. McCULLOUGH)

Nos. 316 and 318 Walnut Street,

Between Third and Fourth Streets,

Telephone 584.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.



ORDER SHEET.

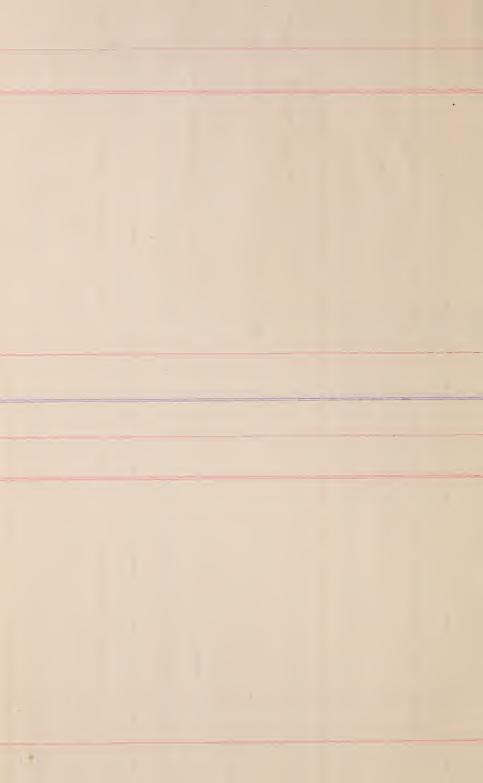
J. M. McCULLOUGH'S SONS, Cincinnati, O.,

316 and 318 Walnut Street, Between Third and Fourth Streets.

| VERY IMPORTANT.—Write your Name and Address Distinctly and in Full. | Date189 |
|---|---|
| Name of Person | (Remittance may be made by P. O. Order, Postal Note, Postage-Stamps, Draft on New York or Cincinnati, or Cash by Express. |
| Post Office | Enclosed find Cash, * |
| " County | Draft, \$ |
| | " " P. O. Order, . \$ |
| State Transfer of | " Postal Note, |
| Express Office (from P. 0.) | ". Postage Stambs, \$ |
| Please for ward by | |
| POSTAGE FREE.—All Vegetable and Flower Seeds offered in packets, ounces and single pounds, are sent free by Mail, at prices | es and single pounds, are sent free by Mail, at price |

quoted; except Peas, Beans and Corn, add 10 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart, if to be sent by mail. Order Flower Seeds by Number. Please use this Order Sheet for orders only, and carry out Catalogue Price of each article. Write your letters on a separate sheet. By observing these directions, it will help us to fill your order with greater accuracy. For further particulars and conditions of sale, see cover.

| Price. | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Name of Article Wanted. | |
| Quantity | |
| Price. | |
| Name of Article Wanted. | |
| Qantity. | |



J. M. McCULLOUGH'S SONS'

SEED CATALOGUE Amateur Gardener's Guide.



Postage. OUR PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE on all seeds in Packets, Ounces, Pounds, except Corn, Peas and Beans, when 10c per Pint and 15c per Quart Seeds offered in lots larger than one pound go at purchaser's expense, unless marked otherwise.

ust be added to Catalogue prices. Constomers purchasing Seeds at our counters, or who wish to pay their own express charges, may deduct 10 cents per pound om all seeds bought by the pound, if quoted at prepaid rates.

Special Rates on Vegetable Seeds in Packets.

to form clubs to purchase Seeds in quantity, we will offer the following LIBER-AL DISCOUNTS on Vegetable Seeds in Packets. Mailed postage paid.

For 25c. select 6 five cent pkts. of Vegetable Seeds. For 50c. " 13 five " " " For \$1 select Seeds in pkts. (no ozs. remember) to the amount of \$1 30 2 65 For 3 " " " " " " " 4 00

These prices do not refer to seeds offered by weight or measure, but to seeds in PACKETS

ALL OUR PACKETS ARE WELL FILLED WITH THE BEST SEEDS.

ARTICHOKE.

Sow in April in rich soil, and transplant the following spring to permanent beds, in rows or hills, three feet apart and two

ASPARAGUS. (Spargal, Ger.)

One Ounce Will Sow Forty Feet of Drill. Fifteen Pounds to the Acre.

metto. An improved variety. Very early and a good yielder ________5c pkt., 10c oz., 25c 1/4 lb., 75c lb.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

r's Mammoth. Two-year-old roots, \$1 per 100, \$7 per 1,000. ossal. Two-year-old roots,......75c per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

 Columbian Mammoth White.
 Two-year-old roots.

 \$1.00 per 100, \$7.00 per 1,000.

 Palmetto.
 Two-year-old roots.......\$1.00 per 100, \$6.00 per 1,000.

BEANS (Bohne, Ger.)-Dwarf or Bush.

Dwarf Green Podded Sorts.

The varieties of this class are tender, and will not bear much cold. Plant about the middle of April, if the ground is warm and the season favorable, and at intervals throughout the season for a succession, finishing about the 15th of August. The best mode of culture is in rows two feet apart, and the beans three inches apart and two inches deep in the rows. Keep well hoed, and draw the earth up to the stems, but only when dry; working them wet with rain or dew will cause them to rust and injure the crop. One quart will plant one hundred feet of drill.

Add Ten Cents per Pint and Fifteen Cents per Quart if Sent by Mail.

McCullough's Improved Round Pod Red Valentine. This variety is at least ten days earlier than the Early Valentine, and usually ready to pick thirty-five days after planting. The bods are very thick and fleshy, of finest quality, and unequaled in uniformity of ripening. One of the most profitable sorte for the gardager. able sorts for the gardener.

5e pkt., 15e pt., 25e qt., \$1.50 per peek.

Red Speckled Valentine. The old standard variety; about ten days later than our Improved Valentine. 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.25 per peek.

White Valentine. The seed being white, gives it additional value, as it can be used as a snap-sort or a winter shelled bean.

5c pkt., 15e pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 per peek.

Extra Early Refugee, or Thousand to One. Very early and productive, will stand a slight frost; one of the best string or pickling beans.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1.25 per peck.

Long Yellow, Six Weeks. Very early and productive, and a good shell bean.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1. per peck.

rly Mohawk. Very early and will stand more cold than most of the bush varieties. Early Mohawk.

5c pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1.25 per peck.

Horticultural Dwarf. Excellent quality as a shell bean, either green or dry.

5e pkt., 15c pt., 25e qt., \$1.50 per peck.

Best of All. Early and of superior quality; round, green pods. 5e pkt., 15c pt., 25e qt., \$1.25 per peck.

White Kidney or Royal Dwarf. A superior kind for baking, and is also excellent when shelled green.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 per peek.



Burpee's Bush Lima.



McCullough's Improved Round Pod Red Valentine.

White Marrowfat. ite Marrowfat. Extensively grown for sale as a dry bean for winter use; excellent shelled, either green or dry.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 per peck.

Boston Pea Bean. An excellent variety of very productive habit; for baking they excel all other sorts.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt, \$1.00 per peck.

Mexican or Prolific Tree. Grows eighteen inches high, branching like a tree, bearing its pods so high that they do not touch the ground, and are not injured by wet weather.

5c pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1.00 per peek.

Navy. The old standard sort for winter use.

5e pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1.00 per peek.

Black Turtle Soup. Used as a winter shelled bean, for which it is much esteemed. 5e pkt., 15e pt., 25e qt.

Henderson's Bush Lima. Produces enormous crops of delicious Lima Beans, which can be as easily gathered as the common garden bush beans. 5e pkt., 15e pt., 30e qt.

Burpee's Bush Lima. A true bush form of the large white Lima The bushes grow eighteen to twenty inches high, of stout growth and always erect, yet branching so vigorously that each plant develops into a magnificent circular bush from two feet to three feet in diameter. It is an immense yielder, each bush bearing from fifty to two hundred of the handsome large pods, well filled with very large beans. 5e pkt., 20e pt., 40e qt.

For Beans Sent by Mail, Add 10 Cents Per Pint and 15 Cents Per Quart. Larger Quantities Sent by Express or

· Freight at Purchaser's Expense.

BEANS, DWARF.

Yellow-Podded Wax Varieties.

Add Ten Cents per Pint and Fifteen Cents per Quart if sent by Mail.

Golden Wax. Our stocks of this desirable variety have become so well and favorably known as to warrant us in making a distinction between our stock and those usually offered, as ours are a strong-growing, distinct variety. The pods are long, brittle and entirely stringless...........5e pkt., 15e pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Currie's Rust Proof. Pods long, flat, straight and of a waxy-white color.

Beaus oblong and black. Quality excellent. 5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Vine of medium size, erect, hardy, and productive.

Pods long, broad, flat, and of a waxy yellow, brittle and stringless.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.



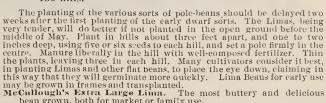
Lazy Wife Pole Beau.

BEANS.

Pole or Running.

(Stangen Bohnen, Ger.)

One quart will plant 150 hills.



bean grown, both for market or family use.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.75 peck.

Dreer's Improved Lima. A productive variety, with short, straight, broad pods. Beans smaller but thicker than the Large Lima. Quality excellent.

6c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.75 peck.

King of the Gavdeu Lima. A vigorous grower, bearing profusely, large pods varying in length from 5 to 8 inches. The beans are large and of rich flavor.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.75 peck.

Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead. This we regard as far ahead of any other green pole bean. In our trial grounds last summer, it was fit for the table on August 1, which was at least ten days earlier than any other green sort. It is enormously productive, the pods hanging is great clusters from top to bottom of pole. It is entirely stringless, and the pods are a silvery green color. The pods, though large, cook tender and melting.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Cut Short, or Corn Hill. Used for planting among corn, and considered one of the best for this section.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 peck.

White Creaseback. Best of all pole beans. It is a good grower, and very productive. Pods five to six inches long, perfectly round, with a crease in the back. The pods are stringless, very fleshy, and of superb quality.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Horticultural (Wren's Egg, or Speckled Crauberry). Productive and tender. Is an excellent corn bean.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

King Horticultural. One of the best Pole Beans. very carly.

eighty days. Is early, productive, and bears till frost.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Scarlet Runner. A beautiful ornamental climber. Bright scarlet flowers.

Dutch Case-Knife. Very productive, and one of the earliest, sometimes used as snaps, but generally shelled. A good market sort.

Lazy Wife. An excellent late green-podded pole bean. Pods of a medium dark green color, broad, thick, very fleshy, and entirely stringless. The pods remain green and tender until nearly ripe. Beaus are white and excellent schollabous for winter use.

res. The pods remain green and tender until nearly ripe. Beaus are white, and excellent as shell-beaus for winter use.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 pcck.

Golden Cluster Wax. The pods are from six to eight inches long; stringless, very tender, and of delicious flavor.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 pcck.

Golden Audalusia. The most productive of all the pole varieties; beaus pure white, round; makes an excellent dry beau for winter use.

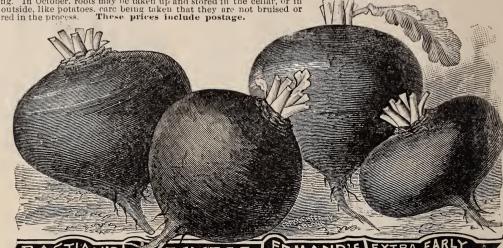
5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$1.50 pcck.



BEET. (Rothe Rube, Ger.)

One Ounce Will Sow Fifty Feet of Drill. Five to Six Pounds for an Acre.

The soil which is best suited is that which is rather light and thoroughly enriched with manure. For an early supply, sow in spring as soon as the ground becomes fit to work, in drills about one foot apart and two inches deep. For main crop, sow the first week in May, and for winter use sow in June. When the plants have attained three or four leaves, thin out so they may stand five or six inches apart. Keep free from weeds by hand-weeding or hoeing. In October, roots may be taken up and stored in the cellar, or in pits outside, like potatoes, care being taken that they are not bruised or injured in the process. These prices include postage.



McCullough's "Norwood" Turnip. One of the most uniform of all Beets, with very small tops of bronzy red. The bulbs are handsome and round, very smooth, and of good marketable size. 'Skin deep blood-red, the flesh dark red.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 25c 1/4 lb., 65c lb.

Eclipse. One of the best early sorts. The roots are a bright glossy red, fine-grained and delicious.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Lentz's Early Blood Turnip. It is fully as early as the Egyptian, but larger and of better quality, of fine, dark red color, tender and sweet.

5e pkt, 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 50e lb.

Extra Early Flat Egyptian. A standard sort, earlier than the Blood Turnip. Large size, crimson color, small tops.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 60c lb.

Bastian's Early Blood Turnip. Extra carly, of quick, large growth; flesh tender.......5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 50c lb.



ōe pk; 10e oz; 20e ⅓ lb; 50e lb

Passano. (The Table Sugar Beet.) Very early, tender and sweet, rose color; grows to a good size.

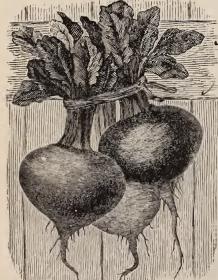
5e pk; 10e oz; 25e 1/4 lb: 60e lb.

Long Dark Blood. An old standard variety, and a splendid keeper.

5c pk; 10c oz; 20c 1/4 lb; 50c lb.

wiss Chard, or Spinach Beet. Cultivated for its leaves.

epk; 10e oz; 20e 1/4 lb; 50e lb.



Crosby's Beet.

SUGAR BEET.

Sugar Beets are not as heavy yielders as the Mangels, but are of superior quality, containing a large amount of saccharine matter; thousands of acres are planted with Sugar Beets for manufacturing sugar. They are excellent for feeding cows, improving wonderfully the quantity and also quality of the milk.



McCullough's Norwood Beet.

The Above Prices Include Postage. If Sent By Express Deduct 10 Cents Per Pound.

MANGEL. WURZEL.

Five to Six Pounds of Seed Required Per Acre.



The importance and value of this crop for stock feeding can not be over-estimated. The results from their use are wonderful, as is clearly shown in the improved health and condition of animals, the increased yield of milk in cows, and the great saving of hay. They can be raised at a very trifling cost, and yield immense crops per acre, if the soil is rich—you can hardly get it too rich—they make a heavy growth, and the rows should be at least two feet apart, and if large quantities are grown it is best to have the rows wide enough apart to use a horse in cultivation.

Yellow Globe. Of large size and globular form; very productive, keeps better than the Long Red, and is better adapted for growing in shallow soil................................. 10e oz., 15e ½ lb., 40e lb. Golden Tankard. Bright Yellow, large, handsome, heavy eropper, splendid quality

10c oz., 15e 1/4 lb., 40c lb.

BROCCOLI. (Spargle Kohl, Ger.)

Sow thinly in seed beds about the middle of spring, and transplant and cultivate the same as Cabbage. Produces heads very nearly like Cauliflower, but more hardy.

Early Large White. Heads medium size, close, compact. One of the most certain to head.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. (Sprossen Kohl, Ger.)

This is one of the most delicious of all vegetables, of easy growth. Produces on the stem small heads resembling miniature cabbages. The sprouts are used as greens, and become very tender when touched by frost. Sow in May and manage as winter cabbage. In the fall the leaves should be broken down so that the little cabbages will have more room to grow.

CABBAGE. (Weisskopf Kohl, Ger.)

One ounce will produce 1,500 plants. Quantity to transplant one acre, one-half lb.

One ounce will produce 1,500 plants. Quantity to transplant one acre, one-half lb.

The carly varieties of Cabbage are cultivated more extensively than any other vegetable. In latitudes where the thermometer never indicates 20 below the freezing point, seed may be sown in the open border in October, and planted out on the first opening of spring; but in the Northern States they must either be sown in hot-beds in February, or, what is still better, wintered over inleold-frames; for this purpose, the seed is sown from the 10th to the 20th of September. Attention to date is important; if too soon the plants might run to seed, and if too late they would be too small. In four or five weeks from the time of sowing they will be fit to transplant into the cold-frames. In planting, it is very important with Cabbage or Cauliflower, that the plant is set down to the first leaf, so that the stem is all under ground, for, if exposed, it will be split by the action of the fost, and will be injured in consequence. The plants are usually set out from the middle of March to the middle of April, and planted out in May. The crop should mature in July and August. The late varieties are usually sown in the early part of May, at a distance of three feet between the rows, and two feet between the plants. This crop matures September. October, or November. Cabbage should not follow cabbage successively. The late plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage fly, which destroys them as fast as they appear above ground. To preserve the plants are subject to attacks of the cabbage like plants, sprinkle them with wood ashes, air-slacked lime, plaster, slug shot, or tobacco dust early in the morning while the plants are wet with dew.

Our Seed is grown from selected heads, and saved from center shoots.

Our Seed is grown from selected heads, and saved from center shoots.

Etampes. One of the earliest cabbages in cultivation, having solid, eompact heads of conical form, and of a yellowish green color.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60e 1/4 lb.

Early Winnigstadt. A solid and tender variety; good for either early or late. Desirable for private gardens.

5c pkt., 20e oz., 50c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

Early Jersey Wakefield (Select Stock). An improved strain of this celebrated Cabbage. Heads remarkably hard and solid; pyramidal in shape, generally pointed at the end, and having few outside leaves;

Charleston Wakefield. An extra selected sort: will average about fifty per cent. larger in size than the old type of Wakefield, and is only a few days later......5e pkt., 20c oz., 60e 1/4 lb.

Improved Early Summer. A second early with large solid flattish heads, coming in a few days later than the Wakefield; a sure header. 5e pkt., 20e oz., 60e 1/4 lb.

All Head, Early. The largest heading of the second early sorts, of excellent quality. The deep flat heads are remarkably solid, and very uniform in size, of a very compact growth, having few outer leaves.

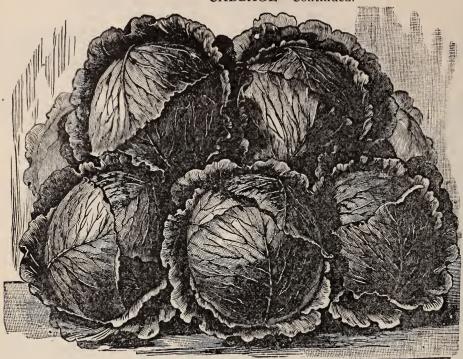
5e pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb.



Charleston Wakefield.

or fall use......

CABBAGE—Continued.



McCullough's Early Louisville.

McCullough's Early Louisville.

Conginated in this market and is now the principal market variety all through this part of the country. It is highly esteemed by the market gardeners, and is said to stand hot weather better than other sorts; will stand the entire summer without bursting. Our Louisville forms large, solid heads, and is the earliest large-heading variety; while, if planted later, it makes excellent heads for winter. The quality is very fine and it is remarkable for its certainty to head. For winter use sow later in theseason. We have received expressions of unanimous praise from all parts of the country, and could fill many pages of our catalogue with testimonials.....5e pkt., 25e oz., 75c ½ lb.

The Genuine Louisville can only be obtained from J. M. McCullough's Sons.

Late or Winter Varieties.

McCullough's Premium Flat Dutch. As a variety for winter market, this has no superior. Heads large, round, solid, broad and flat on top. They open white and erisp, are tender and well-flavored. One of the best varieties for keeping. Our stock has been carefully selected for several years, and we are confident that no better strain is on the market.

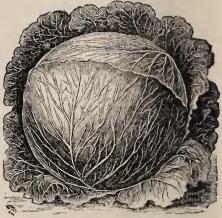
5c pkt., 20e oz., 50c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

Autumn King. One of the finest strains of late Cabbage. It produces regular, even heads of enormous size, and can be relied upon to produce a greater weight of crop from the same space of ground than most of the late sorts, from the fact of its producing so few outer leaves.

5c pkt., 20e oz., 50c 1/4 lb., \$1.75 lb.

Large Late Drumhead. Extra stock. Is the "sauerkraut" Cabbage of the Germans. Grows to a large size, the flat, solid heads often weighing fifteen to twenty pounds. A sure header, good keeper and shipper.

5c pkt. 20c oz., 50c ¼ lb., \$1.50 lb.

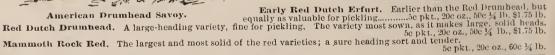


McCullough's Premium Flat Dutch.

Savoy Cabbage.

They are particularly adapted to private use, where quality rather than quantity is desired. Grown in fall, and allowed to be touched by frost, it is one of the most delicious of all vegetables.

American Drumbead Savoy. Heads large and very finely eurled; short stalk, and compact grower; an excellent keeper. Far superior to the ordinary imported Drumbead Savoy, seed of which we could supply at half the price......5e pkt., 20e oz., 50e ½, lb., \$1.50 lb, Green Curled Savoy. Heads large, very solid and compact, of a a yellowish-green color, and, like all others of the Savoy varieties, is of excellent flavor...



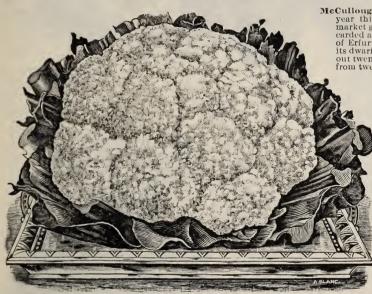
We pay postage on Flower and Garden Seeds except where noted. Farm Seeds are sent by Express or Freight at purchaser's expense.

CAULIFLOWER. (Blumenkohl, Ger.)

One Ounce of Seed for 1000 Plants.

Sow for early use about the middle of September or October, in a bed of clean, rich earth. Transplant in frames and cover with sashes and shutters during severe weather, giving them light and air every mild day. When this is not practicable, they may be had nearly as well by sowing the seed in a hot-bed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough transplant three inches apart in boxes, or in other hot-bed, until time to plant out. If hardened off, they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, 21/2 feet apart each way. Keep them well hoed, and bring the earth gradually up to their stems, watering freely in dry weather, and especially when they begin to head. The Cauliflower succeeds best when planted in frames at the close of winter, and brought to maturity before the summer heat sets in. The late varieties mature in the autumn, and are sown and managed similar to winter Cabbage.

Special Prices given to Market Gardeners and others who use large quantities of Seed,



McCullough's Earliest Dwarf Erfurt Cauliflower

McCullough's Earliest Dwarf Erfurt. Year after year this has become more popular, until leading market gardeners now grow it entirely, having discarded all the older varieties, as they find our strains of Erfurt to be the surest-heading. On account of its dwarf and compact habit, the plants may be set out twenty to twenty-two inches each way, so that from twelve to fourteen thousand can be planted on

to fourteen thousand can be planted on an acre. For pickling, it is the standard variety. The compact and solid texture of the snow-white heads, combined with delicious flavor, surpass all others. 25c pkt., \$1.00 \fomega oz.

Henderson's Early Snow Ball. (True.) An extremely early dwarf variety, producing magnificent white heads, of fine quality. Well adapted to hot-bed culture.

20c pkt., 90c 1/2 oz., \$3,00 oz.

warf Erfurt. This is a very fine strain, producing large, white, firm heads, very close, and of excellent quality. It is extra early, and always certain to head; is equally good for early and late planting. Our market garden-Dwarf Erfurt. and late planting. Our market gardeners are highly pleased with it.

10c pkt., 60c ½ oz., \$2.00 oz.

Large Early Erfurt. This is a vigorous growing variety, with large, white, firm heads. One of the best sorts for a firm heads. second or late crop.
10c pkt., 25c 1/4 oz., 75c oz.

arly Paris. Heads large, white, compact and solid; tender and delicious; leaves large, stalks short. Early Paris.

5c pkt., 20c 1/4 oz., 60c oz.

Lenormand's Short Stem. A large, late, short-stemmed variety, with well-formed white heads, of extra quality. 5c pkt., 20c 1/4 oz., 60c oz.



AII Seeds should be Pressed Firmly into the Soil.

Veitch's Autumn Giant. One of the finest late varieties, of robust habit, heads large, compact, and thoroughly protected by the leaves......5c pkt., 20c 1/4 oz., 50c oz.

CHICORY.

Large Rooted. Used to mix with, or as a substitute for, Coffee. Cultivation the same as for Carrots....5c pkt., 10c oz.

COLLARDS. (Blatter Kohl, Ger.)

A species of Cabbage very popular in the Southern States. Cultivate in the same manner as Cabbage.

Georgia Grown......5c pkt., 10c oz., 30c 1/4 lb.

CRESS.

Sow thickly in shallow drills, early in the spring, and at intervals throughout the season, for a succession, as it soon runs to seed. Water Cress requires a stream of running water, ditch, or pond, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping weeds from interfering with it.

Extra Curled, or Peppergrass. Fine flavor, and the best

Erfurt Water Cress. A most desirable and appetizing salad, thriving best in shallow water, on the edges of streams.

5c pkt., 35c oz.

CORN SALAD, OR FETTICUS.

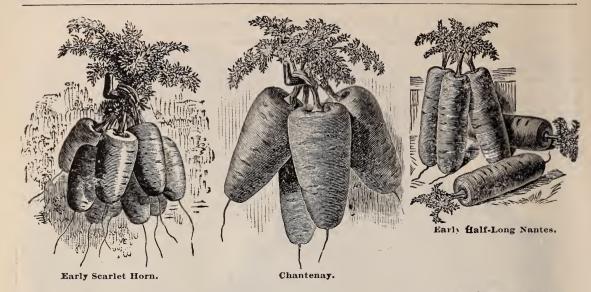
(Ackersalat, Ger.)

One Ounce will Sow 20 Square Feet. Six Pounds for an Acre.

Used as a salad throughout the winter and spring, and extensively grown for market. Sow in spring, in drills one foot apart: it will mature in six to eight weeks. For winter and early spring use, sow in drills in August and September. Cover with straw on the approach of winter, the same as

Large Seeded......5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Seeds and Plants are now taken by leading Express Companies at a reduction of 20 per cent. from the regular rates for merchandise.



CARROT. (Mohre, Ger.)

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Four pounds for one acre.

A light, sandy loam, well-tilled and manured the previous year, best suits the Carrot. For early crop, sow as early as the ground can be worked, in drills ten inches apart, and thin five inches in the rows. The French Horn, owing to its extreme earliness, is used for hort-bed culture. The late sorts, long and half-long varieties (main crop), sow from middle of May until first of July, in drills twelve to fourteen inches apart. Thin out to six and seven inches in a row. Keep the hoe at work. As Carrot seed is slow to germinate, all precautions must be taken.

French Forcing. The earliest variety. It makes a small, almost globe-shaped root, of an orange red color.........5c pkt., 10c oz., 30c 1/4 lb., \$1.00 lb.

McCullough's Intermediate. The roots grow very regular and smooth; they are of good size, being from ten to twelve inches in length, and two to three inches in diameter at the top. Productive, rich color, sweet and tender flesh. Excellent variety for either field or garden.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 70c lb.

FIELD VARIETIES FOR STOCK.

These are undoubtedly the most valuable of all the roots usually grown for stock. They are more nutritious than Turnips and nearly all animals like them and are benefited by them. The seed may be sown at any time in April until the end of May.

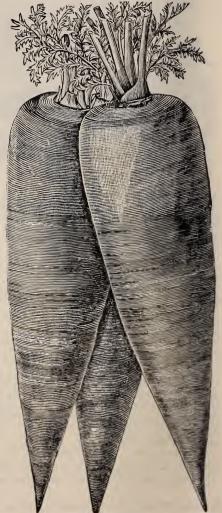
Improved Giant Short White. This is the heaviest cropping Carrot grown, yielding more tons to the acre than any other sort. The flesh is white, solid, crisp and very sweet, the roots are short and very heavy at the shoulder which allows them to be harvested very easily. They do not break easily in pulling or storing, owing to their solidity and shape. One of the most profitable Carrots; cattle and horses like it.

5e pkt., 10e oz., 15e 1/4 lb., 50e lb. Improved Long Orange. A standard late variety, handsome and uniform in shape; deep orange color, good flavor, yields heavily. It is of excellent table quality, and is highly nutritious for stock.

5e pkt., 10e oz., 15e 1/4 lb., 50e lb. Large White Belgian. The lower part of the root is white; that growing and exposed above ground, green. It is exclusively grown for stock.

10c oz., 15c ½ lb., 50c lb.

Above Prices Include Postage. If Wanted by Express, Deduct Ten Cents Per Pound.



Intermediate.

CELERY. (Sellerie, Ger.)

One Ounce will produce about 2,500 plants.

To grow early Celery, sow the seed late in March in a hot-bed or box, a later crops, in the open ground, as soon as the weather becomes warm, cover lightly, or, better still, roll or press it in. Shade the young plants for a week or ten days, and do not let the soil dry out. The tops may be shorn off once or twice before planting, so as to insure stocky "plants, which will suffer less on being transplanted. When from four to six inches high, transplant into broad, shallow trenches, or on the level ground, setting the dwarf sorts into rows three feet apart, and the fall varieties four feet apart, and six inches apart in the rows. The soil should be light, highly manured, partially shaded and moist, or near water, as the plants must be freely watered in dry weather, but it should not be put directly on them. Earthing up checks growth, and should not begin until quite well grown, then earth up gradually, keeping the leaf stocks close together, so that the soil may not fall into the center of the plant, but never earth up in wet weather, nor when dew is on them. That intended for winter and spring use needs little banking; when stored for winter it will naturally bleach beautifully white.

McCullough's Paris Golden Yellow. The best Celery for early use. Its rich, golden, yellow color, close habit and compact growth, and greater than all, the readiness with which it is bleached and rendered marketable, makes it invaluable to the gardener and exceedingly popular with every planter. The entire stock is solid and crisp.

Golden Self-Blanching. A hearly, beautiful, and in every way desirable sort requiring but little labor to blunch. The heart is a rich golden To grow early Celery, sow the seed late in March in a hot-bed or box, and for



up to blanch it. 5e pkt, 20e oz., 60e 1/4 lb.



Paris Golden Yellow.

Evans' Triumph. The best late Celery. A strong and vigorous grower, with very large





CELERIAC, TURNIP ROOTED CELERY.

Sow early in spring. Transplant in May into rich, mel-

smooth5e pkt., 15c oz.



Large Erfurt.



Apple-Shaped.

CORN-Sweet or Sugar.

One Quart will Plant 200 Hills. Eight to Ten Quarts for an Acre in Hills.



- ams' Early. This is not a Sweet Corn, but is a tender white Corn for the table. It can be planted earlier than any Sweet Corn, and will be ready in sixty days.

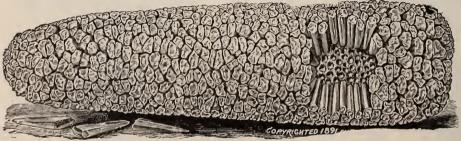
 5e pkt., 10e pt., 20e qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Cory. The earliest Sweet Corn. The stalks are dwarf, but strong and hardy; generally two good ears to the stalk. 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Early Minnesota. Very early, and desirable alike in the market or family garden. Ears of fair size and good quality. 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Moore's Early Concord. Ears large and well filled; early and unsurpassed for richness and delicacy of flavor.

 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Shaker's Early. Of larger size than usual for the early kinds. It is remarkable for fine flavor, sweetness and earliness, and is a desirable gardener's and canning variety. 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Gold Coin. Yields two, and frequently three, mammoth ears to the stalk. The cob is snowy white, compactly covered with large, deep grains....5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.

- io Monarch. A cross between the well-known "Mammoth" and Stowell's Evergreen; it resembles the former in size of ear, but is fully twelve days earlier; like the Evergreen, it has a deep grain, and the advantage of remaining a long time in the green state, but far supersedes that standard variety in productiveness. The ears will average eight inches in length; the kernels are exceptionally tender and sugary......5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 pcck. Ohio Monarch.
- Perry's Hybrid. An early twelve-rowed variety, growing only four or five feet high. Kernels white, large, sweet and very tender5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- untry Gentleman. Will delight the most fastidious epi-cure, retaining its delicate tenderness and flavor even when a little old. The ears are not only of good size, but are pro-duced in great abundance, averaging three good ears to the stalk. The cob is very small, giving great depth to the kernels, but the great merit is its delicious quality. Country Gentleman. 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.
- Zig-Zag Evergreen. It is very sweet and tender, remaining in the green state a long time.

 5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.

mmoth Sugar. A late variety, producing ears of very large size and fine flavor. It is unusually productive.
5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck. Mammoth Sugar.



"Country Gentleman."

Sweet Fodder Corn.

For soiling and green fodder. Sow 3 bushels to the acre, broadcast, or 1½ bushel in drills. 50c per peck, \$1.50 per bushel.

Field Corn and Popcorn.

(For list of varieties, see Farm Seeds, page 28.)

Special prices given to Market Gardeners and others who use Corn in large quantities.

Jersey Pickle.

medium size, it is good for pickling purposes.

London, or Long Green. A standard late sort, crisp and tender, very prolific, excellent for the table, and makes a hard, brittle pickle.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Nichols' Medium Green. One of the best for pickling, and excellent for foreing or slicing. Always straight and smooth. In length it is between White Spine and Long Green.5c pkt., 10c oz., 20 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

ergreen. It is very early, and the cucumbers retain their beautiful green color longer than any other sort. One of the best varieties for slicing, as it is crisp and of good quality; and as it produces fruit of

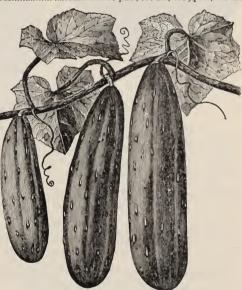
CUCUMBERS. (Gurken, Ger.)

One onnce of seed for fifty hills. Two pounds for an acre.

For early use sow in hot-houses on small sods over-turned, or in small pots plunged in earth. As soon as danger from frost is over transplant with sod, so as not to disturb the plants, into hills in the open ground. For general crop sow from about the first to in the open ground. For general crop sow from about the first to the middle of May in rich, mellow, warm soil. Use a shovelind of well-rotted manner in each hill, and cover it two inches deep with well-rotted manner in each fill, and cover it two litches deep with fine earth. On this sow the seed, about eight or ten seeds to a hill; cover one-half inch with earth and press down. When danger from bugs is past, thin out to four plants to a hill. For pickles, plant from June to middle of July. Always pick the fruit when ready, even if not needed, otherwise the productiveness of the vine is destroyed.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Improved White Spine. The favorite market variety, largely used for forcing, and extensively grown South for shipping North early in the season. The fruit grows from seven to ten inches long, is quite smooth, of a deep green color, and full at inches long, is quite smooth, of a deep green color, and full at both ends.......be pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ 1b., 60c lb.



Long Green.

Jersey Pickle. As a pickling variety, is unsurpassed. Its characteristics are, its uniform growth and its immense productiveness.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 60c lb. Green Prolific. One of the best pickling vari-

eties; dark green, tender, crisp, very productive; good for table use. 5e pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

5e pkt., 10e oz., 25e 1/4 lb.

Cool and Crisp. The earliest and most prolific of all pickling cucumbers, and is certain to become a standard sort. While primarily a pickling variety, it is also most usefulfor slicing, the cucumbers, when fully matured, being of good size, and exceedingly tender and crisp........bc pkt., 10c oz., 25c ½ 1b. Early Frame. A good variety for pickling and table. Of medium size. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Gherkin. A very small, prickly variety, used exclusively for pickling, for which purpose they should be gathered while young and tender. 5e pk., 15c oz., 30c 1/4 lb.

English Forcing Cucumber.

The best for forcing, attaining a length of twenty to thirty inches. They can be grown in hot-beds, where the temperature does not fall below 65° at night.

Duke of Edinburgh.

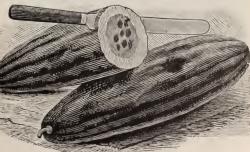
Very large and long, dull green, quite smooth.....25e pkt.

Evergreen Cucumber.

Telegraph. Free bearing, long and extensively grown.

. 25 cents pkt.

The packets of English Varieties contain ten Seeds each. Seeds and Plants are now taken by leading Express Companies at a reduction of 20 per cent, from regular rates of merchandise.



Cool and Crisp.



New York Improved.

EGG PLANT. (Eierpflanze, Ger.)

One Ounce will Produce About 1,000 Plants.

This is a very tender plant, and the seed requires the strongest heat to vegetate. Sow in a hot-bed very early in the spring, and when the plants are "two or three inches high, transplant, so as to get stocky and well-rooted plants. Do not plant out until the weather becomes settled and warm. Give them a deep, rich soil, and full exposure to the sun. When they first germinate they are very sensitive to damp and to being chilled, and the amateur often fails to raise them, even with his own hot-bed. To obviate this we will have a supply of strong potted plants from the middle of May to the first of July.

Long Purple. Very early. Good for general culture ... 5c pkt., 20c oz., 75c 1/4 lb., \$2.50 lb.

ENDIVE. (Endivien, Ger.)

One Ounce of Seed to 150 Feet of Row.

One of the best and most wholesome salads for fall and winter use. Sow in shallow drills in April for early use, or for late use in June or July. When two or three inches high transplant into good ground, or thin out to one foot apart. When nearly full grown, they must be blanched. This is done by gathering the leaves together, and tying with yarn or bass, to exclude the light and air from the inner leaves, which must be done when quite dry, or they will rot

Moss Curled. It is excellent for winter use.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 50c 1/4 lb., \$1.75 lb. Green Curled. Very hardy,

crisp and tender.
5c pkt., 15c oz ,50c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

Broad Leaved Batavian. Leaves broad, light green, nearly plain, used in stews and soups......5c pkt., 15c oz., 50c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

HORSE RADISH.

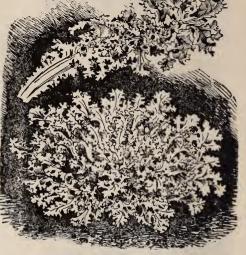
The best Horse Radish is produced from small pieces of roots four or five inches in length. These small roots will produce good Radish fit for use in one season's growth. Plant the set small end down, where the slanting cut is, so that the top will be two inches under the soil. The soil should be very rich and well cultivated. It is hardy and may be left in the ground until spring before digging. By mail, 25e dozen; \$1.00 per hundred. By express (not paid), 15c dozen; 75e per hundred.

KOHL-RABI. (Turnip-Rooted Cabbage).

One Ounce of Seed for 1,500 Plants.

For an early crop, start in a hot-bed and treat the same as early Cabbage. For winter use, sow the middle of June. The stems just above the ground swells into a bulb, resembling a Turnip.

Early White Vienna. The flesh is white and tender.
5c pkt., 20c oz., 70c 1/4 lb., \$2.25 lb. Early Purple Vienna. Differs from the above in color. 5c pat., 20c oz., 70c 1/4 lb.. \$2.25 lb.



Green Curled Endive.

Norwood Kale.

Dwarf Curled German. Leaves yellowish-green, finely curled. Sow in September for winter and early spring use.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Dwarf Purple Scotch. Foliage of a deep purplish color, finely fringed and deeply curled, a very pretty decorative plant. 5e pkt., 10e oz., 25e 1/4 lb., 75e lb.

KALE OR BORECOLE. (Blaetter-Kohl, Ger.)

One Ounce to 100 Yards of Drill.

The Kalcs are more hardy than Cabbage, and make excellent greens for winter and spring use, and are improved by frost. Sow from May to June, and cultivate the same as Cabbage. For early spring use, sow in September, and protect during the winter.

Norwood Dwarf Curled. A beautiful curled and crimped sort, of strong, vigorous habit, attractive appearance and a bright green color. It is superior to all other sorts, and is, undoubtedly, the best for private gardens. It rarely exceeds twelve inches in height, but spreading out under good cultivation to two feet in diameter. It will stand out where the temperature does not fall below zero.

5c pkt., 10c oz , 25c 1/4 lb., 75c lb.



Dwarf Curled German Kale.

LETTUCE. (Lattich oder Garten Salat, Ger.)

One Ounce will Sow 150 Feet of Drill.

Lettuce thrives best in rich, moist ground. For the principal early crop, sow the seed in September in the open ground; transplant, when large enough, into cold-frames, and protect the plants during the winter in the same manner as early Cabbage; set the plants out early in April, orsow the seed in hot-beds in February or March, and transplant into a sheltering border with a southern exposure. For successive crops, sewing may be made in the open ground as early as the spring opens, and continuing until July. Always thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. When wanted as a cut salad, sow the seed thickly in rows or broadcast.



McCullough's Nonpariel.

Head Varieties.

McCullough's Selected Nonpariel. The finest market leCullough's Selected Nonpariel. The mest market variety to be found. Its beautifut yellowish-green color, crimped, curled, and well-formed heads, tender quality and sweet flavor, place it at the head of the list for the market gardener or for family use. It withstands the heat of summer and retains its sweetness for a longer time than any other variety we know.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c 1/4 lb., \$1.00 lb.

Big Boston. Resembles the popular Boston Market, but is nearly twice as large; desirable for forcing in frames and for spring and fall outdoor planting.
5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb.

coston Market. This is an improved variety of the Tennis Ball, and attains a large size. It grows very compact, is white and crisp, and is one of the very best Boston Market. varieties for forcing.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 35c ¼ lb., \$1.00 lb.

rown Dutch. A dark, brown-spotted variety, remarkable for its hardiness. The inner leaves are beautifully blanched, and Brown Dutch. yery sweet and tender.

5e pkt., 15e oz., 35e 1/4 lb., \$1.00 lb.

Deflance Summer. A large-growing cabbage lettuce, unexcelled as a long-standing sort. The leaves are of light green
color, and it remains for a long season tender and crisp.
5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c ½ lb., \$1.00 lb.
Denver Market. This Lettuce is highly recommended, either
for forcing or open ground; forms large solid heads of a
light green color; is slow to seed. The leaves are curled
and crimped, very crisp, and tender. and crimped, very crisp and tender.

Salamander.

Silver Ball. This is one of the best all-the-year-round Lettince. It is an excellent variety, as well for early spring and summer use as for winter forcing. The heads are silvery white, very firm and compact......5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c ½ lb., \$1.01 lb.

Tennis Ball, Black Seeded. A favorite forcing variety, forming a large head. It makes but few outer leaves, and for this reason can be planted quite closely under glass.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 35c ½ lb., \$1.00 lb.

Tennis Ball, White Seeded. The sort so extensively grown for forcing and heading under glass; good size, firm heads, and very white and crisp. 5c pkt., 15c oz., 35c ½ lb., \$1.00 lb.

Yellow-Seeded Butter. A distinct sort, making a compact yellow head, of excellent flavor, withstands heat well and remains crisp and tender. 5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c ½ lb., \$1.00 lb.

Curled Varieties.

Black Seeded Simpson. One of the most popular sort. It forms 'arge, loose leaves of ideal color; the leaves are large, thin, very tender, and of very good quality. It is one of the best sorts for use under glass as well as for early outdoor planting. Our seed of this has been most carefully selected, and we sell large quantities to market gardeners.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c ½ lb., \$1.00 lb.

rly Curled Simpson. Does not head, but forms a close, compact
mass of leaves; very early, excellent for forcing. Early Curled Simpson.

stalks, and can be eaten in the same manner.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 40c ¼ lb., \$1.25 lo.



LEEK. (Lauch, Ger.)

Sow early in April, in drills one foot apart, and one inch deep. When the plants are six to eight inches high, transplant in a deep rich soil in rows twelve inches apart and six inches in the rows, as deep as possible, so that the neck may be covered and blanched. Draw the earth to them as they grow. The seed may also be sown in August or September, and the young plants transplanted in the spring.

Large American Flag. This is by far the best variety. It grows to a good size and is wonderfully uniform. This is preferred by our most critical market gardeners, and we can recommend it to all.....5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb. London Flag. An old and popular sort; one of the hardiest and best for winter use.....5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c 1/4 lb., \$1.25 lb. Large Musselburgh. Of enormous size, leaves large and broad, very mild, pleasant flavor...5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

MELON-Musk. (Zucker Melone, Ger)

One Ounce Will Plant About Sixty Hills. Two to Three Pounds in Hills Per Acre.

In selecting a patch for Melons, be careful to have it at a safe distance from your Squashes, Cucumbers, Pumpkins, etc., or they will certainly mix. In preparing the hills, fork in plenty of manure, and about the middle of May, when the ground is warm, plant in each hill eight or ten seeds, and cover half an inch deep. After the danger from bugs is over, pull all but three or four of the strongest plants. As soon as the vines have run sufficiently and spread their branches, stop them by pinching the top off the first running bud. This will strengthen the plants, and promote their perfecting fruit early. The ground should be kept free from weeds and frequently cultivated



Kinsman Queen.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Kinsman Queen. Is the result of a cross between the "Emer-

me. Fruit medium size, oval, slightly pointed at stem end, slightly ribbed, covered when ripe with coarse netting. Flesh thick, green, very fine flavored and sweet.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 65c lb.

Bay View. One of the largest Musk Melons in cultivation. Very prolific; flesh green and sweet.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Casaba. Oval shape, sweet and delicious.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Green Citron. Medium size, deeply netted, nearly round, of delicious

Extra Early Hackensack. A careful selection from the Hackensack, and with fruit much like the parent in shape and quality of the flesh, but ready for market ten days earlier...5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 65c lb.

Hackensack. One of the best, of large size and attractive appearance; very productive, and excellent flavor...5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Improved Green Nutmeg.

proved Green Nutmeg. A large melon, nearly round, deeply ribbed, flesh remarkably thick; light green; of delicious flavor.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Extra Early Hackensack

Melrose. One of the best Melons for the home and market. thick, solid, and of light green color....5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

> Montreal Market. Largest of the nutmeg varieties; uniform in shape; netted; flesh green; fine quality...5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

> Osage or Improved Miller's Cream. Medium sized, dark green in color. Flesh deep salmon color, very thick and of splendid flavor. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

> Princess. Is quite large, dark green skin, heavily netted, small seed cavity; flesh thick, of a rich orange color, very sweet, and of a delicious flavor.....5e pkt., 10e oz., 20e 14 lb., 60e lb.



A variety extensively grown in Colorado, and shipped to various Eastern points. The reason for the wide-spread popularity of these melons is two-fold. First, its superb table qualities, being firm, sweet and remarkably solid. Second, its wonderful shipping qualities, which enable it to be carried great distances, and yet arrive in first-class condition for market. The fruit is of medium size, oval shaped, heavily netted and very solid. The flesh is green, thick and juicy. It is very early and wonderfully productive.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 40c 1/4 lb., \$1.25 lb.



MELON-Water. (Wasser Melon, Ger.)

One Ounce for 30 Hills. 4 to 5 Pounds in Hills for an Acre.



In order to raise Water Melons, a rich, sandy soil or a sandy loam, is required. Prepare, plant, and manage it the same as Musk Melons, only have the hills a greater distance apart—say seven to eight feet each way. If large Melons are desired it is well to pinch off all but two or three from each vine.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

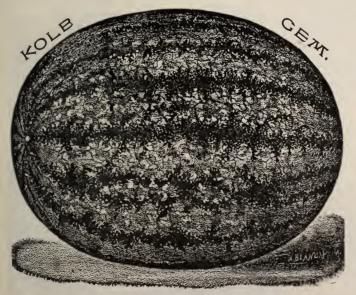
Black Spanish. Fruit medium size, almost round; skin, dark green; flesh red, sweet and delicious. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ 1b., 60c lb.

Boss. Color dark green, flesh unnsually deep searlet; rind very hard, but thin; quality of the best. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ 1b., 60c lb.

Cuban Queen. One of the largest varieties, ripening to the very centre, heavy cropper, flesh bright red tender and melting, luscious crisp, and very

with darker green. Flesh light red, very sweet and tender. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.





We pay postage on Vegetable and Flower Seeds except where noted. at purchaser's expense.

thin but firm, flesh bright red, firm, solid but very tender, melting and sweet.

So pkt, 10e oz., 20e ½ lb., 60e lb.

Wonderful. Without a single exception, this is the sweetest Water Melon of all. The Mellons attain a great weight, are of very handsome appearance, never crack or lose their fine flavor in the wettest season. It is a very productive and hardy variety and one that will take the lead wherever known.

5c pkt, 10c oz., 20e ½ lb., 75e lb.

Colorado Preserving Citron. This variety combines all the best characteristics of a Preserving Melon, and often attains a weight of 20 pounds; flesh white and very firm.

5c pkt, 10e oz., 20e ½ lb., 60e lb.

Farm Seeds are sent by express or freight

MUSHROOM. (Champignon-Brut. Ger.)

If Ordered by Mail, add Eight Cents Per Pound for Postage. One Pound will Spawn About Ten Square Feet.



One Pound will Spawn About Ten Square Feet. If Ordered by Mail, add Eight Cents Per Pound for Postage.

To cultivate mushrooms successfully does not always require extensive experience. Some care is necessary, however, in the selection of the material, and in forming the beds; but the matter of securing and maintaining the proper temperature in the room and in the beds needs close attention, for success depends very much upon this point. Mushrooms may be grown in a great variety of situations—a dark room, cellar, stable or elsewhere. Any place in which an even temperature of about 50° to 60° can be kept, is suitable. For material for the bed, use fresh horse-manure, free from straw or chips, and good loamy soil. Some growers use the manure unmixed with loam, after first having well fermented it by alternately piling up and mixing for a few weeks; but it is undoubtedly better not to allow the manure to heat much before forming the bed. Use one-fourth to one-third loam; the rest manure. Mix very thoroughly; and, upon a dry, firm bottom, make the bed of this mixture, about four feet wide, and of any desired length. Build it up evenly, pressing it down very firmly, and leave it about a foot high. It will shortly begin to heat. Use a thermometer to thrust into the bed, and note the temperature. When the heat has partially subsided, leaving a temperature of 80°, put in the spawn. Pieces from the size of walnuts to that of eggs are placed in the bed about a foot apart, deep enough to cover them well, and the manure pressed down. Let it remain thus ten or twelve davs; then cover with two inches of fresh loam, and make this moderately firm. The bed is finished by covering all with four or five inches of straw or other litter. Watering is not necessary, unless the surface of the bed gets very dry; in this event, moisten freely with water at a temperature of about 90°. In gathering the erop, do not cut, but tivist them of carefully filling up the holes with loam to keep insects from the roots. In six or eight weeks from s

MARTYNIA. (Temfenhorn, Ger.)

The seed pods are used for pickling, when gathered young and tender. Sow in the open ground in May, in hills three feet apart each way, or in a hot-bed, and afterwards transplant.

Martynia Proboscidea......5c pkt., 25c oz.

NASTURTIUMS.

Four Ounces of Seed to One Hundred Yards of Row.

Cultivated both for use and ornament. The seed pods, which resemble capers, are gathered while green and tenderfor pickling, and the leaves are used for mixing with salads. Sow early in the spring, in drills about one inch deep, in light rich soil; when all danger of frost is over, train the Tall on brushtrellises or fences, and grow the dwarf in beds.

Tall Mixed......5c pkt., 10c oz., 30c 1/4 lb., \$1.6) lb. Dwarf Mixed5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c 1/4 lb., \$1.20 lb.

OKRA, OR GUMBO. (Ocker, Ger.)

This vegatable is grown extensively in the Southern States. Its long pods, when young, are used in soups, stews, etc., and are believed to be very nutritious. It is of the earliest culture, and grows freely, bearing abundantly in any garden soil. It is sown at the usual time of all tender vegetables, in drills two inches deep, setting the plants from two or three feet apart.

White Velvet. The pods are round and smooth, and are much larger than those of any other Okra, are never prickly to the touch, and are produced in the greatest abundance.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 25c 1/4 lb.

ONIONS. (Zwiebel, Ger.)

One Ounce for 100 Feet of Drill. Six Pounds for One Acre.

For sets, sow the seeds as early as possible in the spring, For sets, sow the seeds as early as possible in the spring, very thickly, in drills. As soon as the tops die off in summer, remove them to a dry, airy place; and early in the following spring re-plant by placing the sets in shallow drills twelve inches apart, and about four inches apart in the drills; the onions, by this process, are obtained of a large size early in the season. They may also be grown to full size during the first season by sowing thinly in drills one foot apart, and about ¼ inch deep, in March or early in April, in strong land, well manured, and thinning them out to stand three or four inches apart in the drills. They delight in a strong, rich, deep, loamy soil, and succeed well if grown successive years on the same ground.

By sowing Onion Seed in frames in February or March, and transplanting in April, onions of immense size can be obtained. For this purpose the varieties Southport Globe white, yellow or red) and Prizetaker are usually preferred.

MUSTARD. (Senf, Ger.)

One Ounce will Sow About 80 Feet of Drill.

A pungent salad, used sometimes with cress. Sow thickly in rows, and cut when about two inches high.

White English. Best for salads..5c pkt., 10c oz., 15c 1/4 lb., 35c lb. Chinese. Leaves twice the size of the white; flavor sweet and pungent.......5c pkt., 10c oz., 25e ½ lb., 75c lb.



ONION SETS.

These are valuable for early use, and where onions from seed can not be raised the first

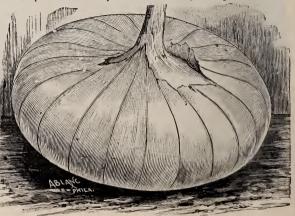
Onion Sets should be planted out as early in spring as the ground is dry enough to work; plant them in rows one foot apart, with sets three or four inches apart. When raised from sets the onions can be used in the green state in June, or they will be ripened off by July.

Our Onion Sets have been kept in good condition, and are recleaned.

| NAMES. |
|------------------------------|
| White Onion Sets |
| Yellow Onion Sets |
| Potato Onions |
| Top, or Bottom, Onions |
| White Multiplier Onion Sets/ |

30c per quart, by mail. Price per peck and bushel on application.

To raise onion sets from seed, use good ground prepared as for large onions, and sow the seed very thick in broad drills forty to sixty pounds per acre. If the seed is sown thin, the bulbs will not only be too large for sets, but will not be of the right shape, and if sown thick on poor land, they will be neeky or bottle-shaped. When onion seed is sown for sets, the seed may be planted somewhat later than for large bulbs, but fine crops are more likely to come from early sowing



Mammoth Silver King.

ONION SEED.—Continued.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Yellow Globe Danvers.

5e pkt., 15e oz., 50e 1/4 lb., \$1.75 lb.

White Barletta.



White Portugal, or Silverskin. A large, flat onion of mild flavor; fine for early winter use, and much esteemed for pickling.

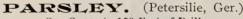
5c pkt., 20c oz., 75c ¼ lb., \$2.50 lb.

Large White Globe. This is one of the finest onions in cultivation, both in appearance and quality. It is large, globe-shaped, firm, fine grained and of excellent flavor, and commands a higher price in the realist then enverther with order recommends.

All

be

into the Soil



One Ounce to 150 Feet of Drill.

Used for garnishing and seasoning soups, meats, etc. Succeeds best in a mellow, rich soil. Sow thickly early in April, in rows one foot apart and one-half inch deep; thin out the plants to stand six inches apart in the rows. The seed is of slow germination, taking from three to four weeks to make its appearance, and often failing to come up in dry weather. To assist its coming up quicker, soak the seed a few hours in warm water or sprout in damp earth,



"Prizetaker" Onion.



PARSNIP. (Pastinake, Ger.)

One Ounce for 200 feet of Drill. 5 to 6 Pounds for an Acre.

Sow seed early in the spring, in deep, rich soil in drills. Scatter the seeds thinly and cover evenly with the rake. After the appearance of the plant the soil must be stirred frequently until the leaves cover the ground. The seed is slow to germinate, and is frequently a long time in coming up; will vegetate sooner by steeping six to twelve hours in a liquid manure, diluted with water, and mixed with sand before sowing. When well up thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike Carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in fall a certain quantity for winter use, leaving the rest in the ground till spring, to be dug as required.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTACE

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Long Smooth Hollow Crown. We believe this is the finest stock of Parsnip that can be procured. The roots run of uniform size and are smooth. The growing taste for this delicious vegetable will make this improved strain particularly desirable. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 50c lb. Student. A good half-long variety, smooth, sweet and of delicate flavor. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 50c lb.

PEPPER. (Pfeffer, Ger.)

One Ounce of Seed for 1.500 Plants.

Spanish Monstrous Sweet Mountain.



Long Smooth Hollow Crown.



PEAS. (Erbsen, Ger.)

One Quart to 100 Feet of Drill. 11/2 Bushel per Acre.

Peas succeed best in light, dry, loamy soil. Early and dwarf sorts require richer soil than the late varieties. If manure is used, let it be old and well rotted, or there will be a rank growth of vines with few pods. Sow the early, smooth, round sorts as early in spring as the ground can be worked. Seeds of wrinkled varieties are more liable to rot if the ground is cold, and must be planted later. Sow all the varieties quite early, and depend for succession upon the different times of ripening of the various sorts, or from the first sowing, sow every two weeks until June for a succession. After that there is danger of mildew. Discontinue then until August, when a planting of extra early or early sort will often produce a good crop. Sow the seed in single drills, three feet apart for dwarf sorts, and four for tall sorts, or in double drills six or eight inches apart, one inch apart in the drill, and not less than four inches deep, or for the late sorts seven to eight inches deep, since deep planting prevents mildew and prolongs the season. Cultivate well, and draw the earth twice to the vines during growth. Stake the tall varieties when they begin to vine. Pick the pods as soon as fit, and allow none to ripen on the vines, as they will then cease bearing. Wrinkled varieties are marked thus."

Wrinkled varieties are marked thus*.

Add Ten Cents per Pint and Fifteen Cents per Quart if to be Sent by Mail.

Ruby King.

Extra Early Varieties.

*Eclipse. Vine two feet, vigorous; green wrinkled, of most delicious flavor. Owing to earliness, productiveness, quality, height of vine, this is destined to be the coming pea of America as well as most desirable for the market gardener......5c pkt., 15c pt., 30c qt., \$2.00 peck.

*Gradus. Will yield an abundant supply of the most delicious, large, wrinkled peas much EARLIER than any other wrinkled variety, and only three or four days after the best stocks of the small round extra earlies. It is the earliest large-podded pea in cultivation, while the peas are of most superior quality, both in size and delicious flavor. The vine has heavy stems, with large dark-green leaves, and grows 21/2 fect in height. It produces uniformly large pods, measuring four to four and one-half inches long, nearly round, and well filled with large, handsome peas......10c pkt., 25c pt., 40c qt.



Bull Nose.

PEAS.—Extra Early Varieties Continued.

"MAUD S."

The Earliest and Most Prolific Pea Known,

For several years past, we ourselves, and also many of the largest and most experienced truckers, have made comparative trials with other leading brands of extra early Peas, and in every case McCullough's Maud S. was the first ready to pick by from three to five days. The pod is of a dark green color, of a full round shape, and of strong texture, which especially fits it for shipping long distances. It does not require stakes or brush of any kind for support. It is an even cropper, and can be gathered clean in two pickings. For a late full crop it has few equals, and is the market gardener's favorite for all seasons. The far northern point at which onr Peas are grown renders them almost proof against cold, and the best for early spring or late fall crop. While thousands of market gardeners have probounced this Pea unequality in Earliness, yield, and received the first planting as early in the spring as the ground will permit, and cover well. 5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.00 peek.

*American Wonder. This variety stands unrivaled in point of flavor and quality. It is dwarf, and robust in habit, growing from ten to fifteen inches in heigh, according to the soil.

5c pt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.

McLean's Little Gem. A green wrinkled variety.

*Extra Early Premium Gem. A very fine dwarf Pea of the Little Gem type, on which it is a great improvement.

5e pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

*Nott's Excelsior. A new dwarf wrinkled Pea of the highest excellence. More vigorous and a trifle taller than the American Wonder, and producing a greater quantity of peas than either the Wonder or Premium Gem, and fully as fine quality.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

Alaska.

Early Daniel O'Rourke. Was at one time considered the earliest market variety. Height 2½ feet....10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.

Early May. An old standard sort. Height 2½ feet. 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck

Blue Peter (McLean's). A form of Tom Thumb, having blue

seed. Height 1 foot.......15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

*Laxton's Alpha. The earliest of all the medium height wrinkled Peas, of fine quality and very prolific. 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

SECOND EARLY VARIETIES.

*McLean's Advancer. A second early variety, and now a great favorite with growers in this neighborhood.

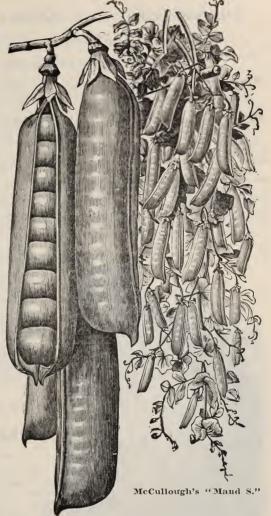
5c pkt., 10c pt., 20c qt., \$1.00 peck.

eroine. Medium early; seed, green wrinkled; height 2 feet; producing a remarkably handsome curved pod, well filled with large peas of good flavor. Much more uniform in its growth than most dwarf peas.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

*Shropshire Hero. This valuable new second early Pea is a decided improvement on the old Yorkshire Hero. It is a very handsome wrinkled Pea, uniformly growing about 2½ feet high; very prolific; excellent quality.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.



LATE OR MAIN CROP VARIETIES.

*American Champion. It is one of the largest of all peas, enormously productive, and its flavor and quality closely approach that of the well-known Champion of England. 5c pkt., 15c pt , 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

*Everbearing.

verbearing. A first-class pea for summer and autumn use, pods three to four inches long, and contains six to eight peas of rich flavor, very sweet and tender. Owing to its remarkable branching habit it remains in bearing an unusually long time; 2 feet.......5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.25 peck.

* Telephone. Immensely productive, of the finest quality, and excellent sugar flavor; vines very strong, averaging 1s to 20 pods per stalk; the pods are of large size and closely packed with large delicious peas; 4 feet.

5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.50 peck.

Market Gardeners and Others Who buy Seeds in large quantities are requested to write for Special Prices, reasonable, yet, frequently, we have orders for large quantities of certain Seeds, such as Beans, Peas, Corn, Cabbage, Cucumber, Carrot, Onion. Melon, etc., and the purchaser naturally expects to buy at a price lower than that charged for a single peck or pound.

PEAS-Late or Main Crop. Continued.

THOSE MARKED THUS * ARE WRINKLED VARIETIES.

Add Ten Cents Per Pint and Fifteen Cents Per Quart for Postage.

*Telegraph. It is a fine second early variety, very robust in habit, bearing immense pods. Peas often being so close together as to appear to be forming a double row in the pods. The peas, when cooked, are of a fine, deep green color. A great bearer and of fine flavor. Height, 5 feet. 5c pkt., 15c pt., 25c qt., \$1.75 peck.

Dwarf Sugar. Edible pods. Can be used in a green state like String Beans. Height, 5 feet.

5c pkt., 20c pt., 35c qt. Melting Sugar. This new variety grows to the height of five feet, bears a profusion of very large, broad, handsome, light green (nearly white) pods which are generally found in pairs, and are so brittle that they snap without any strings. Sweet and tender; cooked like wax beans.

5c pkt., 20c pt., 35c qt.

Tennessee Sweet Potato Pumpkin.

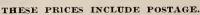
Canada Field. For the Northern States there is no crop of greater value than Field Peas, and none is more neglected, which can only be attributed to a nore neglected, which can only be attributed to a lack of knowledge as to its merits. Whether for fodder, in mixture with oats, sown at the rate of two bushels each per acre, or the Peas sown alone at the rate of three bushels per acre for plowing under, there is no crop that we can so strongly recommend for more extended culture. Like all recommend for more extended culture. Like all leguminous crops, Peas have the power of extracting nitrogen from the air, and the soil from which a crop of Peus has been harvested is richer in nitrogen than before the Peas were sown upon it, and there is no kind of live stock on the farm to which Peas and Oats in mixture can not be fed with positive adjuster. with positive advantage. 10c qt., 40c peck, \$1.15 bushel.

Write for Special Prices on Large Quantities.

PUMPKIN. (Kuerbis, Ger.)

One Ounce for Fifteen Hills.

They are generally planted in cornfields, but they can not grow as large or fair as if the vines were not shaded. A good plan would be to plant a few seeds in the potato patch, as they are less apt to injure the crop of potatoes than the corn. Avoid planting near other vines, as they will hybridize.



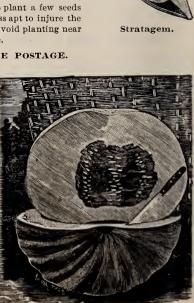


Japanese Pie Pumpkin. Is very productive, ripens early, of medium size, good keepers, and weigh 15 to 20 lbs. each. The flesh is a rich salmon color, unusually fine-grained, and when cooked or stewed, is almost as dry and mealy as a sweet potato. For making pies, custard, etc., they are hard to beat. Containing but little water, they are easily cut and dried, like apples, and make excellent pies or sauce for winter use.

5c pkt., 10e oz., 25e 1/4 lb., 75e lb.

Kentucky Field. Good for cooking purposes, and for feeding stock. 5e pkt., 10e oz., 30e lb.

Connecticut Field. A large, yellow variety......5c pkt., 10c oz., 30c lb.



Calhoun Pumpkin.





RADISH. (Rettig, Ger.)

One Ounce to 100 Feet of Drill. 8 to 10 Founds for an Acre.

Radishes thrive best in a light, rich, mellow soil, and to bring out their mild qualities they must make a quick and tender growth; heavy or clay soils not only delay their growth, but produce a much inferior crop in appearance and flavor. Sow for very early use in hot-beds during the winter or early spring, or later on in sheltered borders, in well-manured, deeply-dug, and finely-raked soil; if not well-stimulated into a rapid growth they become fibrous and tough. Sow in drills ten inches apart, and thin to two inches in the rows. Sow at intervals of two or three weeks until September for a succession. The winter varieties should be sown in July and Angust; like the Turnip, they make the best growth in the autumn, and must be taken up before severe frost, and stored away in a cool cellar in sand.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

McCullough's Cincinnati Market. The radish so much grown by the Cincinnati market gardeners, and is the handsomest long radish in cultivation. It is a beautiful glossy searlet, with a very small top, and grows from 6 to 7 inches long. The skin is very thin, and the flesh erisp and brittle and of a delightful pungent quality. It is undoubtedly the finest long red Radish for forcing, and will outsell any other on the market, and it is also an extra fine sort for the home garden, the quality being unexcelled.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 25e ½ 1b., 90c lb.

Non Plus Ultra. The smallest topped and earliest forcing radish in eultivation. Roots small, round, deep rich scarlet, very crisp, tender white flesh.................................. 5c pkt., 10e oz., 20c ½ 1b., 60c lb.

Rosy Gem. One of the earliest; perfectly globular; color rich deep scarlet at the top, blending into pure white at the bottom.

5e pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.
White Box. Perfectly round, smooth skin, pure white, free from
any sharpness or bitterness. A remarkably quiek grower, with
small top. For foreing it is in every way superior.

5c pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

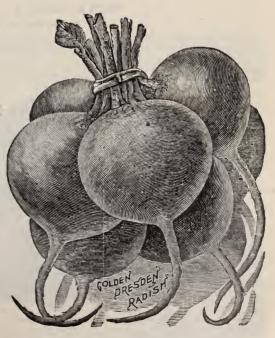
Early White Turnir. An early, crisp, Turnip-shaped Radish of a pure white color......5c pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 50e lb.

Long Scarlet, Short Top. Long, of a deep scarlet color; flesh white, crisp and good flavor. 5e pkt., 10c oz., 20e ½ lb., 50c lb.

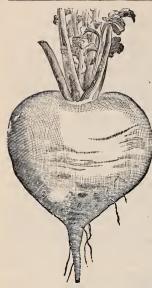
Golden Dresden. We can recommend it alike for family gardens and for market as one of the most valuable and quickest-growing radishes. The tops are very scant, and admit of closest planting. As will be seen by our cut, the Radishes are perfectly round, smooth, and with attractive, light golden-brown skin. The flesh is crisp, white, juicy, and of the finest flavor.

Golden Globe. Perfect globe-shape, and golden-colored skin, quick growth, tender and brittle. Se pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

White Olive-Shaped. A handsome variety, regular oliveshaped, and a fresh, pure white; crisp and tender. 5e pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 60e lb.



SPECIAL PRICES GIVEN TO MARKET GARDENERS AND OTHERS USING LARGE QUANTITIES OF SEEDS. SEND LIST OF WANTS AND GET ESTIMATES.



White Stuttgart.

RADISH.—Continued.

McCullough's Norwood Long White. Finest Long White Radish in cultivation. Beautiful shape; skin and flesh pure white; crisp; rapid grower.....5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/2 lb., 60c lb. Lady Finger. Skin and flesh pure snow white; crisp, and of rapid growth.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Giant White Stuttgart. Quick-growing, and therefore very early. Of the largest size, and both flesh and skin are pure white; quality fine, firm, and brittle; never gets pithy.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Chartier

White Summer Turnip. Large Turnip shaped; white, crisp and tender.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/2 lb., 60c lb.

Winter Radishes.

Chinese Scarlet Winter. Half-long, fine winter sort. Keeps well.

be pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb. Black Spanish, Oval Shape. A valuable winter sort.......5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb. Black Spanish, Long. Differs from the former only in shape.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Mammoth White Winter. A giant white-fleshed fall radish of excellent quality.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/2 lb., 60c lb.

RHUBARB. (Rhabarber, Ger.)

One ounce will produce 1,000 plants.

Sow in April in drills eighteen inches apart, and cover the seed with fine soil, pressing it down firmly. When the plants are strong enough, thin out to six inches. In the fall or following spring, transplant the roots into deep, rich soil, three feet apart each way.

Linnaeus. Best sort for general purposes, carly, large, and tender.........5c pkt., 15c oz., 50c 1/4 lb. Victoria. Very large, later than Linnaeus.......5c pkt., 15c oz., 50c 1/4 lb.



White Strasburg Radish.

SPINACH. (Spinat, Ger.) One ounce for 100 feet of drill. 10 to 12 pounds for an Acre.

For spring and summer use, sow either broadcast or in drills, as early as the ground can be worked. The fall sowing is the main one with our market gardeners, which is done during the month of September, and by careful attention they have it in marketable condition throughout the entire winter and spring. If the land is dry, the seed should always be rolled or tramped in, for if the soil is loose, the hot air shrivels the seed, so that it will not germinate.

Bloomsdale Savoy. The hardiest large Savoy leaved; curled and crimped with thick, fleshy leaves, good for family and market purposes. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 15c 1/4 lb., 40c lb.

The leaves are thick and fleshy;

SALSIFY. (Hafer-Wurzel, Ger.)

One Ounce will Sow 50 Feet of Drill.

Salsify is rapidly coming into favor, and is considered a most delicious vegetable. It is used stewed, boiled, or fried, and sometimes as a salad, sliced raw in vinegar, with salt and pepper. When cooked, it has an oyster flavor. It is commonly called vegetable oyster. The cultivation is precisely the same as directed for parsnips; and it will keep over winter, in the ground where



Bloomsdale Savoy Spinach.

A new variety, with heavy, broad, dark-green Two or three weeks later than other sorts in going Victoria. leaves Valuable for spring sowing.
5e pkt., 10c oz., 15e ¼ lb., 40c lb. to seed.

variety generally used. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 15c ¼ lb., 35c lb. Long Standing. A large crimped, thick, fleshy Savoy-leaved variety; will stand two weeks longer than any other sort before shooting to seed; the best for spring sowing on account of seeding so late. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 15c ½ lb., 40c lb.

Round Leaf.

Prickly Seeded, or Fall. The hardiest variety. smaller leaves; is not so productive as the above sorts.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 15c 1/4 lb., 40c lb.

Special Prices given on Spinach in quantity.

ABOVE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE. Persons purchasing Seeds at our counters, or who wish to pay their own express charges, may deduct ten cents per pound from all seed bought by the pound, if quoted at prepaid rates.



White Bush Squash

SOUASH. (Kurbiss, Ger.)

One Ounce of the Bush Varieties for Forty Hills, or of the Large-Seeded Kinds, Fifteen Hills. Two or Three Pounds of the Bush, and Three to Four Pounds of the Large-Seeded for an Acre.

It is useless to sow until the weather has become settled and warm. Light soils are best suited for its growth. Prepare hills for the seeds by incorporating two or threes hovefuls of well-rotted vanure with the soil for each hill. For the bush varieties, from three to four feet each way, and for the running sorts from six to eight feet. Eight or ten seeds should be sown in each hill, thinning out after they have attained their rough leaves, leaving three or four of the strongest plants, after which cultivate same as cucumber.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

Summer Varieties.

Summer Crook-Neck. The old standard sort; very early and productive. Fruits about one foot long, with crooked neck, and covered with warty excrescences; color bright yellow; shell very hard when ripe.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 60c lb



Vegetable Marrow.

aight-Neck Summer Squash. Market gardeners who ship early squash to distant markets, know the difficulty of packing the crook-neck variety in boxes to good advantage. They do not fit into the space well, the crooked neck always seeming to go just where it is not wanted. In the "Straight-Neck," the bad feature of the crook has been overcome, and Straight-Neck Summer Squash. formity in shape secured, and quality improved.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 60c lb.

Vegetable Marrow. A favorite English sort. The fruit is from nine to eighteen inches in length, and four to six inches in diameter. Skin a greenish yellow, flesh white, soft and of rich flavor. Plant 8 feet apart.5e pkt., 10c oz., 25e ½ 1b., 75e lb.

Fall Winter Varieties.

Boston Marrow. A well-known and highly popular winter variety; quality unexcelled...5c pkt, 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Pike's Peak, or Sibley. Skin smooth and thin, and of a pale green color; flesh thick, solid; orange color, very dry; fine grain and delicate flavor. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.



Hubbard Squash.

Pine Apple. A fall and winter variety of excellent quality; flesh creamy white, fine grained

TOBACCO.

The seed should be sown as early as possible after danger of frost is over. A good plan is to burn a quantity of brush and rubbish in the spring, on the ground intended for the seed bed, then dig and thoroughly pulverize the earth and mix with the ashes, after which the seed may be sown and covered very lightly. When the plants are about six inches high, transplant into rows four or five feet apart, and cultivate thoroughly with plow and hoe.

Connecticut Seed Leaf. A long leaf, fine in texture......5c pkt., 30c oz., \$1.00 1/4 lb.

Havana. A medium-sized leaf, finer texture than the above. Commands a higher price than

White Burley. Extra stock, grown largely for the manufacture of fine-cut and plug. 5c pkt., 25c oz., 90c ½ lb.



Mammoth Chili Squash.

TOMATO. (Liebesapfel, Ger.)

One Ounce of Seed will produce about 1,500 Plants.

Sow in a hot-bed greenhouse, or window in a sitting-room, where night temperature is not less than sixty degrees, about the first week in March, in drills five inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high they should be set out in boxes three inches deep, four or five inches apart, in same temperature, or removed into small pots, allowing a single plant to a pot. They are sometimes transplanted a second time into larger pots, by which process the plants are rendered more sturdy and branching. About the middle of May, in this latitude, the plants may be set in the open ground. They are planted for early crops on light, sandy soil, at a distance of three feet apart, in hills, in which a good shovelful of rotted manure has been mixed. On heavy soils, which are not suited for an early crop, they should be planted four feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun a few days until the plants are established. For late use, sow in a sheltered border in May, and set out the plants in July; the green fruit can be picked off before frost, and ripened under glass. By training the tomato vines on trellises, or tying to stakes, they will increase in productiveness, the fruit will ripen better, and be of finer quality,

Early Minnesota. This fine new Tomato is the best and smoothest of any of the extra early sorts. It is 5 to 10 days ahead of the others, and for those who desire a real early Tomato, it is highly recommended. Color, bright red. The vine is strong and the fruits set close. Very productive. 5c pkt., 25c oz., 75c ½ lb., \$2.50 lb.

me. One of the earliest and handsomest. Fruit medium size, perfectly smooth, and regular in shape. Very solid, and a great bearer. Color, dark red, with a purple tinge.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c ½ lb., \$2.00 lb.

ckeye State. The tomatoes are borne in immense clusters of four to eight fruits, and, occasionally, ten large fruits have been found on a single cluster. In time of ripening, it matures with the "Stone." In solidity and meatiness, it has no equal, while in luscious quality none surpass it. The color is much the same as "Beauty," but of a somewhat darker and richer shade, and this together with its very large size, and clear-cut outlines, makes very showy and striking when displayed for sale.

5c pkt., 25c oz., 75c 1/4 lb., \$2.50 lb

Beauty. Rich, glossy crimson, with a slight purple tinge. The fruit grows in clusters of four to five, is of large size, very smooth, and retains its character till late in the season.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c ½ lb., \$2.00 lb.

Cincinnati Purple. A valuable variety, especially adapted for canning and shipping. It is very large, color, a dark purplish-red. Very productive, and of rich flavor.

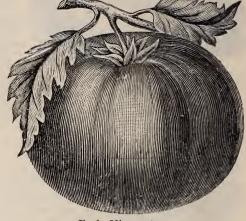
5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb.

Dwarf Champion. The vines are dwarf and compact in habit, grow stiff and upright, with thick and short-jointed stems. It is remarkably early, ripening fruit as early as July 1st. It will yield double the quantity of extra early fruit per acre that can be obtained from any other Tomato. In form and color the fruit closely resembles the Acme.

5e pkt., 20e oz., 60e 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb. Favorite. One of the largest. Ripens evenly and early, and holds its size to the end of the season. It is very prolific, has few seeds, solid flesh; bears shipping long distances.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb. Golden Queen. A very handsome yellow tomato; resembles the Paragon in size, solidity and productiveness.

5e pkt., 20e oz., 60e 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb.



Early Minnesota.

Imperial. One of the earliest, smoothest and most productive sorts. The fruit is large, smooth and solid. It not only produces very early fruits, but it will hold out through the season until late in fall. It is also a splendid keeper. Color, dark red, with a purple tinge.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb.

Mikado, or Turner's Hybrid. The tomatoes are of a bright red color, large size, borne in clusters of four to seven, ripen evenly, and remain firm when fully ripe, free from any purple tinge, and in flavor all that the most fastidious can desire......5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb.



The Stone.

Peach. It resembles a medium-sized peach in size, form and color, with a firm, fleshy texture, making it extremely handsome. The entire fruit is tender, free from core around the stem, and of a very superior quality, having a delicious fruity taste, mingled with a sub-acid flavor. Desirable for the table, and particularly valuable for this bid on purposes. for exhibition purposes.....

Perfection The fruit is almost round, ripens clear up to the stem, is solid and rich in flavor. The skin is both thin and tough, making it a good shipper, while its clear, bright scarlet color makes it most attractivebc pkt., 20c oz., 60e ¼ lb., \$2.00 lb.

Ponderosa. This monster Tomato is all solid meat; is a very handsome variety, being uniformly large, smooth, of a dark rich crimson color, and a delicious sub-acid flavor. To show the enormous
size of this great Tomato, we would state that single specimens
have been exhibited weighing three pounds four ounces. 5e pkt., 25e oz., 90e 1/4 lb.

ne. A fine variety. The fruit very large, bright scarlet; smooth, ripening evenly to the stem without a crack. Exceedingly solid and firm-fleshed, and, above all, not subject to rot.

5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c 1/4 lb., \$2.00 lb.

Trophy. An old favorite for general home use; unsurpassed in flavor and productiveness......5c pkt., 20c oz., 60c ¼ lb., \$2.00 lb. Cherry Red. Used for preserves and pickling5c pkt., 30c oz. Pear Shaped Red and Yellow. Used for preserving and pickling.

We pay postage on Flower and Garden Seeds except where noted. Farm Seeds are sent by express or freight at purchaser's expense.

This is the

TURNIP. (Ruben, Ger.)

Two Pounds Per Acre in Drills. One Ounce Will Sow 150 Feet of Drill. One Pound Per Acre Broadcast.

The soil for Turnips should be rich and mellow. For an early crop, sow early in the spring, in drills about a foot apart, or broadcast and thin out. For a general crop, sow from the first of July to the last of August, in drills eighteen to twenty inches apart, and thin out the plants to 8 or 10 inches. To destroy the fly, which is very destructive to the turnip crop, use "Hammond's Slug shot." Sow an abundance of seed, and thin out. Should the crop be destroyed, harrow the ground immediately and sow again.



White Flat Dutch.

Purple Top. Strap-Leaf.

Snowball. Extra early. A variety of sterling merit, perfectly

round, early, pure white, very solid, sweet, short top.
5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ¼ lb., 60c lb.

Large White Globe, Strap-Leaf. Flesh white,

Golden Ball or Orange Jelly. A rapid grower, of excellent flavor, globe-shaped, bright yellow color, good keeper and a superior table variety, or for stock.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Early White Egg. An egg-shaped variety for spring or fall sowing; flesh white, firm, fine grained, mild and sweet. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 25e 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Seven Top. Cultivated extensively in the South for the tops, which are used for greens. It is very hardy, and will grow all winter. Does not produce a good root.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Scarlet Kashmyr. This is a new and distinct variety, the outside skin is of a beautiful deep scarlet color; flesh white, very early, and of the finest table quality.

5c pkt., 15c oz., 40c 1/4 lb., \$1.50 lb.

Purple Top White Globe. A variety of decided merit. Of globular shape, very handsome, and of superior quality, either for the table or stock. It is a heavy producer, early, of rapid growth, and an excellent keeper.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c ¼ 10., 50c lb.

firm and crisp; a very desirable early variety.
5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

THESE PRICES INCLUDE POSTAGE.

most popular variety grown for table purposes an early, flat, white Turnip, with purple top, of excellent quality. The best variety for gen-

eral use......5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb. Early White Flat Dutch. An early, white-fleshed variety, of quick growth, mild flavor, and excellent quality.

Extra Early Purple Top Milan. This variety is at least two weeks earlier than any other. It is of a handsome appearance, somewhat flattened, white, with purple top: flesh, snow-white, fine grained, and delicate flavor.

5e pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 50e lb.

5c pkt., 10e oz., 25c 1/4 lb., 60c lb.

Red or Purple Top, Strap-Leaf.

of excellent quality.

RUTA BAGA.

Budlong's Improved. White, very sweet, much milder flavor than any of the other sorts; globe-shaped; skin a · cream yellow......5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

American Purple Top. Very hardy and productive; flesh yellow, solid, sweet; good for stock or table use.

5c pkt., 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Skirving's Purple Top. An important variety of large size and strong growth, a heavy cropper and one of the best for field culture......5c pkt.. 10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

SEEDS. HERB

Sow early in April or May, in a sheltered, well-prepared spot in the open ground, either broadcast or in shallow drills about seven inches apart. Thin out the plants thus raised, and keep clear from weeds. A few sweet aromatic and medicinal herbs are very valuable for flavoring soups, etc., and care should be taken to harvest them properly on a dry day, as they come into full blossom, then dry quickly and pack closely, entirely excluding the air.

| PER OZ. PKT. | PER OZ. PKT. | PER OZ. PKT. |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Balm, Sweet, perennial, 1 ft 30c. 5c. | Fennel, Sweet, perennial, 6ft 10c. 5c. Horehound, perennial, 2ft 25c. 5c. | Sage, annual, 1 ft., 50c 1/4lb 15c. 5c. |
| Caraway, perennial, 2 ft 10c. 5c. | Hyssop, perennial, 3 ft | Sweet Marjoram, annual 20c. 5c. |

VEGETABLE PLANTS AND ROOTS.

We will keep the following varieties on hand in their proper scason. Prices do not include prepayment by mail or express:

| F | PER | PER | PER | PER | PER | PER |
|--|------|--------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 1 | .00. | 1,000. | DOZ. | 100. 1 | .000. | DOZ. |
| ASPARAGUS ROOTS. | | _,, | | HORSE-RADISH SETS. | | |
| Barr's Mammoth. Two-year-old roots \$1 | 00 | \$7 00 | | \$0 75 | | 15c. |
| Colossal | | 5 00 | | | | |
| Columbian Mammoth White 1 | 00 | 7 00 | | OSAGE ORANGE PLANTS. (For Hedge). | 3 50 | |
| Palmetto 1 | | 6 00 | | Strong Plants 40 | 5 50 | ***** |
| | . 00 | 0 00 | | PEPPER PLANTS. | | |
| CABBAGE PLANTS. | | 4 00 | | Large Bell, or Bull Nose 1 25 | | 25c. |
| Early Jersey Wakefield | | 4 00 | | Ruby King 1 25 | | 25c. |
| Louisville Drumhead | 50 | 4 00 | | SWEET POTATO PLANTS. | | |
| Premlum Late Plat Dutch | 40 | 3 00 | | | 2 00 | |
| CAULIFLOWER. | | | | | 3 00 | |
| Earliest Dwarf Erfurt 1 | l 50 | | 25c. | Ned Derinada | 3 00 | |
| Henderson's Snowball | l 50 | | 25c. | Southern Queen | 0 00 | |
| CE ERY PLANTS. | | | | TOMATO PLANTS. | | |
| White Plume | 50 | 3 50 | | Cincinnati Purple, Dwarf Champion, | | |
| | 50 | 3 50 | | Acme, Trophy, Beauty and Favor- | | 00 - |
| Golden Self-Blanching | | 3 50 | | Ite 1 25 | | 20c. |
| Golden Self-Blanching | 90 | 3 30 | | RHUBARB ROOTS. | | |
| CHIVES. Good Clumps10c ea. | | | \$ 1 00 | Single Eye10c ea. | | \$1 00 |
| EGG PLANT. New York Improved | 2 00 | | 30c | Large Clumps 25c to | 50c eac | h. |

We are Growers of Vegetable Plants. Have Them Fresh Every Day in Season. Special Prices on Large Quantities.

SELECTED SEED POTATOES. (Kartoffel, Ger.)

We grow our Seed Potatoes in the best northern districts and expressly for seed purposes. As prices are liable to vary, we shall be pleased to give quotations on application. They are put up in barrels of about 2% bushels each. Our supply has we shall be pleased to give quotations on application. They are put up been secured from reliable growers, and includes the following varieties:

Late Beauty of Hebron. Remarkably productive, tubers oblong and of extra size; skin and flesh white; table properties good, and keeps well. 40c peck, \$1,00 bu., \$2,50 bbl.

White Elephant. Late, large, enormously productive, and of excellent flavor; splendid keeping qualities.

40c peck, \$1.00 bu., \$2.50 bbl.

FARM SEEDS.

We give special attention to the quality of all our Farm Seeds, and send out only recleaned stock. It is our aim to send out absolutely pure stock, true to name. For green manures, we recommend sowing thickly, Scarlet Clover, Sugar Cane, Tares, Field Peas, Rye, and Oats, and plowing under when six to eight inches high.

The prices quoted are subject to market fluctuations. Customers when in need of large quantities, we will be pleased to send samples and quote lowest market prices.

MANGEL. WURZEL.

Five to Six Pounds of Seed Required Per Acre.



Sugar Beets are not as heavy yielders as the Mangels, but are of superior quality, containing a large amount of saccharine matter; thousands of acres are planted with Sugar Beets for manufacturing sugar. They are excellent for feeding cows, improving wonderfully the quantity and also quality of the milk.



Golden Tankard.

CARROTS.

FIELD VARIETIES FOR STOCK.

These are undoubtedly the most valuable of all the roots usually grown for stock, especially horses, by which they are much relished. They are more nutritious than Turnips and nearly all animals like them and are benefited by them. The seed may be sown at any time in April until the end of May.

McCullough's Intermediate. The roots grow very regular and smooth; they are of good size. Productive, rich color, sweet and tender flesh. Excellent variety for either field or garden.

10c oz., 20c ½ lb., 60c lb., \$2.50 for 5 lbs.

Improved Giant Short White. This is the heaviest cropping Carrot grown, yielding more tons to the acre than any other sort. The flesh is white, solid, crisp and very sweet, the roots are short and very heavy at the shoulder which allows them to be harvested very easily. One of the most profitable Carrots; cattle and horses like it.

10c oz., 15c ½ lb., 50c lb., \$2.00 for 5 lbs.

Improved Long Orange. A standard late variety, handsome and uniform in shape; deep orange color, good flavor, yields heavily.

10c oz., 15c ½ lb., 50c lb., \$2.00 for 5 lbs.

Large White Belgian. The lower part of the root is white; that growing and exposed above ground, green.

It is exclusively grown for stock.

10c oz., 15c ½ lb., 50c lb., \$2.00 for 5 lbs.

TURNIP.

If sown broadcast, from two to three pounds per acre are required, and in drills, from two to four pounds; the latter is the more usual method thin from nine to 12 inches in rows. Select light, new soil, and manure with bone dust, superphosphate, plaster, or ashes (a mixture of them is preferable); to be sown broadcast before the drills are made.

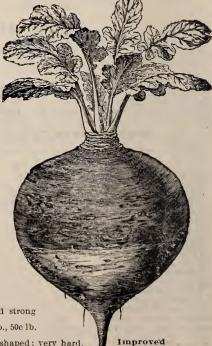
Improved Purple Top Ruta Baga. The very best among the many varieties of Swedes. The bulb is large, flesh rich yellow, remarkably juicy, of sound constitution, and perfectly hardy, standing well out of the ground. Being a very vigorous grower, it is less liable to be destroyed by the attacks of the turning fly than sorts which are not thrifty in their growth.

turnip fly than sorts which are not thrifty in their growth.

10c oz., 20c 1/4 lb., 50c lb.

Skirving's Purple Top Ruta Baga. An imported variety of large size and strong growth; a heavy cropper, and one of the best for field culture. 5e pkt., 10e oz., 20e 1/4 lb., 50e lb.

Add Ten Cents Per Pound Extra if Sent by Mail.



Purple Top

Ruta Baga.

FIELD, FORAGE AND SILO SEEDS.

SOUTHERN COW PEAS.

The Great Land Renovator.

The Growing Crop Not Only Euriches the Ground, but Furnishes a Large Amount of Most Valuable Forage for Green or Dry Feeding.

age for Green or Dry Feeding.

A leguminous annual; grown extensively in the Southern states, where it is regarded as invaluable both as a forage plant and soil renovator. During the past few years experiments have demonstrated their value in the northern sections of our country. Its value as a fertilizing crop exceeds that of clover, for in addition to being a larger nitrogen gatherer than clover, for in addition to being a larger nitrogen gatherer than clover, it draws from the subsoil to the surface large amounts of both potash and phosphoric acid, thus putting the soil in most excellent condition for following crops. The feeding value of Cow Peas cither green, fed as hay, or preserved as ensilage, is very high, being considerably above that of red clover. The yield of green vines per acre runs ordinarily from five to fifteen tons. The yield of peas vary according to varieties, conditions of soil, etc., from ten to thirty bushels per acre. Cow Peas, like all other crops thrive best on good ground. The maximum result being obtained from dry sandy loam, but from their strong growth of roots will do well on almost any soil not too wet. For hay or ensilage cut when the seed pods begin to form. It must be born in mind that the Southern Cow Pea belongs to the bean family, therefore must not be sown until the ground is thoroughly warm and all danger from frost is past. is thoroughly warm and all danger from frost is past

Sow from 11/4 to 11/2 Bushels to the Acre.

The following varieties are recommended for cultivation north of the 37th parallel.

cck Eye. Similar to the black as to yield of vines and peas, generally more prolific, requires a little longer season to Black Eve.\$1.50 per bushel.

Whip-poor-Will. An early variety, tall, upright, medium yield of vines, large yield of peas for which they are particularly grown. Highly recommended for "hogging down." \$1.40 per bushel.

ay. The leading variety in the South. Large yield of vines and peas, but requires longer season to mature than the former named varieties. Fine for summer pasture or green feeding, or to turn under green for soiling...\$1.25 per bushel.

This valuable forage plant has attracted increas

Canada Field Peas. For the Northern States there is no crop of greater value than Field Peas, and is more neglected, which can only be attributed to a lack of knowledge as to its merits. Whether for fodder, in mixture with oats, sown at the rate of two bushels each per acre, or the peas sown alone at the rate of three bushels per acre for plowsown alone at the rate of three bushels per acre for plowing under, there is no crop that we can so strongly recommend for more extended culture. Like all leguminous crops, peas have the power of extracting nitrogen from the air, and the soil from which a crop of peas has been harvested is richer in nitrogen than before the peas were sown upon it, and there is no kind of live stock on the farm to which Peas and Oats in mixture can not be fed with positive advantage. Used as feed for pigeons, etc.

10c qt., 40c peck, \$1.15 bu.

varf Essex Rape. A forage plant of highest value. It can be sown in April for an early crop, and for fall crop in July, August and September, and still later further south. It is sown broadcast 6 lbs, to the acre, but is better drilled, in which case 3 lbs, to the acre will suffice. In a few weeks from the time of sowing, sheep, hogs or cattle can be turned on it; all reports agree that they gain weight faster on this than any other fodder, as it can be sown after other crops are off; the gain in fodder is secured at a nominal cost. Stockmen, Dairymen and Farmers have proved its value. Dwarf Essex Rape. proved its value.

12c lb., \$1.00 for 10 lbs., \$8.00 per 100 lbs.

Vetches—Spring Tares. (Vicia sativa.) Sown broadcast at rate of 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre, like wheat or barley, and sometimes mixed with oats for soiling. Used in France and Canada as a substitute for peas......20c qt., \$3.00 bu.

Rural Branching Sorghum. (White Millo Maize.) A wonderful branching sorghum, which produces an enormous amount of excellent fodder, and is highly recommended for that purpose. It branches wonderfully after the first cutting. Two or three cuttings can be made during the scason from one sowing. Sow about four pounds per acre.

10c lb., 50c for 10 lbs.

Beggar Weed. (Desmodium Molle.) Highly recommended as a forage plant for the thin sandy soils and pine barrens of the South Atlantic or Gulf States. Its growth is dense; two to four feet high, sometimes seven feet; the forage crop abundant and nutritious. Sow at any time after frosts are over until the middle of June, in drills three feet apart, three or four pounds per acre, or broadcast ten to twelve pounds per acre. Cover one inch. When two feet high, may be cut for hay or green feed, and will produce successive crops, branching largely from the roots. May be pastured freely in late summer and fall.

10c pkt., 40c lb., \$1.75 for 5 lbs.

ld Rice. (Zizania aquatica.) Valuable as a forage plant on inundated lands and along the shores of marshes. As an attraction for wild fowls it is invaluable. The seed should besown in the fall in six inches to six feet of water, having soft mud bottom where there are few weeds.......15c per lb.

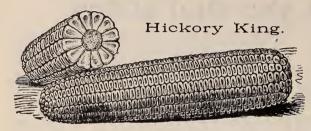
Sunflower, Mammoth Russian. May be grown to great advantage in waste ground, from early spring to the latter part of July. An excellent and cheap food for fowls. Plant four

osinte. (Reana Luxurians.) The stalk, containing much saccharine matter, is very nutritious. It can be cut several times during the season. If allowed to grow without cutting, it will attain a height of twelve to fifteen feet. Should not be planted until the soil is perfectly warm in spring. Requires about four pounds of seed per acre..10c oz., \$1.00 lb.

Add Ten Cents Per Pound Extra if Sent by Mail.



Dwarf Essex



FIELD CORN.

Our Seed Corn has been grown for us by specialists, and will be found of the highest grade as to quality and germinating power. Sow eight quarts to the acre.

King of the Earliest Dent. An early yellow corn, adapted for high latitudes, and will mature in eighty to eighty-five days......30c peck, \$1.00 bushel.

Early Mastadon. The largest early Dent Corn in cultivation. It is 90 to 100-day corn, with long grain, very large ears, and will out-yield any corn in the world...30c peck, \$1.00 bu.

Golden Beauty. Beautiful golden color; strong grower of remarkable size. The rows are straight and filled out to the extreme end of the cob. Ripens in 110 to 120 days. 30c peck, \$1,00 bushel.

Learning Yellow. Ears of good size, cob red and small. A strong grower and very prolific.......30c peck, \$1.00 bushel.

ekory King. A distinct White Dent Field Corn. The stalks are strong, and bear two and occasionally three ears; the cob is remarkably small. It is very productive and of good quality.......30c peck, \$1.00 bushel. Hickory King.

Red Cob Ensilage. A Southern type of large white corn, with deep red cob, strong leafy stalks and short joints. Adapted to all sections of the country, and a general favorite with thousands of dairy farmers.

75c bu., \$1.25 for 2 bu., \$6.00 for 10 bu.

eet Fodder. There is nothing better for green feed, or curing for winter, than sweet corn. Cattle highly relish it, and when fed on it, keep in fine condition and give an abundance of milk. It has the great merit of being so sweet and palatable that cattle eat every part of the stalks and leaves, and consequently none is wasted. Also excellent for soiling. Sow thickly in drills or broadcast at the rate of two Sweet Fodder.

to three bushels per acre.
50c peck, \$1.50 bushel, 10 bushel lots, \$1.35 bushel.

Subject to market change.

SEED POP CORN.

White Pearl. Our common market variety... 10c pt., 20c qt. nite Rice. A handsome variety, kernels long and pointed, very prolific......lle pt., 20c qt. White Rice.

We always have in stock a large supply of old corn for popping, and are prepared to fill all orders at market prices.

BUCKWHEAT.

Should be sown about the middle of June, broadcast, using from one to three pecks of seed to the acre.

more to the acre

OATS.

Clydesdale. An early productive variety.

25c peck, 95c bushel, 10 bushels, \$7.50.

Welcome. An excellent variety, productive and heavy; straw stiff; grain plump. Averages 45 lbs. per measured bushel. The very best for ordinary soils.

65c bushel, 10 bushels; \$6.00.

Red Rust-Proof. This is the standard oats of the Southern States, yielding large crops when all other sorts were destroyed by rust. It is a large, heavy, reddish looking berry, very prolific.

SORGHUM, OR SUGAR CANE.

Sorghum is being used extensively as a green food for cattle, horses and mules; it is a sure crop, being a great drouth resister and an immense yielder, producing many tons of most nutritious green food to the acre. Specially fine for food for milch cows when pasture is short.

Early Orange Cane. A strong grower; much more juley than any other variety. The stalk is heavier, and a little later than the Amber...10c lb., 50c for 10 lbs. \$2.50 per 100 lbs Early Amber Cane. This popular and well-known variety is the earliest, and makes the finest quality of both sugar and syrup.............10c lb., 50c for 10 lbs., \$2.50 per 100 lbs.

BROOM CORN.

SPRING WHEAT and BARLEY.

Owing to market fluctuations, will quote prices on application, stating quantity wanted.

ADD TEN CENTS PER POUND EXTRA, IF SENT BY MAIL.

The Prices Quoted are Subject to Market Changes. Customers When in Need of Large Quantities, we will be Pleased to Submit Samples and Quote Lowest Market Prices.

MISCELLANEOUS, BIRD AND SUNDRY SEEDS.

TEN CENTS PER POUND EXTRA, IF SENT BY MAIL.

| | PER LB. |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Black Locust | 35 |
| Honey Locust | 35 |
| Castor Beans. | 20 |
| Canary Seed (3 lbs. 25c) | 10 |
| Mixed Bird Seed (3 lbs. 25c | 10 |
| Caraway Seed | 15 |
| Coriander Seed | 15 |
| Celery Seed, for flavoring | 15 |
| Cotton Seed | 20 |

| | PER LB. |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Fennel Seed | 15 |
| Flax Seed (3 lbs. 25c) | 10 |
| Flax Seed, crushed | 10 |
| Hemp Seed (3 lbs. 25c) | 10 |
| Lettuce Seed, for birds | 20 |
| Maw or Poppy Seed | 15 |
| Millet, German or Golden. | 5 |
| " Pearl | 20 |
| Mustard Seed, white, for pi | ckles10 |
| ,, ,, ,, , | |

| | PER LB. |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Mustard Seed, black | 10 |
| " crushed | 10 |
| Osage Orange-Bois D'Arc. | 35 |
| Pumpkin Seed | 15 |
| Rape Seed (3 lbs. 25c) | 10 |
| Rough Rice, for Red Birds | 10 |
| Sunflower Seed (3 lbs. 25c) | 10 |
| Water Melon Seed | 15 |

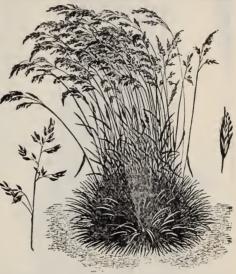
GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS.

We make a specialty of Grass and Clover Seeds, and send out only the most useful varieties which are adapted to this country. Our facilities for handling are unsurpassed, having the most improved machinery, made expressly for our use. While we are in position at all times to furnish any grade desired, and thus meet competition, our special aim is to furnish the best or higher qualities. We are not only sellers of seeds, but are the largest buyers in this section, and will always pay the highest market price. The handling of Grass Seeds being usually on so close a margin, and influenced by the market fluctuations, it is, in a great many instances, impracticable to name prices; but when there are no prices given, market rates will be charged or special prices on application. All orders with cash filled at the lowest market price on day of receipt, and, unless otherwise instructed, we ship the best quality. We shall always be pleased to mail samples for comparison.

Owing to the varying bulk of Grass Seeds from season to season (owing to climatic conditions which can not be controlled), they are always put up by us by weight and not by measure, thereby securing to our customers the amount they pay for, as prices are based on weight and not on bulk. The number of pounds to the bushel, in brackets, is the old way of offering grasses, and is mentioned merely for reference, Two-bushel seamless bags at 20 cents each.

ADD TEN CENTS PER POUND EXTRA IF SENT BY MAIL.

Italian Rye Grass. (Lolium Italicum.) Biennial. Height, 18 to 30 naches. A variety unequaled for producing an abundance of nutritious feed in the early spring, as well as throughout the season, and it gives quick and successive growths until late in the fall, even if cut several times, providing the land is in good condition and not too dry. It is of succulent character and quickly responds to rich food and moisture. As it is not perennial, it is not adapted for permanent pastures, but for one or two years' lay it is unsurpassed. Sow (if alone) 55 libs. per acre; (about 18 lbs. per bushcl)................10c lb., 90c for 10 lbs., \$8.00 per 100 lbs.



Hard Fescue Grass.

Kentucky Blue Grass. (Poa pratensis). Also called June Grass, smooth, stalked Meadow Grass. Green Meadow Grass, and Spear Grass. Perennial. Height, 10 to 15 inches This valuable grass is suited to a variety of soils, from an average dry one to moist meadows, and as a pasture grass is indispensable. It is very productive, unusually early, and presents a beautiful green appearance in early spring, while other grasses are yet dormant. It makes a splendid lawn grass, forming a thick turf and being of very even growth, producing only one flowering stem a year, while many other grasses continue to shoot up flower stalks throughout the scason. Kentucky Blue Grass also makes hay of excellent quality, but the yield for this purpose is not equal to some other grasses. Sow (if alone) 45 lbs. per acre; weight per bushel, 14 lbs. Price, extra clean Secd, 10c lb., 70c for 10 lbs. Fancy clean seed, 20c lb., \$1.20 for 10 lbs.

Meadow Fescue (Festuca Pratensis.) (Erroneously called English Blue Grass). A highly valuable species for permanent grass land. It does not, however, attain its full productive power till the second or third year, when it far exceeds most other sorts in quantity of its produce and nutritive matter. It is relished by live stock, both in hay and pasture, and is one of the most desirable permanent grasses for general culture. 40 lbs. to the acre. Weight, 24 lbs. per bushel.

15c lb., \$1.00 for 10 lbs.

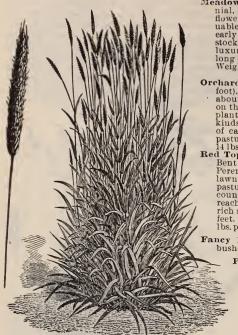
NOTE.—We are prepared to make up Special Mixtures of Grass Seeds for particular purposes—situations or conditions; correspondence regarding such will receive prompt attention.

Prices subject to market changes. We will be pleased to send samples and quote lowest market prices.



Meadow Fescue-Grass.

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS .- Continued.



Meadow Foxtail (Alopecurus pratensis). Peren-

lbs. per bu...10c lb., 80c for 10 lbs., \$7.00 per 100 lbs.

Fancy Pure Seed. Weight about 32 lbs. per bushel. 15c lb., \$1.25 for 10 lbs., \$10.00 per 100 lbs.

Perennial, or English Rye Grass (Lolium perenne, Rye Grass, Imported English Blue Grass). Height, 15 to 24 inches. This grass is considered invaluable for permanent pastures. It produces an abundance of remarkably fine It produces an abundance of remarkably fine foliage, tillers out close to the ground, and soon forms a compact sward. After being cut it grows up in a very short time, and remains bright and green throughout the season; it consequently, is well adapted for lawn mixtures. It is also a good variety for hay, if cut when in blossom, as it is then most nutritivening the season of th

Orchard Grass.

Sweet Verual Grass, Annual (Anthoxanthum odoratum puelli). Much smaller than the perennial......20c lb., \$1.50 for 10 lbs.

Fine-Leaved Sheep's Fescue. (Festuca ovina tenuifolia). Perennial, height varies from 8 to 24 inches. This is similar to the Sheep's Fescue mentioned above, except that the leaves are much finer. It is very suitable for permanent pasture, especially on uplands and dry soils. Its rich dark green gives a fine appearance to hay, and renders it also valuable for lawn mixtures for dry situations. Sow, if alone, 40 lbs. parable weight, about fourteen pounds per bushel.............30c lb., \$2.75 for 10 lbs.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (Avena Elatoir). This is a perennial grass, has broad, flat leaves, and grows about three feet high; has an abundance of long fibrous roots, penetrating deeply in the soil, enabling it to withstand drought and cold.

20c lb., \$1.75 for 10 lbs.

Timothy (Phleum Pratense, Herd's Grass, Cat's-tail Grass). This grass stands at the head for meadows. Never use less than one peck to the acre, then up to one-half bushel, as to circumstances......Market price.

Wood Meadow Grass (Poa memoralis).
No grass is better adapted for pleasure grounds, particularly under trees, as it will not only grow in such places, but forms a fine sward where few other grasses can exist. Sow 25 pounds to the acre.

35c lb., \$3.00 for 10 lbs.

The prices quoted are subject to market fluctuations. Customers when in need of large quantities, send list of wants for lowest market prices.

Add Ten Cents Per Pound Extra if Sent by Mail.



Perennial Rye Grass.



Tall Meadow Grass.

MIXED GRASSES-For Special Purposes.

Under this head we are prepared to furnish seeds adapted to all soils and all situations and for all purposes, composed of grasses for light soils, for medium soils and for heavy soils; by light soils we mean that which is more or less of a sandy or gravelly nature; the neavy, clay and heavy loams; while the medium is an intermediate between these two. A light, wet soil, with respect to the grasses suited to it, may be considered same as to the heavy soils, and a dry, heavy soil more as the light soils.

Our best mixture is made entirely with our choice recleaned seeds, while in our second quality we use the same seeds, but without recleaning, and will belequal to the qualities usually to be had on the market. Our mixtures will all have a uniform weight of sixteen pounds to the bushel. Quantity to be used per acre, one and one-half to two bushels, and half this quantity for renovating. In ordering always state the soil and position on which you wish to use it.

| 1040.4 | | | • | |
|--------|-------|---|------------|--------------|
| | | PER BUSHEL. | 1 | |
| Mixtur | e for | meadows, first quality\$2 00 | Mixture fo | r pasture an |
| + 6 | 6.6 | " second " 1 60 | | places, sec |
| 6.6 | 4.6 | permanent pasture, first quality 2 00 | 66 66 | marshy gr |
| 6.6 | | " second " | 44 66 | " |
| 44 | 6.4 | pasture and hav in orchards and other shady | 66 46 | sandy and |
| | | places, first quality | | |
| | | | | |

PER RUSHEL nd hay in orchards and other shady second " 1 75
d rocky grounds, first quality 1 75
" second " 1 40

MILLETS.

German or Golden Millet. (True Southern Grown). It has been fully established rman or Golden Millet. (True Southern Grown). It has been fully established that German Millet grown in the Northern and Western States becomes deteriorated, and soon resembles Fox tail in quality and yield. This is due to the fact that German Millet is a native of a warm climate. SOUTHERN GROWN SEED is worth double that of Northern or Western grown, if you want a good crop of hay.

40c peck, \$1.25 bu.

Hungarian Grass. This grass resembles the millet, it is of fine growth, and makes an

CLOVER SEEDS.

Alsike, or Swedish. (Trifolium Hybridum). An excellent variety, of luxuriant growth, and very sweet; valuable for pasturage or ensilage.

15c lb., \$1.25 for 10 lbs., \$10 per 100 lbs.

Alfalfa, or Lucerne. (Medicago Sativa). One of the best varieties, succeeding in almost every situation. Will bear cutting three or four times during the season. For bringing up poor land it is the best of the clovers, as it not only produces large masses of foliage, but forces its roots down fully three feet into the earth. Sow early in the spring to secure a good stand before winter, if to be used for pasturage or curing, 15c lb., \$1.25 for 10 lbs., \$10.00 per 100 lbs.

Bokhara Clover (Melilotus Alba). A rapid-growing, white-flowered

half-hardy30c lb.

Giant Sainfoin Esparsette (Onobrychis Sativa). A perennial, the duration of good crops being about eight years. Grows two to three feet high............15c lb.



Scarlet Clover.



Searlet, Crimson, or Carnation Clover. (Trifolium Incarnatum). Annual. Time of flowering, June; height, 1½ to 2 feet. Where a single crop is wanted this is one of the best Clovers that can be grown: it makes good hay and is excellent for feeding green, the yield being immense, and after cutting it at once commences to grow again, and continues until freezing weather, but, being an annual, dies after maturing its seed. It is no longer

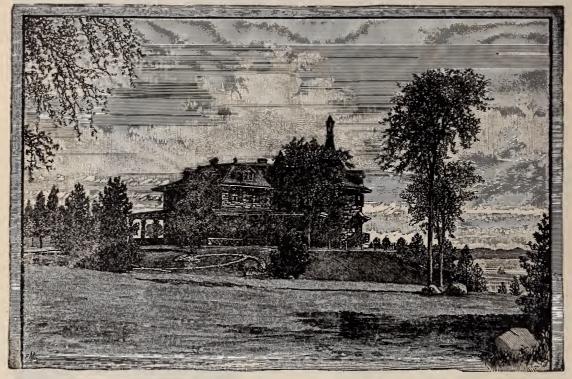
Yellow Trefoil or Hop Clover (Medicago Lupulina). Is an excellent fodder plant, mixed with other Clover and Grasses, but should

The prices quoted are subject to market fluctuations. Customers when in need of large quantities, send list of wants for lowest market prices

Add Ten Cents per Pound Extra if Sent by Mail.

Sow McCullough's "Suburban" Lawn Grass Seed

AND QUICKLY SECURE A PERMANENT, RICH, GREEN, GRASSY CARPET.



McCULLOUGH'S "SUBURBAN" LAWN GRASS SEED

Is a mixture of the finest Dwarf Evergreen Grasses that grow and flourish during different months of the year, so that a rich, deep green, velvety lawn ic constantly maintained. Our mixture is the result of several years' experimenting, and as we now offer it, it is unequaled; the immense quantity we annually sell is the best proof we can offer. The quantity required for making a hand-some lawn is three to four bushels (48 to 64 lbs.) per acre, or for renovating old lawns, one bushel (16 lbs.) per acre. For a plot 15 x 20, or 300 square feet, one pound is required for a new lawn, or about half a pound for renovation.

Price, 83 per bushel (16 lbs.); \$1 per 5 lbs.; 25c per lb.; 15c per ½ lb. Ten cents per pound extra if sent by mail.

HOW TO MAKE A LAWN.—A fine lawn is an unfailing mark of intelligence and taste, to obtain which the main point is to start right. It is now a decided fact that Seed will make a better lawn than turf or sod. The best soil is a good medium texture, neither very heavy nor excessively light; the surface should be rasked repeatedly, thoroughly pulverized, and smoothed to the desired grade: remove all large stones, roots, and hardened pieces of earth that can not be readily broken. As portions sink, the hollows should be firmly filled, ample time being allowed for the thorough settling of the soil, which is greatly aided by a few heavy showers of rain, and at the best time for lawn-making (April) these are usually sufficiently abundant. When the soil is firm, level and suitably moist, sow "Suburban" Lawn Grass Seed at the rate of three to four bushels (48 to 64 lbs.) per acre. One pound is sufficient to sow a small yard 15 x 20 feet, or 300 square feet. It is unwise to be too economical in the quantity of seed used, if the best results are desired. The seed should be sown broadcast and as evenly as possible, then rake lightly and give a thorough rolling or pat well with the back of a spade; the seed must be well firmed in the soil. When the young grass will appear to some extent, but onl

RENOVATING LAWNS.—When your lawn has already been established, you will find it to your advantage to lightly re-seed each season. As early as possible, carefully rake off all dead leaves, etc., and sow "Steurean" Lawn Grass Seed at the rate of one bushel (16 lbs.) to the acre; roll thoroughly, or pat well with the back of a spade. To preserve a lawn in good condition, an annual dressing of "Suburban" Lawn Fertilizer (300 to 400 pounds to the acre) should be used.

PERMANENT GRASS SEED FOR GOLF LINKS.

We have always on hand all the valuable natural grasses of Europe and America, and we are familiar with the habits and merits of each. We shall be glad to prescribe for whatever the requirements of the Links may be for poor land or rich, high and dry, or low and wet.

Putting-Green Mixture. A mixture of extra fine grasses, that will make a close, firm, green and lasting turf, which will improve the more it is tramped on......per lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.40; bush. of 20 lbs., \$5.00.

LAWN FERTILIZERS.

El Paso Sheep Manure. No other fertilizer produces such a marked and permanent effect upon lawns. No raking-off required. No seeds of foul weeds in it. No offensive odor. It is clean to handle. Absolutely safe to use in any quantity or in any manner. Use at the rate of from 300 to 500 lbs. per acre......10c lb., 25c for 5 lbs., 50c for 12 lbs., 75c for 25 lbs., \$2.50 per 100 lbs.

Suburban Lawn Fertilizer. Is clean, free from any disagreeable odor; and does not contain weed seeds. Especially prepared for use upon lawns, and contains all the constituents for promoting a quick luxuriant growth, and a rich green color. When making a new lawn apply from 300 to 400 bbs. per acre, raking well into the soil. For improving the lawnscatter the fertilizer broadcast early in the spring. Lawn Fertilizer.....25c for 6 lbs., 50c for 13 lbs., 75c for 25c lbs., \$2.50 per 100 lbs., \$45.00 per ton.

WE SELL LAWN MOWERS AND LAWN ROLLERS. WRITE FOR PRICES.



Pretty trailing plants, producing clusters of sweet-scented, Verbena-like flowers, especially fragrant toward evening, lasting in bloom a long time; effective in beds, rock-work or hanging-baskets. Peel off the husk before sowing the seed. Half-hardy

1 Umbellata. Rosy lilac, white eye; ½ foot...... 5c pkt.

ABUTILON.—(Chinese Bell Flower.)

Greenhouse shrubs of easy cultivation, with beautiful drooping bell-shaped flowers of various colors; can be planted outside during the summer. Half-hardy perennial.

ACACIA.

Elegant half-hardy shrubs, having fine ornamental foliage, and beautiful racemes of various shades of yellow globular flowers. Soak the seed in warm water before sowing.



Abronia.



ACHILLEA THE PEARL.

4 A very free-blooming, hardy perennial plant, of branching habit. Useful for cut-flowers or for planting in eemeteries. Pure white double; 1½ feet.......10c pkt.

ACROCLINIUM.

A beautiful class of everlasting flowers. Charming border plants, and valuable for winter bouquets. The flowers should be cut before they are fully open. Half-

ADONIS.—(Flos Adonis.)

Showy hardy annual of easy culture, with pretty fine-cut foliage, and lasting a long time in bloom.

8 Æstivalis. Dark crimson flowers, with a light center; 1 foot.......5c pkt.

ADLUMIA.—(Mountain Fringe, or Allegheny Vine.)

An attractive and beautiful plant, flowering the first season; of graceful habit and pale green feathery foliage. Hardy biennial.

Agrostemma.

AGROSTEMMA.—(Rose of Heaven.) An attractive free-flowering hardy perennial of easy culture, producing flowers on long slender stems like a single pink. Blooms the first season. Fine for cutting; 1 to 2 feet.

Mixed Varieties5c pkt.

AGERATIM.

Valuable plants for large beds or borders, and very useful where cut-flowers are in demand; in bloom the whole summer; also good for winter blooming, of easy culture, succeeding in any Half hardy annuals.

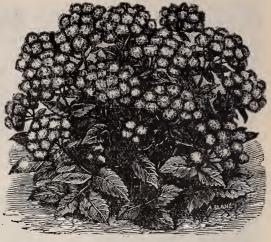
| | PER PKT. |
|----|--|
| 12 | Blue Perfection. Dwarf compact growth, large dark-blue |
| | flowers; valuable for borders and bedding10c |
| 13 | Lasseauxii. Fine rose, long bloomer, 11/2 ft 5c |
| | Little Dorrit. Azure blue, very floriferous, 3/4 ft 5c |
| | Mexicanum. Lavender blue, constant bloomer, 2 ft 5c |
| | Album. White, profuse bloomer, 11/2 ft 5c |
| | Swanley Blue. Very fine for bedding, 3/4 ft 5c |
| | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |

Allegheny Vine.

(See Adlumia.)

ALYSSUM.

One of the sweetest and most useful of summerflowers. It may be used for edgings, rock work, hanging baskets, etc. Continues in bloom the entire season; free-flowering and easily cultivated. It may Hardy annual



Ageratum-Blue Perfection.

AMARANTHUS.

Valuable for its varieties of handsome foliage. Sow the seed early, and set out plants last of May or June. Very effective for backgrounds and borders, or centers of beds. Hardy annual.

21 Bicolor Ruber. Foliage green and dark red, tipped with yel-

Caudatus (Love Lies Bleeding). Long drooping scarlet flowers,

AMMOBIUM.

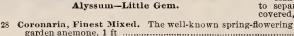
One of the hardiest of everlastings, very desirable for the garden, but more valuable for forming winter bouquets, in connection with grasses and other everlastings. The flowers should be gathered before grasses and other everlastings. fully opened. Hardy annual.

AMPELOPSIS.

(Boston or Japanese Ivv.)



Handsome and easily grown, the seeds should be rubbed in sand to separate them from the cotton-like down with which they are covered, before sowing. Hardy perennial.



garden anemone, 1 ft
Sylvestris (Snowdrop Windflower.) Pure satin white, spring-.....5c pkt. flowering, 1 ft.....

ANGELONIA.

Grandiflora. Fine for culture in house or conservatory, beautiful spikes of sweet-scented blue flowers. Tender perennial, 1½ it...10c pkt, Grandiflora Alba. A fine new plant for pots. The pure white sweet-scented flowers are freely produced, and contrast well with the dark green foliage.

ANTHERICUM.

One of the finest ornamental garden plants, producing freely fine spikes of sweet-scented lily-like flowers through the summer. Hardy perennial, 1½ feet.

2 Liliago (St. Bernard's Lily). Pure white 5c

3 Liliastrum (St. Bruno's Lily). White with delicate spots 5c

ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon.)



Antirrhinum-Tom Thumb.



AQUILEGIA.—(Columbine.)

Popular free-flowering plants, blooming profusely through the

| spring and early summer, and of easiest cultivation. Hardy Percunial |
|--|
| 1 to 2 feet. PER PKT. |
| 39 Alba Flore Plena. Double white; 1½ feet 50 |
| 40 California Hybrida. Large yellow flowers, with dark orange |
| spurs |
| 41 Chrysantha. Golden yellow, fine |
| and sepals, fine |
| 43 Skinneri. Scarlet tipped with green, very handsome and |
| quite distinct10e |
| 44 Stuarti. Large erect blue flowers, pure white corolla |
| 45 Double, Mixed. Choice colors |
| 46 Single, Mixed, Choice colors 56 |

ASPARAGUS SPRENGERI.

Also called Emerald Feather and Abyssinian Parlor Fern. 47 Highly praised everywhere; handsomest seen drooping from a pot or basket. Sprays 4 to 6 feet long, of fresh, green, feathery foliage; useful for bouquets, wreaths or sprays, remaining perfect for weeks after cutting. Grows freely the whole year round; extremely valuable for all purposes. for all purposes 10c pkt.

ARISTOLOCHIA.--(Dutchman's Pipe.)

A climber, with very novel flowers. It grows very rapidly from seed, flowering the first year, if sown early, and is a very pretty vine for outside decoration in summer. Blossoms profusely, even on small plants. Perennial.

ASPERULA.

ASTERS.

The Aster is one of the most popular and effective of our garden favorites. For beauty and variety of habit, form, and color, it stands unrivaled. No family of plants bears such distinct marks of progress in the last few years, in improved strains and new varieties. Give the Aster a deep, rich soil, and a mulching of coarse manure is very beneficial. A little liquid manure occasionally will give good results. Sow early in the house, and transplant into pots or boxes. As soon as the weather is warm enough, plant in beds about twelve inches apart. Half-hardy annuals.



Triumph Aster.



52 Betteridge's Improved Quilled. Perfectly double, large showy flowers;

Giant Comet.

A distinct race; Large flowers with long, loose, wavy petals; very double and profuse bloomers; a most desirable sort.

| | | PER PKT. | | PER PKT. |
|----|---|--------------------------------|------------------|---|
| 56 | Azure. Blue | 10c | 60 | Violet10c |
| 57 | Crimson | 10c | 61 | White10c |
| | Rose | | 62 | Yellow10c |
| | The Bride. White pass | | 63 | Mixed. All colors. |
| | rose | 10c | | \$4.00 oz., 10c |
| 64 | Giant Emperor. Flow finest mixed. 2 ft | ers of enorm | ous siz | e. very double, brilliant colors: |
| 65 | Goliath. Large double, | of great bear | uty: fi | inest mixed. 2½ ft10c |
| 66 | Harlequin. Large flow | ers with stri | ped p | etals, free flowering. 2 ft10c |
| 67 | Japanese Mixed. Flo | wers of imi | nense | size, with long petals curiously |
| | crested and curled: vig | orous growe | r with | long stems10c |
| 68 | Mignon. A valuable cla toria, with flowers a lit | iss, resemblii tle smaller, | ig in h but r | abit, height and form the Vic- nore freely produced, and keep- |

Dwarf Queen Asters.

A beautiful new class of large-flowering asters of dwarf habit; bearing pro-

| | | | for leated nowers of great beauty. |
|----------|---|-------|---|
| 69 70 | Blue 10c pkt. Pink 10c pkt. | 71 72 | White 10c pkt. Mixed. All colors 10c pkt. |

ASTERS.—Continued.

Peony Flowered Perfection.

| ha | One of the best and most extensively cultivated classes, ving large, double, beautifully incurved flowers freely pro- |
|----|---|
| du | ced in the most brilliant colors. 2 ft. PER PKT. |
| 73 | Brilliant Rose |
| 74 | Brilliant Scarlet |
| 75 | Dark Blue |
| 76 | Glowing Dark Crimson |
| 77 | Rose and White 10c |
| 78 | Light Blue 10c |
| 79 | Snow White |
| | Finest Mixed All Colors. \$2.50 oz., 10c |
| 00 | \$2.50 OZ., 10c |



Semple's Giant Aster.

Princess.

Splendid new class, with very double, beautifully imbricated, short petalled flowers resembling Pompon Dahlias, free and long bloomer, superior for cutting. 11/2 ft.

| ł | PER PKT. |
|----|--|
| 81 | Light Blue10c |
| 82 | Rosalind. Bright Rose10c |
| 83 | Snowball. Beautiful snow white10c |
| 84 | White Passing to Rose10c |
| | Prince of Wales. Large globular flowers of beautiful |
| | and brilliant colors, finest mixed. 11/2 ft10c |

Oueen of the Market.

A handsome profuse-blooming class with double, finely formed flowers, coming into bloom 3 to 4 weeks beforeother sorts. Extensively grown by Florists for early cutting. 1 to 1% ft.

| 10 | own by Florists for early cutting. | . 1 10 1/2 11. | |
|----|--|---|----|
| ; | Crimson5c pkt. | [89 Rose 5c pkt | t |
| | Dark Blue5c pkt. | 90 White5c pkt | |
| 3 | Light Blue5c pkt. | 91 Mixed. All Colors. \$2.00 oz., 5c pkt | ٠ |
| : | Rose Flowered. A beautiful regular imbricated, brilliant-col | al variety, pyramidal, robust habit | t. |

Semple's Branching.

A superior and free-flowering class. The flowers are large, with graceful wavy petals on long stems; excellent for cutting. 3½ ft. 96 Mixed, All Colors. 93 Light Blue10c pkt.

94 Pink10c pkt.

\$4.00 oz., 10c pkt.

Triumph.

Flowers of faultless Pœony form, all petals being beautifully incurved. The color is peculiarly rich and brilliant.

7 Deep Scarlet. Color rich, brilliant scarlet; plants bearing from 30 to 40 flowers. Height, about 7 in. Is well adapted for borders or

McCULLOUGH'S IMPROVED VICTORIA.

An unrivaled and favorite class. The flowers are of great size, measuring four inches and over across, and of great richness and variety of color; from 20 to 40 on a plant; height, 12 to 15 inches.

| | PER PKT. | PER PKT. | P. | ER PKT. |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|----------|
| 99 Blue and White. | 10c + 102 Lig | ht Blue | 105 White | 10c |
| 100 Crimson | 10c 103 Ros | se10c | 106 Yellow | 10c |
| 101 Dark Blue | 10c 104 Sca | rlet10c | 107 Finest Mixed. All colors\$4.00 | oz., 10c |
| 108 Washington. Th | is splendid variety is the larg | est Aster grown, bearing flowers | 5 to 6 inches in diameter, very double, | mixed |
| colors | | | | Oc pkt. |
| | mlandid maintana of colone | | | |

BALSAM.—(Lady Slipper, or Touch-Me-Not.)

One of the oldest and best known summer-blooming annuals, of easy culture, producing the most striking flowers in abundance. Desirable for garden or pot culture. The soil should be of the richest and best quality. Set them about fifteen inches apart, and give them plenty of manure-water. Tender annuals; 2 feet.

112 McCullough's Premier Mixed. Unrivalled for the great variety of color and size of flower; includes all the most desirable

Bachelor's Button.—(See Cyanus.) Balsam Apple and Pear.-(See Momordica.) Balloon Vine.—(See Cardiospermum.)

BEANS.

Very rapid climbers; flowering profusely, and admirably adapted for covering screens, etc.



Camellia-Flowered Balsams.

BEGONIA.

Plants of great value for summer decoration or window gardening. To secure relation of great value for summer decoration or window gardening. To secure the best results, they should be planted as soon as the ground becomes warm. They are covered the whole summer with bright and elegant drooping flowers; blooming the first season from seed, if sown in February or March, in a temperature of 60 degrees. For winter and spring blooming, sow from August to October. Tubers must be kept from frost in dry sand. Greenhouse perennial.

120 New Frilled. A most unique form, with very large single flowers which are entirely distinct. The petals being wavy and beautifully frilled on the edges similar to the newer forms of Petunias. A decided acquisition......25c

121 Gigantea Cristata. (Bearded Tuberous Rooted Begonia). The flowers are single, very large, and in great variety of color. The remarkable feature, however, is that attached to each petal is an irregularly fringed appendage which adds greatly to their beauty. 25c

Semperflorens. The following new perpetual flowering varieties, are very effective for bedding and greenhouse decoration.

122 Atrosanguinea. Large deep red flowers and bronze green foliage

123 Crimson Gem. Rich, red flowers, and crimson bronze foliage 15c

124 Duchess of Edinburgh. Very large white flowers suffused with pink......15c

126 Double Tuberous Rooted. Mixed......25c



Single Begonias.



Bellis-Double Daisy.

HINTS

ON THE CULTURE OF FLOWERS FROM SEED.

Much annoyance and disappointment may be saved by giving close attention to the following: Avoid especially deep planting, over-watering, under-watering, or sowing too thickly.

BELLIS .- (Double Daisy.)

A favorite plant, in bloom from April to June. The seed we offer is saved from the finest double varieties. Daisies can be easily raised from seed sown

128 Longfellow. A fine, large, double-flowering Daisy, with dark rose

flowers 10c

129 Snowball. A beautiful white variety, with long stem, and very double flowers; fine for cutting 10c

130 New Giant Double. Beautifully and densely imbricated flowers 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Finest mixed 15c

131 Finest Mixed. All colors 10c

BRACHYCOME.

(SWAN RIVER DAISY.)

Free-flowering, dwarf-growing plants, covered during the greater part of the summer with a profusion of pretty, Cineraria-like flow-

ers. Suitable for edgings and small beds, or pot culture. Half-hardy annual. 1 foot. 132 Brachycome, Mixed. Light blue and white......5c pkt.

BROWALLIA.

Free-flowering plants, covered with rich, delicate flowers, which continue to bloom during the summer and autumn. Sow during April and May, in good, light, rich soil. Half-hardy annual.

133 Browallia. Fine mixed. 11/2 feet......5c pkt.

BRYONOPSIS.

A pretty climber, with ivy-like foliage, and beautifully marked green fruit which changes to bright scarlet, marbled white. Halfhardy annual.

134 Bryonopsis. 10 feet......5c pkt.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN.—(See Thunbergia.) BLUE-BOTTLE OR RAGGED SAILOR,—(See Cyanus.)



Brachycome.



yellow.....

CACTUS.

Beautiful plants for pot culture in the window or greenhouse. The flowers of some are very beautiful, and the foliage of others very curious.

CALENDULA. - (Pot Marigold.)

138 Prince of Orange, This

novelty surpasses in beauty the well-known, popular Calendula Met-

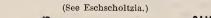


Calceolaria.

CALCEOLARIA.

Unsurpassed for pot culture in the greenhouse or conservatory; producing their brilliant flowers in great profusion and variety. The blooms are remarkable for their oddness of shape, and for their richness, diversity, and variety of color. 140 Hybrida Grandiflora. Mixed. From the finest formed and most beautifully marked varieties, striped and spotted ... 25c pkt.

CALLIOPSIS OR COREOPSIS. Showy and beautiful free-flowering annuals, blooming all summer and excellent for cutting. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet. for cutting. 5c 145 Grandiflora (California Sunbeams). Improved hardy varieties. The flowers, besides being very large, vary in form; some arc flat, while others are like Giant Buttercups, with broad fringed petals, and range from light to very deep yellow. The stems are long, and the flowers keep fresh in water for a week or ten days.....10c CALIFORNIA POPPY.





Campanula.

CAMPANULA.

Well-known beau-tiful hardy herbaceous perennial, bearing a great pro-fusion of attractive bell-flowers; thriv-ing best in light rich soil; some of the varieties flower the first season if planted early.

146 Japonicus. fine perennial flowering the first sea-son from seed; the flowers are three inches in diameter, semi-double and of intense blue color, and pro-duced in great profusion on n ous branches numer-

10c pkt.



Calliopsis.

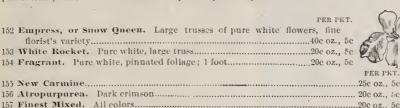
147 Media Calycanthema. White and blue flowers, resembling a

What we can not Recommend we do not Catalogue, and what we do not Catalogue you do not want,

CANDYTUFT.

Universally known and cultivated, and considered indispensable for cutting. All the varieties look best in beds or masses. Seed sown in antumn produces flowers early in spring; when sown in April flowers from July till frost comes. Hardy and easy to cultivate. Single plants transplanted look well and bloom profusely. Hardy annual.

158 Tom Thumb, Finest Mixed. All colors. 6 inches...... 5c





HARDY PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT.

White Rocket Candytuft.

159 Iberis Sempervirens. A profuse white-blooming hardy perennial, adapted for rockeries, baskets, etc.; 1 foot......10c 160 Iberis Gibraltarica Hybrida. Very fine species, with white flowers,

CANNA.—(Indian Shot Plant.)

Highly ornamental plants, producing a rich effect by their large, broad and massive foliage, and spikes of brilliant flowers. Soak the seeds 12 hours in hot water before planting; sow in sandy loam or peat, and place in a hot-bed; when up to the second leaf, pot off singly and keep under glass until the proper season for planting out. Half hardy perennial.

161 Crozy's New Large-flowering Dwarf, French. Comprising all the newest and most beautiful varieties. (See cut)......10c 162 Gigantea Major. Dard red; 6 to 8 ft...... 5c 163 Fine Mixed......per oz. 40c., 5c

CARDIOSPERMUM.—(Balloon Vinc.)

A rapid growing annual climber; succeeds best in light soil and warm situation; flowers white; seed vessels look like miniature balloons. 165 Cardiospermum. (Love-in-a-Puff.) White; 5 ft......5c pkt.

FOR EARLY BLOOM.

Crozy's Cannas.

Flowering soon after the seed is sown, we would recommend Alyssum. Candytuft, Calliopsis, Larkspur, Mignonette, Petunia, Phlox and Double Poppies.

CARNATION.

Carnations and Picotee Pinks are general favorites for their delic-

\$1.00 1/4 oz., 10c

CASTOR OIL BEAN.-(See Ricinus.)



Marguerite Carnation.



CENTROSEMA.

(The Butterfly Pea.)

175 This interesting and beautiful novelty is a hardy perennial vine of rare and exquisite beauty. It blooms early in June from seed sown in April, and bears in the greatest profusion inverted pea-shaped flowers, from 1½ to 2½ in. in diameter, ranging in color from a rosy violet to a reddish purple.,,10c pkt.

CELOSIA. OR COCKSCOMB.

Free-blooming, graceful plants, growing best in rather light soil, not too rich, producing spikes of beautiful feathery and comb-shaped flowers; grown in pots, they are fine for the greenhouse or conservatory. The plumed varieties are fine for cutting and drying for winter bouquets, which should be done when they are in full bloom, and before they fade. Half-hardy annuals.



Celosia. Glasgow Prize.

CENTAUREA. (Dusty Miller.)

An interesting and showy variety of plants used extensively for ribbon bordering or carpet bedding. Also fine for vases,

(Ragged Sailor, Cornflower or Blue Bottle.) CENTAUREA CYANUS.

192 Moschata, Finest Mixed. (Sweet Sultan). Sweet scented and free flowering, in choice colors. 2 feet 5c pkt.

193 Suaveolens. Beautiful, yellow, thistle-like, sweet-scented





Centaurea Marguerite.

CINERARIA.

A well known green house plant, having a range and brightness of color scarcely surpassed. It may be had in bloom through the greater part of the year.

194 Hybrida Grandiflora. This strain of Cineraria cannot be surpassed, either for size of flowers or beauty of color. Many of the blooms measure 2½ inches in diameter. We have received very flattering reports from florists and private gardeners of their suc-

erimson

208 Double Mixed. Large flowering double varieties. All the rich and beautiful colors of the single sorts exist in this beautiful selection

209 Maritima Candidissima. (Dusty Miller.) Silver foliage. Fine for bedding; ribbon beds and margins, half hardy perennials.



Cineraria Hybrida Grandiflora.

CHRYSANTHEMUM.

Showy and effective garden favorite, extensively grown for cut flowers. The hardy annuals are summer-flowering border plants; good for pot culture, and quite distinct from the autumn flowering varieties.



Chrysanthemum Tricolor.

CLARKIA.

CLEMATIS.

Handsome hardy climbers, for training on walls, trellises, etc., or PER PKT.

CLIANTHUS.—(Australian Glory Pea)

COBAEA SCANDENS.

A magnificent rapid-growing summer climber, and bearing large bell-shaped white and purple flowers. In sowing, place the seeds edge-

COLEUS.

One of the most beautiful of our variegated foliage plants for house or garden decoration, of rapid growth and easy culture. PER PKT. 224 New Large-Leaved Varieties. Finest mixture, saved from new varieties, with very large and superbly variegated foliage. 25c



Coleus.

CONVOLVULUS MAJOR.

(MORNING GLORY.)

One of the most free-flowing and rapid-growing plants in cultivation, thriving in almost situation. The beauty and delicacy of their brilliant flowers are unsurpassed. Hardy



Imperial Japanese Morning Glory.

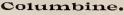
P1 227 Double Flowering. About eighty per cent. of the seedlings will produce double flowers, the remainder semi-double or single...10c pkt., 3 pkts. for 25c

228 New Imperial Japanese. The flowers are of gi-gantic size, exquisite variety of colors and with magnificent marbled foliage. The flowers measure from four to six inches across. The colors are limitless in variety and very beautiful. Of easy culture, and if sown early will produce magnifi cently. Choicest mixed.....10c pkt., 3 pkts. for 25c

Convolvulus Minor.

(DWARF MORNING GLORY.)

Rich-colored, handsome dwarf trailing plants, producing in beds and mixed borders an unusually brilliant effect. Hardy annuals. 1 ft.



(See Aquilegia.)

Coreopsis.

Double Flowering Morning Glory.

(See Calliopsis.)



Cosmos.

PER PKT.

Beautiful autumn-blooming plants. The flowers are borne profusely on long stems, and present a charming appearance when the plants are in full bloom. Should be sown in spring, in the open ground, when danger of frost is past, or the seed may be started under cover and afterwards transplanted. It is of the easiest culture, planted about eighteen inches apart in rows or in masses in beds. When the plants are about a foot high, the tops should be pinched out to induce a bushy growth, and this should be continued until the middle of July, when they should have formed nice bushy plants three feet high by the same in diameter. They produce, from September until cut down by frost, thousands of beautiful flowers, furnishing an abundance of cut blooms for autumn decoration when other flowers are scarce PER PKT.

COSMOS.

 231 Large Flowered Perfection, Crimson
 \$1.50 Oz., 10c

 232 "" "" Fink
 \$1.50 Oz., 10c

 233 "" "" White
 \$1.50 Oz., 10c

 234 "" "" Wixed
 \$1.50 Oz., 10c

 234 "" "" Silonoz., 5c

235 Giant Early Flowering, Finest Mixed. Superb mixture in every shade, from pure white to crimson, and in great variety of forms. Immense flowers, four to five inches in diametr. \$2.00 oz., 10c 236 California Monster Hybrids. The flowers of this new strain

are of immense size, and produced in great diversity of form and color. Finest mixed \$2.00 oz., 10c 237 Tints of Dawn. White ground, flushed pink of various forms;

very beautiful



Charming plants, with beautiful foliage and rich-colored, fragrant flowers, universal favorites for winter and spring blooming. The Giganteum varieties have large leaves and stout flower stalks, throwing the flowers well above the foliage. Seed may be sown any time during the autumn or spring in shallow boxes (two inches deep) at a temperature of 60°. As soon as the seedlings have made two leaves, transplant into 2-inch pots, and place on shelf near the light shaded from direct sunlight. Shift into 3-inch size, and into larger as the permitting becomes necessary. operation becomes necessary.

operation becomes necessary.

241 Crimson King. Very large, brilliant color.

35c
242 Duke of Connaught. Rich purplish crimson, of unusually large size .35c
243 Excelsior. White, red base; fine.

35c
244 Mont Blanc. Pure white; extra fine.

35c
245 Picturatum. White and pink.

35c
246 Princess May. Bright pink, beautiful large flowers of fine form.

35c
247 Prince of Wales. Large, brilliant red, of fine form and substance.

35c
248 Sanguineum. Intense blood-red; fine.

35c
249 Finest Mixed. A magnificent strain, with flowers of large size and
great substance. The leaves are large and beautifully marked with
silver grey.

25c



Cyclamen.

CYPRESS VINE.

One of the most popular summer climbers; flowers small, thickly set, in delicate fern-like foliage. Half-hardy annual.

| | PER P | KT. |
|------------------|-----------|-----|
| 250 Searlet | Oz. 30c. | 5c |
| 251 White | Oz. 31 e. | 5e |
| 252 Mixed Colors | Oz. 30e. | 5c |
| | | |

DAHLIA.

One of our best autumnal flowering plants; blooms until killed by frost; tuberous-rooted half-hardy perennials, blooming the first year from seed, if sown early; protect the roots during winter in a dry cellar in sand. 2 to 6 feet.

- 253 Double Large-Flowered. Saved from the best double largest flowered sorts; unrivalled strain.
 254 Pompon. Small-dlowered, from named varieties; very fine.....
 255 Single Giant Perfection. A new strain, surpassing all others

DATURA. (Trumpet Flower.)

In large clumps and borders of shrubbery they produce an ex-eellent effect, continuing in bloom until frost; flowering the first year from seed, if sown early. They can be preserved in sand during the winter in a dry eellar free from frost. Half-hardy perennials, 3 ft.

- 257 Arborea (Brugmansia). Large single trumpet-shaped, white, fragrant flowers, about 12 inches long; plant out in May 10c
- 259 Double Golden. Large double flowers, of a deep golden-
- 260 Fastuosa Huberiana. Large double flowers of various colors. 5c



Double Dahlias.

DELPHINIUM. (Perennial Larkspur.)

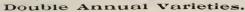
Magnificent border plants with gorgeous spikes of bloom, varying in shade from the most delicate white to the richest blue. If the seed is sown early they will flower the first season.

- 264 Grandiflorum Fl. Pl. Finest double, mixed in great variety of charming
- 266 Zalil. A lovely shade of sulphur yellow. 4 ft.10c
 267 Hybrida, Fl. Pl. Fin-
- est double variety.
 Mixed......10c

DIANTHUS OR PINKS.

A magnificent genus, embracing some of the most popular flowers in cultivation

ular flowers in cultivation, producing a great variety of brilliant colors and profusion of bloom; highly valued for cutting. The hardy bicunials, or Chinese and Japanese varieties, bloom the first season, the same as hardy annuals; heig. I foot. The hardy perennial varieties are very fragrant and of easy culture for the garden or greenhouse.



- - and beautifully striped Oz. \$1.00 5c

Single Annual Varieties.

- 276 Crimson Belle. Of largest size, dark crimson.....Oz, \$1.00 5c 277 Eastern Queen. Beautifully marbled with light and dark



Dianthus Chinensis.





DIANTHUS HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

These hardy varieties are well adapted for beds and borders, delightfully sweet-scented; should be in every garden where cut flowers are wanted.

DIGITALIS.—(Foxglove.)

A handsome and highly ornamental hardy perennial plant, of stately growth, fine for shrubberies and other half-shady places; 3 ft.

286 Gloxinæflora. Gloxinia-shaped flowers; a lovely type; all colors

288 Monstrosa. Long spike of many flowers surmounted with one enor-

DOLICHOS.—(Hyacinth Bean.)

Ornamental climbers, often growing 15 to 20 ft. in a season, bearing clustered spikes of purple and white flowers. Tender annuals.

DRACAENA.

Ornamental plants with long, graceful foliage, extensively used in vases and for house decoration. Tender Perennial.

291 Finest Mixed. Including the best sorts.

292 Indivisa. Narrow, dark green foliage.

293 Veitchii. The midrib is a beautiful, deep red on the back, graceful.....10c

Dusty Miller.—(See Centaurea and Cineraria.)

ECHEVERIA.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA.—(California Poppy.)

A showy and profuse-flowering variety of plants, with rich, beautiful colors. Delight in a rich soil. Very attractive for beds, edging, or massing. Hardy annuals; 1 ft.



Euphorbia Heterophylla.



Eschscholtzia Californica.

PER PKT 295 Californica. Bright yellow, with orange center30c oz., 5c

Everlasting, Eternal or Straw Flowers.

(See Acroclinium, Ammobium, Gomphrena, Helichrysum, Rhodanthe and Xeranthemum.)

EUPHORBIA.

Strong growing annuals suitable for beds of tall growing plants or mixed borders; the flowers are inconspicuous; the foliage, however, is exceedingly ornamental.

- 299 Variegata. "Snow on the Mountain." A hardy, showy border plant, with foliage veined and margined with white. Very attractive; 11/4 ft. Hardy annual5c pkt.



FERNS.

These ornamental plants are too well-known to need any description. Sow in spring, in shallow boxes, lightly covering the seed with soil. Keep moist with a covering of fine moss, and in a temperature of 60 degrees. PER PKT

Feverfew. (See Pyrethrum.) Forget=Me=Not. (See Myosotis.)

Foxglove. (See Digitalis.)

FUCHSIA.

A well-known plant of easy culture, for the house or shady situations in the garden; the seed we offer is saved from the finest single and double named varietics.

301 Mixed .. 302 Procumbens. Fine for hanging baskets, flowering through the winter, 15c

GAILLARDIA.

Splendid bedding plants, remarkable for the profusion, size and brillianey of their flowers, continuing in bloom during the summer and autumn. Annuals. 11/2 ft.

PER PKT.

304 Picta Lorenziana. A charming profuse double-flowering strain; beauti-306 Grandiflora Superba. Splendid new perennial varieties with very large flowers, dark erimson centres, marked with rings of many brilliant colors......10e

.....10c

GENISTA.

308 Canariense. Handsome plants for room decoration, with bright yellow flowers; grown in five or six inch pots they make fine specimens. Tender perennial......10c

GERANIUM.

Although perennials, they will produce nice bushy plants and flower from seed sown the same season. The heads of gorgeous flowers, of many shades of color, borne continuously, render this one of

the most popular plants grown,

either for pot culture in winter or for bedding out in summer. PER PKT. 309 Apple Scented. Leaves delightfully fragrant; highly prized for bouquets......15c

310 Lady Washington Geranium. Grand plants for pot culture; flowers, an inch or more across, are borne in immense clusters through spring and summer; colors are rich in the extreme, and beautifully marked.....

311 Zonale Large Flowering, Mixed. From new varieties10c



Very pretty tall and dwarf varieties. Will bloom in any situation. Also grows well in pots, and may be planted in rockeries and used for massing. Hardy annual.



GLOXINIA.

A superb genus of greenhouse plants, producing magnificent flowers of the richest colors: thrive best in an equal mixture of peat, loam and sand. Sow in March, on the surface, in a warm, moist atmosphere. When the second leaf appears, transplant into shallow pots to grow through summer. Allow them to rest through autumn, and keep in same pots through winter, giving little water. In spring re-pot and water freely; will blossom second season. Stove perennial bulbs.

| 314 Hybrida Erecta. Erect large flowering varieties in splendid mixture | 25c |
|--|-----|
| 315 Defiance. Large, erect flowers of an intense, glowing, erimson-searlet | 25c |
| 316 Mont Blanc. Large, erect, pure white | 25c |



Gaillardia Picta.

Gloxinia.



Godetia Lady Albemarle.

GNAPHALIUM.—(Edelweiss.)

This famous flower of the Alps is of a downy texture, star-shaped, and

GODETIA.

Beautiful garden annual, of easy culture in any good soil. Large flowers, embracing a great variety of rich colors. Can be grown in pots: | Howers, emoracing a great variety of rich colors. Can be grown in posts | 1½ feet. Hardy annual. | PER PRET. | 138 Duchess of Albany. | Beautiful, large flowers, of rich satiny-white. 5c | 19 Lady Albemarle. | Carmine-crimson. | Compact habit. | Very beautiful. | 5c | 5c | 321 Finest Mixed. | 36c oz., 5c | 5c | 321 Finest Mixed. | 36c oz., 5c | 5c | 321 Finest Mixed. | 36c oz., 5c | 321 Finest Mixed. | 36c oz

GOMPHRENA.—(Globe Amaranth.)

A desirable everlasting, valuable for its handsome globular heads of flowers. Seed germinate very slowly. If the cotton coating which surrounds it is removed, the seed will be more certain to grow. Half-hardy annual.

GRASSES, ORNAMENTAL.

When carefully dried, they are useful in making up winter bouquets. Cut when in full bloom, and before the flowers get too old; tie in small bunches and hang up in a dry, dark place, with their heads downward.

323 Briza Maxima (Large Quaking Grass.) A beautiful variety. Hardy-annual;

GOURDS.

A tribe of climbers with curiously shaped fruit, in various colors. Being of rapid growth, they are fine to cover old fences, trellises, stumps, etc. The foliage is quite ornamental, and the marking of some of the fruit quite extraordinary. Do not plant the seed till all danger of frost is over, and select rich, mellow ground. Tender annual climbers, 10 to 20 ft. high.



Gomphrena

PER PKT.

Gourds.

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA. (Silk Oak.) 341 A very beautiful and graceful decorative plant with fern-like foliage; excellent for table decoration; easily raised from seed, producing good-size | plants in a short time.......10c

GYPSOPHILIA.—(Bridal Veil or Baby's Breath.) Free-flowering little plants, completely covered with starry white flowers, succeeding in any soil; well suited for hanging baskets and edgings. Hardy perennial.

342 Paniculata. White, fine for bouquets5c pkt.

HEDYSARUM.—(French Honeysuckle.)

A free-growing, showy border plant, of easy culture. Bears attractive pea-shaped flowers. Hardy

HELICHRYSUM.

Everlasting flowers, large and full. Colors, white, yellow, and red. Cut just before the flowers

HELIOTROPE.

A half-hardy perennial, flowering during the whole season; its delightful perfume makes it a most desirable bouquet flower; a splendid bedding plant, or can be trained as a greenhouse climber. Seed sown in the spring will make fine plants for summer blooming.

PER PKT.
345 Lemoine's Giant. Of robust growth and producing heads of flowers double the size of the



Heliotrope.



Helianthus Cucumerifolius.

HELIANTHUS. (Sunflower.)

Remarkable for the stately growth, size and brilliancy of their flowers. It is also raised as an absorbent of miasma in damp or ill-drained situations, thus preventing fevers. The seed is good for feeding poultry. Hardy annuals.

351 Manmoth Russian. Extra large flowers, with an abundance of seed........ 5c
352 Multiflorus. Large double golden-yellow flowers, forming a magnificent
ball. 4 feet......

HELIPTERUM SANFORDI.

357 A very pretty border annual of dwarf habit bearing large globular clusters of bright golden-yellow everlasting flowers. 1 foot.. 5c

HEUCHERA.

358 Sanguinea Splendens. One of the finest of recent introductions among hardy per-

HIBISCUS. (Marsh Mallows.)

Showy, ornamental plants, for mixed beds or shrubbery border, having large-sized, varied, and beautiful-colored flowers.

360 Hibiscus Africanus. Large, cream-colored flowers, with a brown center; hardy an-

seed sown early ... _____10c



Early free-flowering plants. Admired for their silver-like seed pods. Hardy biennial. 362 Lunaria Biennis,......5c pkt.

HOLLYHOCK.

Few hardy plants combine as many good qualities, or lend themselves as readily to varied uses, as the Hollyhock. For planting in rows or groups on the lawn, or for interspersing among the shrubbery, they are invaluable. The flowers form perfect rosettes of the most lovely colors. It is not surprising that this old favorite should again become popular; for, by careful selection, the flowers have been so much improved that they are marvels of beauty and elegance. The Hollyhock requires a rich, deep soil, well drained, and will repay, in quantity and elegance of bloom, any extra care. A slight protection during winter will be beneficial. We make a specialty of Hollyhocks, and the seed we offer is saved from the very best double flowers of pure and bright colors. Seeds sown during the summer make strong blooming plants for the following year.



Heuchera Sanguinea Splendens.

PER PKT.

363 Mammoth Fringed Allegheny. The mammoth flowers are wonderfully formed of loosely arranged fringed petals, which

look as if made from the finest China silk. The color varies from pale pink to deep red. The plants are of majestic growth, sending up spikes six to seven feet high, and is of a strong constitution, not being troubled with the disease so prevalent among Hollyhocks. Is a free and persistent flowerer, coming into bloom in June and lasting until frost, every bud opening, and the plant looking well at all times......2 pkts, for 25c., 15c

| 364 | Double Crimson | 10c |
|-----|---|-----|
| 365 | Double Pink | 10c |
| 366 | Double Scarlet | 10e |
| 367 | Double White | 10e |
| 368 | Double Yellow | 10c |
| 369 | Chater's Prize, Double Mixed. This strain stands unrivaled in rich- | |
| | ness and delicacy of coloring, with magnificent spikes of very double | |
| | flowers | 10c |
| 270 | Finant Mined All colons | |



Hollyhock.



Humulus Japonicus Variegatus.

IMPATIENS.

Charming plants for the decoration of the greenhouse or dinner table, producing their bright waxy-looking flowers profusely and almost continuously. The young seedlings should be repotted when about an inch high and very care-fully handled, as they are exceedingly brittle at the outset.

ultani Hybrida. Remarkably beautiful hybrids of this much-admired plant in varying shades of color, from delicate pink to the deepest red............15c 375 Sultani Hybrida.

IPOMEA.

Climbers of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers; for covering old walls, trellises, arbors, or stumps of trees, they are invaluable.

376 Coccinea (Star Ipomea). Scarlet, star-shaped flowers.



HUMULUS JAPONICUS.

Annual climbing Hop, of rapid growth, valuable for covering trellises and verandas. Tender annual.

371 Japonicus (Japan Hop.) Green foliage; 20 ft......5c pkt.

aponicus Variegatus. A variegated variety of the Japanese Hop. The leaves are beautifully and distinctly marked with silvery white, yellowish-white and light and dark green. As with the green-leaved variety, it is never injured by insects nor affected by the heat, but retains its fresh and bright variegated foliage 372 Japonicus Variegatus. until late in the autumn......5c pkt.

ICE PLANT.

Handsome and curious plant for hanging baskets, rock-work, vases and edgings. The leaves and stems are covered with crystalline globules, giving it the appearance of being covered with ice. Succeeds best in a sandy soil and warm situation. Half-hardy.

373 Ice Plant. (Mesembryanthemum. Crystallinum......5cpkt.

Indian Shot .- (See Canna.)

IPOMOPSIS.—(Standing Cypress.)

One of our most attractive free-flowering plants, with fine foliage; beautiful for conservatory or garden decoration; succeeds in a dry, rich soil, producing long spikes of dazzling colored flowers; half-hardy biennials, blooming the first season if the seed is sown early in the house or hot-bed; 3 ft.

374 Fine Mixed.....



Cross Bred or Hybrid Moon Flower.

PER PET.

377 Cross Bred or Hybrid Moon Flower. At night and during dull days the plants are covered with an abundance of large, purewhite, fragrant nowers 5 to 6 inches in diameter. It is a rapid within a few months will grow as much as 40 feet. To grower, and within a few months will grow as much as 40 feet. To insure germination, take a sharp knife and cut a small nick in shell of each seed, and soak in lukewarm water for about four

878 Northern Light. A cross between the Moonflower and the Brazilian Morning-Glory. It produces blossoms 2 inches in diameter, of pink-lavender color, which come earlier in the season than any of the Ipomoeas which open in the evening. The foliage is large and handsome, and remarkable in its drouth-resisting qualities, the plant remaining green and fresh when others are yellow and withered from lack of moisture.

380 Mixed. All colors...... 5e

Should you receive two copies of this Catalogue you will confer a favor by handing the extra copy to a friend who has a garden.

MARIGOLD.





MARVEL OF PERU.

The well-known Four O'Clocks. A handsome free-flowering garden favorite; half-hardy perennial; blooming the first season from seed. PER PKT

410 Finest Mixed. Beautiful colors. 2 feet.....

MATHIOLA BICORNIS.

(Evening Scented Stock.)

411 Pink and lilac flowers. The delicious rich perfume emitted by the flowers in the afternoon and evening is delightful. Hardy annual. 1 foot....... 5c

MATRICARIA. (Feverfew.)

Free-flowering hardy plants; a fine bedding plant, or for pot culture, blooms until frost; hardy annuals. 1 foot.

MAURANDYA.

Charming half-hardy perennial climbers, with beautiful flowers and foliage. From their graceful, slender growth they are admirably adapted for hanging baskets, vases and trellis work.

 414 Barclayana.
 Deep violet; fine.
 10 feet.
 10c

 415 Finest Mixed.
 All colors.
 10 feet.
 10c

MIGNONETTE. (Reseda Odorata.)

PER PKT.

420 Machet. Dwarf pyramidal growth, with very large thick spikes, deliciously, fragrant; one of best for forcing.....Oz. 75c. 10c

422 Miles Spiral. Dwarf branching habit, with long spikes, fragrant, excellent for market purposes......Oz. 50c. 5c

MIMOSA. (Sensitive Plant.)

Curious and interesting plants, with pinkish-white flowers, well-known for the extreme irritability of its leaves, which close and droop at the slightest touch. Half-hardy annual. 1½ feet. 423 Pudica. Sensitive plant...... 5c

MIMULUS. (Monkey Flower.)

Handsome, profuse flowering plants, with brilliant colored flowers. Fine for conservatory or house plants. Requires a rich, moist, shady situation. Half-hardy perennials.

424 Moschatus (Musk Plant.) Yellow, very fragrant. ½ foot.......10c 425 Tigrinus Grandiflorus. Beautiful, large flowered, tigered and

MINA LOBATA.

427 Charming half-hardy, Mexican climbing annual. In color the buds are at first a vivid red, but turn to orange-yellow before they open, when fully expanded of a creamy-white shade. They flower from base to top, and attain a height of 18 to 20 ft..10c



Mignonette Machet.

MOMORDICA.

(Balsam Apple.) PER PKT.

Very curious trailing vines with ornamental foliage, fruit golden yellow, warted, and when ripe opens, showing the seeds and its brilliant carmine interior; fine for rock-work, stumps, etc. Half-bardy annual. 10 feet.

 428 Balsamina. (Balsam Apple)
 5c

 429 Charantia. (Balsam Pear)
 5e

 Moon Flower. (See Ipomea.)

Morning Glory. (See Convolvulus.)

MUSA.

MYOSOTIS. (Forget-Me-Not.)

442 443 444



Dwarf Nasturtium.

| | D William Little Control | | |
|-----|---|---------|------|
| | 1 | PER OZ. | PKT. |
| | King Theodore. Dark maroon, bluish-green foliage. One of the best | 30e | 5e |
| 446 | Lady Bird. Rich golden yellow, barred with bright ruby crimson. | | 5c |
| | Luteum. Fine yellow | | 5c |
| | Pearl. Creamy white | | 5c |
| 449 | Prince Heury. Golden yellow, marbled and spotted with brilliant scarlet | | 5c |
| 450 | Rose. Light rose, splendid color | 25c | 5c |
| | | | |

Tall Varieties.

Elegant profuse-flowering plants for verandas, trellises, etc., bearing their gorgeous flowers in profusion until killed by frost. The seed pods can be gathered while green and tender, for pickling. Half-hardy annuals; six to ten feet.

PER OZ. PKT.

456 Chameleon. A new variety, producing variously colored flowers on the same plant. Self-colored flowers are found while others are stained and flushed, also with light or dark margins. One of the most distinct and useful

| margins. One of the most distinct and useful | | |
|---|-----|-----|
| novelties of recent years | | 10c |
| 457 Crimson. Deep rich color | 20c | 5c |
| 458 Heinemanni. Chocolate color | 20c | 5c |
| 459 King Theodore. Rich dark maroon, dark | | |
| leaves | 20c | 5c |
| 460 Luteum. Fine yellow | 20c | 5c |
| 461 Orange. Orange red, fine color | 20c | 5c |
| 462 Pearl. Creamy white | 20c | 5c |
| 463 Prince Henry. Light yellow, marbled and | 200 | 00 |
| striped with bright scarlet | 20c | 5c |
| | 20c | |
| 464 Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet, fine | | 5c |
| 465 Spotted. Straw color, spotted | 20c | 5c |
| 466 Vesuvins. Brilliant Salmon rose, dark leaves; | | |
| extra large flowers | 30c | 10c |
| 467 McCullough's Premier Mixed. A mixture | | |
| from finest named varieties50c 1/4 lb., | 20c | 5c |
| 468 Fine Mixed. All colors | 15c | 5c |
| | | |

NASTURTIUMS.

DWARF, OR TOM THUMB VARIETIES.

The improved varieties of the Dwarf Nasturtium are among the most popular and beautiful of our garden plants. Their neat, compact growth, rich colored flowers and free-blooming and long-lasting qualities, together with their adaptability to almost any soil or situation, make them misnipassed for garden decoration. In our mixtures, which we make up from named varieties, will be found a great variety of most beautiful colors, and a trial of them is sure to give the greatest satisfaction. Hardy annual. I ft.

138 Aurora. Chrome-yellow, spotted and striped with deep grinsou growth and striped with deep growth and striped

| | | 200 | 00 |
|-----|--|-----|------------|
|) . | Chameleon. A new variety, producing variously col- | | |
| | ored flowers on the same plant. The neat bushes are | | |
| | | | |
| | covered with an abundance of richly colored flowers | | |
| | of different colors and markings. A decidedly valu- | | |
| | able acquisition | | 10c |
| | | 00- | |
| | Crystal Palace Gem. Sulphur, maroon spot | 20c | 5c |
| 2 | Empress of India. Splendid variety, brilliant crim- | | |
| | son with dark foliage | 30c | 5c |
| 2 | Golden King. Brilliant yellow | 30c | 5e |
| ? | The state of the s | 90C | 96 |
| Ŧ | King of Tom Thumbs. Intense deep scarlet flowers, | | |
| | dark foliage | 25c | 5 c |
| _ | | | |
| т. | 451 Ruby King. Brilliant crimson rose | 25c | E 0 |
| | | | 5c |
| _ | 452 Spotted King. Yellow, brown spots | 25c | 5c |
| Бe | 453 McCullongh's Premier Mixed. A mixture | | |
| | from fluest named varieties60c 1/4 lb., | 20e | 5c |
| 5c | 454 Fine Mixed. All colors | | |
| | 101 1 100 Miletin Mile | 15c | 5e |
| 5 C | | | |
| 5c | form of the well-known Tropacolum Lob- | | |
| | bianum. It forms small dense bushes which | | |
| 5с | | | |
| | are many made by nowers, the colors of which | | |
| 5 C | are very varied | 30c | 10e |
| | | | |

Lobb's Nasturtiums.

The brilliance and profusion in blooming of the Lobbianum varieties render them superior for greenhouse or conservatory decoration in winter; also, for trellises, arbors, and vases, etc., in summer. Half-hardy annual; 6 to 10 ft.

| To a | 2D 07 | T) T' M |
|---|--------|------------|
| | ER OZ. | PKT. |
| 469 Asa Gray. The lightest color yet obtained; | 20. | 40. |
| sulphur yellow, very delicate | 60c | 10c |
| 470 Geant des Batailles. Sulphur, spotted red | 30c | 5c |
| 471 Lucifer. Very dark scarlet, splendid | 30c | 5c |
| 472 Napoleon III. Golden yellow, spotted with | | |
| brown | 30c | 5e |
| 473 Roi des Noirs. Black brown | 30e | 5c |
| 474 McCullough's Premier Mixed | 25c | 5c |
| 475 Canariense. (Canary Bird Flower.) Bright | 200 | 00 |
| yellow; 10 ft | | 50 |
| 476 Nasturtium, Madame Gunter's Hybrids. A | | 5 c |
| | | |
| new climbing strain. For richness and variety | | |
| of colors these new hybrids have no equals | | |
| among Nasturtiums. There are shades of rose, | | |
| salmon, brightest red, pale vellow, either as | | |
| self colors or spotted and striped. The feliage | | |
| is mostly dark and contrasts very effectively | | |
| with the rich colors, and are free and contin- | | |
| | | |
| uous bloomers | 40c | 10c |

NICOTIANA.

Ornamental plants, very effective both in foliage and flower; the flowering sorts continue in bloom throughout the season and produce their fragrant tubular-shaped flowers in great profusion; excellent for cutting. Hardy Annual.

Nigella .- (Love in a Mist.)

NYCTERENIA.

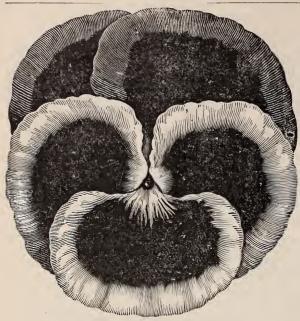
OENOTHERA.—(Evening Primrose.)

OXALIS.

NEMESIA.—(Strumosa Suttoni.)



Nigella.



| | Pansy Bugnot's Exhibition. | | |
|-------------|---|------|------|
| | PER | 07. | PKT. |
| 494 | Superior Quality Mixed. A splendid strain of | | |
| | large-flowering sorts | 2.50 | 10c |
| | Very Fine Mixture. Fine, showy flowers | 1.00 | 5e |
| 4 96 | Cardinal. Brownish-scarlet, lower petals marked | | |
| | with a large dark blotch | 3.00 | 10c |
| 497 | Emperor Frederick. Rich purple; golden bronze | | |
| | centre; margined scarlet and yellow | 2.00 | 10c |
| 498 | Gold Margined. Splendid; very showy | 2.00 | 10c |
| 499 | Golden Yellow. Golden yellow with black centre. | 2.00 | 10c |
| 500 | Golden Yellow (Five Spotted.) Extremely showy, | | |
| | bright golden yellow with a distinct blotch on | | |
| | each petal | 5.00 | 20 c |
| 501 | King of the Blacks. Rich glossy black; splen- | | |
| | did for bedding | 2.00 | 10e |
| | Improved | TI | ·i 1 |

PANSY.

This attractive plant is too well-known to require any description, as it is a favorite with all; the seed can be sown from September to March. The best plants are obtained from seed sown in the autumn, and protected during the winter; these flower early in the spring. The plants from spring sowing should be planted in a shady border; they produce fine large flowers in the autumn. Pansies require fresh soil, enriched with decomposed manure. Our seeds are from the most noted European growers. The choice strains being unsurpassed for size and form of flower, beauty of markings, brilliancy and variety of colors and shades. Hardy perennial. 6 inches.

of markings, offinancy and variety of cooks.

PER PKT.

439 McCullough's Premier. This new strain is saved from the finest flowers of one of the best collections of Pansies in the world. The plants are compact and of robust growth, and if cultivated properly will give an abundance of very large flowers of unsurpassed brilliancy of color and distinct markings. Florists and amateurs desiring charming "show" flowers should not neglect this strain, as it is the result of many years' careful selection and hybridization, and embraces all the attractive features that tend to make the Pansy the people's flower', 4/20.22.00 25c

490 McCullough's Special Mixture. A superior mixture, selected from choice, large flowering strains of English, French and German growers.... Oz. \$5.00. 20c

491 McCullough's "Ne Plus Ultra." A magnificent strain of fine varieties, producing large, handsome flowers of great substance and variety of coloring.

Oz. \$5.00. 15c

492 Bugnot's Exhibition Strain. A celebrated French strain of extra large size, choicest colors, and with beautiful broad blotches and delicate pencillings. The flowers are perfect in form and color. Finest

...25e

502 Lord Beaconsfield. Purple violet, shading to 2.00 10e 3.00 10c 20c 2.00 10e 2.00 10c 3.00 100

nardeau Giant.

A desirable and very attractive strain. The plants are of compact, robust and free-flowering habit. The flowers of immense size, measuring four inches in diameter; of good substance and unsurpassable in beauty and variety of coloring.

509 Adonis. Beautiful, light blue, marked with a yellowish white face and large dark blotches.

510 Auriculaeflora. Large flowers of rare shades.

512 Candidissima. Satiny white, centre slightly tinged

Paris Daisies. (See Chrysanthemum Frutescens.)

PASSIFLORA. (Passion Flower.)

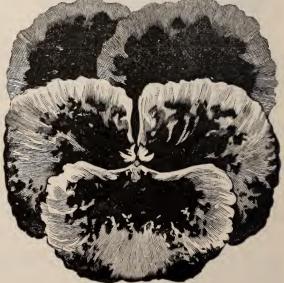
Indispensable climbing plants for garden or greenhouse, bearing a profusion of attractive flowers. Hardy climbers, Protect by mulching.

PENTSTEMON.

One of our most beautiful and attractive herbaceous plants, bearing long, graceful spikes of rich-colored flowers; will bloom the first season if sown early in March and plant-ed out in May. Half-hardy perennials. 2 feet.

520 Hybridus Grandiflorus. Large flowered, newest varie-

July and continue a blaze until frost......10c



Improved Trimardeau Giant.



Double Hybrid Petunia.

bedding.....

531 Alba. Pure white large flowers, desirable for Cemetry beds or where large masses of white

are wanted \$1.00oz. 10c
532 Kermesina Splendens. Rich

crimson, fine 533 Stripe + and Blotched Mixed. .1.00oz. 10c

..1.00oz. 10c

PHLOX.

The PhILOX.

The PhILOX Drummondii, for a splendid mass of colors and a constant display, is not excelled by any other annual or perennial. The colors range from the purest white to the deepest olood-purple or crimson, and striped, the clear eye of the phlox being peculiarly marked. Seed may be sown in the open ground in May, or in hot-bed or cold frame earlier. A good ribbon-bed of the Phlox is a dazzling sight, and there is nothing so cheap. In a good rich soil it will grow eighteen incless or more in height. The seed of the Phlox is perfectly hardy, and we have good success in planting in the autumn, but it must be sown so late that the seed will not start in the fall, for the plants will not bear frost. Early spring is generally the best for sowing.

536 Drnmmondii. They produce trusses of brilliant flowers of numberless hues. Finest mixed50c oz. 5c pkt.

PETUNIA.

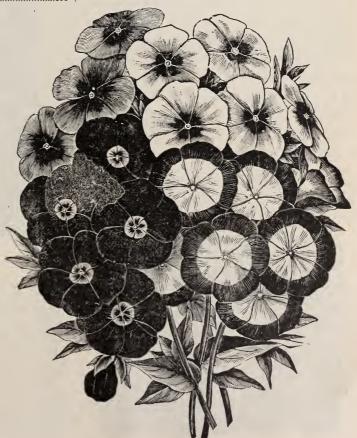
For out-door decoration or house culture few plants are equal to this class. They commence flowering early, and continue a mass of bloom throughout the whole season, until killed by frost; easily cultivated, requiring rich soil and a sunny situation. Of late years the single-striped, mottled, and double varieties have been greatly improved. The seeds of the double Petunia do not possess as much vitality as those of the single, and a good deal of care must be used to get them to germinate; nor will they all come double. There are two distinct kinds of single Petunias—the Grandillora sorts, with large flowers, and the small flowered section, which gives abundance of bloom. Annuals.

DOUBLE LARGE-FLOWERING SORTS.

- 522 Lady of the Lake. Pure white, double fringed, large flower-

SINGLE LARGE-FLOWERING SORTS.

- IcCullough's Mammoth. This Mixture is made by ourselves, and includes, besides the California Giants, all the colors of the large-flowering and fringed sorts, and the unsurpassed Superbissima varieties, with their delicately-veined throats in various colors, and their truly mammoth flowers.....20c 525 McCullough's Mammoth.
- 526 Giants of California. Flowers very large, in great variety of colors and markings, with broad, deep yellow throats, veined... Fe
 - 527 Ruffled Giants. New; very large-flowered; rnffled, fluted and fringed, striped and mottled, blotched and solid self-colors, with many color-combinations quite new in Petunias
 - 528 Grandiflora, Finest Mixed. Superb strain from show flowers, very large and of great substance......15c



Phlox Drummondii, McCullough's Giant.



Phlox Drummondii Nana.

DOUBLE ANNUAL POPPIES.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII.—Continued.

Phlox Drummondii Nana.

This new strain is of a dwarf compact habit, and makes desirable pot plants, also for ribbon lines and massing; 10 inches in height.

PER PKT.
 548 Fireball.
 Brilliant scarlet
 10e

 549 Snowball.
 Pure white, excellent variety
 10c

 550 Finest Mixed.
 All colors
 10c

Phlox Drummondii Double.

Polyanthus.-(See Primula.)

POPPIES.

Very showy, free blooming and easily cultivated plants, with large brilliant-colored flowers, growing freely in any garden soil, and producing a fine effect in large clumps or mixed beds. A great advance has been made in recent years in the development of the Poppy, which has brought it into deserved popularity, and it may be safely said that no other flower produces a more brilliant display of color during the blooming period. Sow early in the spring where they are to remain, as they will not bear transplanting. transplanting.

554 American Flag. Large double flowers, white, bordered with scarlet 555 Cardinal Hybrids. Habit crect and compact, with deeply-cut dark green foliage, which shows off the enormous double flowers. Finest mixed. 1½ ft......10c 556 Carnation Flowered. Large showy fringed flowers; mixed 557 Fairy Blush. Flowers large, white, elegantly fringed and tipped with rose 5c 558 Golden Gate. Exceedingly free-flowering variety of scmi-double and double flowers in the greatest variety of color........ 5c 559 Japanese Pompon. Small, beautiful flowers in a great variety white...... 5c 564 Double Mixed. All colors, mixed......25c oz., 5c

Single Annual Varieties.

565 Danebrog. Large bright scarlet, with a white cross in the 566 Peacock. Large scarlet, with a glossy black zone near the centre 5c
hirley. A beautiful strain, the flowers are all gracefully elegant, and the colors remarkably bright, pure and varied....... 5c
he Bride. The flowers are of extra large size, pure white;

making a fine appearance in beds or groups 5c



Shirley Poppy.



Tulip Poppy.

PER PKT. ulip. A magnificent variety. The plants grow about 14 inches high, each plant producing 50 to 60 vivid searlet flowers. The two outer petals form a saucer, surrounding two erect petals, giving a very handsome appearance of greater Tables. 569 Tulip. mbrosum. Richest vermillion, with a deep shining black 10c

HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

mixed...

573 Oriental. Very large, scarlet, with blotch on each petal; magnificent border plant. 3 ft...

574 Orientale Hybrids. Beautiful new hybrids of the Oriental Poppy, producing flowers of immense size, 6 inches and over in diameter and of many novel colors, such as salmon,



ing pot plants. The collections here offered contain the finest varieties grown.

PER PKT. | 589 Forbesi.

PER PKT. 587 Chiswick Red. Large brilliant searlet, finely fringed...35c 588 Double Fringed. Finest mixed. Large flowering; saved from new and distinct varieties; extra fine.......50c

PORTULACA.

One of our finest hardy annual plants, of easy culture, thriving best in a rich, light loam or sandy soil, and luxuriating in an exposed sunny situation. The flowers are of the richest shades of color, and produced throughout the summer in great profusion. Fine for massing in beds, edgings or rock-work, inches 6 inches PER PKT.

POTENTILLA.

Handsome flowering herbaceous plants, very useful and ornamental for flower beds and borders, Hardy perennial.

PRIMULA.

(Chinese Primrose.)

PER PKT. Very free flowering, beautiful rosy lilac flow-

from white to rose; a beautiful pot plant.....20c

Primula Half-Hardy Primroses.

The following varieties are delightful for early flowers under glass, or in the open air, with protection during winter. Half-hardy. 594 Veris (Polyanthus.) Splendid colors; extra fine......10c

595 Vulgaris. True Yellow English Primrose......10c

PYRETHRUM.

Valuable hardy border plants, throwing up numerous stems about 2 ft. high remain in bloom a long time. Hardy perennial.

RHODANTHE.

Half-hardy, delicate and charming plants. The flowers should be gathered before they fully expand. If allowed to grow too long they open too much, and lose their beautiful bell form. Flowers everlasting. Half-hardy annuals.

Known as "Castor Oil Plant" and "Palma Christa." Highly ornamental and stately growing plants of tropical origin, with luxuriant foliage of varied colors and brilliant colored fruit. When grown on lawns or in the garden as single specimens, they form a magnificent showy plant, height 8 to 15 feet. Start seed in pots, in March, and transplant as soon as the ground is warm. Hall-hardy annuals.



Ricinus Zanzibariensis.

ROCKET. (Hesperis.)

DED DET 608 Fragrant free-flowering hardy perennial, blooming in the spring and growing freely in ordinary soil. Finest mixed. 1½ ft. 30c oz., 5c

ROMNEYA, Coulteri.

(CALIFORNIA TREE POPPY.)

609 A stately evergreen, blooming continually from June to September.

Large, pure white flowers, with golden centre, resembling in iragrance the Magnolia. The seeds are slow in germinating. Hardy perennial

ROSA MULTIFLORA.

RUDBECKIA .- (Cone Flower.)

A showy class of strong, easily cultivated plants. 1½ ft.
611 Bicolor Superba. An effective annual, and useful for cutting, similar in color and markings to the dwarf French Marigold. "Legion of Honor." It grows about two feet high, forming a many-branched dense bush, the flowers borne on long stems and in great profusion..20c

SALPIGLOSSIS.

612 Grandiflora. Elegant fall-blooming annual, with beautiful, pen-cilled, lily-like, large flowers. The strain we offer is charming and one of the richest colors imaginable; half hardy annual of easy culture; choicest mixed. 2 feet..... 5c



Salvia splendens.

PER PKT.

613 Superbissima. A showy new variety, with one strong main stem, thickly covered with blossoms as large as those of the grandiflora section, and prettily veined

SALVIA. (Flowering Sage.)

One of our handsomest and most showy summer and autumn flowering plants, forming compact bushes, which are literally ablaze with brilliant flowers. Tender perennials, but bloom first season from seed. 2 to 3 feet.

SANVITALIA.

SCABIOSA. (Mourning Bride, or Sweet Scabious.)

One of our handsomest summer border plants, producing in great profusion very double flowers in a variety of shades and colors; a splendid flower for table bouquets,

etc. Hardy annual.

624 Caucasica. One of the handsomest hardy perennials, especially adapted for cutting, the blooms lasting a long time in water; flowers pale blue, large and very bright. 3 feet......per pkt. 10c

SCHIZANTHUS. (Butterfly Flower.)

A splendid class of plants, combining elegance of growth with a profusion of rich and various-colored flowers; fine for greenhouse decoration and the flower garden; of easy culture; half-hardy perennial.

SILENE. (Catchfly.)

Free-flowering, for beds, borders or ribbons. Succeeds in any good soil. Hardy annual.

 626 Single. Mixed colors.
 5c

 627 Double. Mixed.
 5c

SMILAX.

A delicate climber for house culture. Florists grow it extensively for bouquets, trimming rooms, and ladies' dresses on gala occasions. Tender perennial.

SOLANUM.

Very ornamental pot plants for house or garden culture, the flowers being followed with small, brightly-colored fruit or berries, which almost completely cover the plants. Tender perennial; flowering and fruiting the first season

629 Capsicastrum Nanum. Small red berries; extensively grown by florists...10c



Solanum.

> 5c 5c 5c 5c

> > 50



Sweet Peas.

| | PER | OZ. I |
|-------------|--|-------|
| 630 | Anrora. Standard and Wings white, shaded and | |
| | striped with orange salmon | 10c |
| 631 | Blanche Burpee. Largest pure white, of exquis- | 10- |
| 690 | Blanche Ferry. Improved pink and white | 10c |
| 633 | Blanche Ferry, Extra Early. Two weeks ear- | 10e |
| 000 | lier than the preceding | 10c |
| 634 | Butterfly. White, edged and shaded with laven- | 100 |
| | der | 10c |
| 635 | California. Delicate pink, finely formed flower | 10c |
| 636 | Captain of the Blues. Purplish mauve and | 10c |
| 637 | pale blue Captivation. Beautiful light magenta or claret | 100 |
| 031 | color | 10c |
| 638 | Celestial. Delicate azure-blue | 10c |
| 639 | Columbia. Standards, crimson rose, striped on | |
| | white ground; wings pale-bluish mauve, striped | 10- |
| 640 | on white ground | 10c |
| 040 | with blush; wings creamy primrose | 10c |
| 641 | Countess of Powis. Glowing orange, suffused | 100 |
| | with light purple, with a beautiful satin polish | 20c |
| 642 | Countess of Radnor. Delicate lavender, large | |
| 649 | flowers Crown Jewell. Creamy white, tinted and veined | 10c |
| 049 | with rose | 10c |
| 644 | Daybreak. Standard, white, watered with crim- | 200 |
| | son; wings white, clouded red | 10c |
| 645 | Dorothy Tennant. Rosy mauve, deepening as | 10- |
| CAC | the flowers age, large size | 10c |
| 040 | nooded form | 10c |
| 647 | Duke of Satherland. Standard, deep claret; | 200 |
| | wings bright indigo blue; a very effective and | |
| | Emily Lynch. Standards, pink shaded to rose; | 30c |
| 643 | wings buff suffused with pink snaded to rose; | 10c |
| 649 | wings buff, suffused with pink | 100 |
| | and profusely | 10c |
| 6 50 | and profusely | |
| 071 | Golden Gate. Pinkish mauve and lavender; | 10c |
| 0:)1 | upright wings | 10c |
| 652 | Golden Gleam. Primrose yellow: large flower, | |
| | profuse bloomer | 20c |
| 653 | Gray Friar. White, clouded and dotted reddish | 100 |
| 65 1 | Her Majesty. Standard, rosy carmine; wings | 10c |
| | carmine lake: large flower | 10c |
| 655 | Katherine Tracey. Exquisite bright pink; a | |
| | large held perfect flower of great substance | 100 |

SWEET PEAS.

Flowering Peas are among the most useful and beautiful of all our hardy annuals. Nothing can be better for large bouquets, as the flowers are lively and delicate, varying in color from darkest purple imaginable, and including the brighest pinks; as fragrant as Mignonette.

THE NEW METHOD OF CULTIVATING SWEET PEAS.

The principal essential for the best success is a cool, deep, moist soil, and a sunny situation. The ground should be prepared deep and rich. Fall preparation, where possible, is preferable, but if done in the spring, use no green manure. Bone meal is good if old rotted manure can not be obtained. Sow early, even before the frost is out of the ground, as Sweet Peas need the cool, moist spring ground to make the root growth. In the latitude of Cinemnati, February is not too early. In the South, sow in the fall. Sow the seed in deep furrows, the bottom of which must be at least six inches below the level of the soil; this is to guard against a summer drought. Cover the seeds only one inch, after which the furrow is still five inches deep. When the plants are two or three inches high, fill in another inch or so of soil around the plants, always leaving a portion of the plant above the surface; do this at intervals, until the furrow is nearly full; it should always remain a little hollow, to hold the rains, and to allow water to be applied by the bucketful in dry weather.

Mulching with old leaves, straw or lary

Mulching with old leaves, straw or hay assists in the retention of even moisture and temperature for the roots; any fresh manure or other heading material must not be used. Under such congenial conditions Sweet Peas luxuriate and bloom in continuous abundance from early summer until cut down by frost, provided the flowers are freely picked each day, and no pods are allowed to develop.

Our Sweet Peus are unsurpassed, having been selected from the finest strains. They include all the improved Large-flowering varieties, of recent introduction.

| 1 | PER | OZ. | PKT. |
|---|--|------------|----------|
| | 656 Lady Nina Balfour. Rich heliotrope pink; as it ages it becomes a pinkish mauve, and at last it | 00- | *0 |
| | assumes a clear mauve | 30c | 10c |
| | tinted rose; wings rosy carmine; large flower 658 Lottie Hutchins. Creamy white, delicately | 10e | 50 |
| | striped and flaked with carmine blush | 30c | 100 |
| | shaded and edged; fine hooded form | 10c | 50 |
| | large expanded flower | 10c | 50 |
| | and perfect form | 30c | 100 |
| | plum purple: large flower | 10c | 50 |
| | 663 Mrs. Eckford. Delicate primrose yellow; large flower | 10c | 50 |
| | 664 Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain. White ground, striped and shaded with bright rose | 10c | 50 |
| | 665 Prima Donna. Soft rose pink; large size and fine form | 10c | 5e |
| | fine form | 10c | 5c |
| | 667 Ramona. White, delicately striped and flaked with pale pink | 10c | 5c |
| | 668 Salopian. Rich crimson, tinged with mulberry red; suffused orange scarlet | 10c | 5c |
| | 669 Shahzada. Rich dark maroon, shaded purple; large size, fine form | 10c | 5e |
| | 670 Stanley. Standard rich mahogany brown; wings | 10e | 5c |
| | 671 Stella Morse. Rich cream, as it ages it becomes | 100 | 96 |
| | a delicate primrose, with a faint rose pink on the | 30c | 10c |
| | 672 The Bride. Large pure white. A fine variety for florists | 10c | 5c |
| | 673 Triumph. Standard, deep orange pink; wings white, slightly flushed with delicate purple; | | |
| | large fine flower | 20c 10c | 5e 5e |
| | 675 Wawona. Beautiful heliotrope, striped with white; large flower, of fine form | 30c | 10c |
| | white, large nower, of the form | 0.00 | 2.70 |

McCULLOUGH'S PREMIER MIXED

SWEET PEAS.—(See page 58.)

NOTE.—As the flowers of Sweet Pens come into full bloom or fade, they should be cut off, for if the pods are allowed to form, the plants will stop blooming.

SWEET PEAS. - Continued.

676 McCullough's Premier Mixed. This mixture contains all the best-named large flowering varieties and novelties, and is undoubtedly the finest and most complete mixture ever offered, being put up by ourselves from named varieties only, in the proper proportion of colors. 5c pkt., 10c oz., 25c 1/4 lb., 75c lb. Add ten cents per pound if to be sent by mail to be sent by mail.

to be sent by man.

Please Note.—Our price for this mixture is the lowest that firstclass Sweet Peas can be offered at, and our customers will find the

class Sweet Peas can be offered at, and our customers will find the quality also unexcelled.

677 Finest Mixed. This is a mixture of many distinct named varieties.

150 ½ lb., 50e lb. Add ten cents per lb. extra if sent by mail.

678 Dwarf Sweet Pea "Cupid." This dwarf variety of the Sweet Pea is quite an acquisition, both to the flower garden and the greenhouse. Its pure white flowers are of the full size of those of the ordinary Sweet Pea, freely produced and fragrant. The entire height of the plants is about six inches, and bloom so freely for months that it appears a perfect mass of white

STOCKS, OR GILLIFLOWER.

The Ten Weeks or Annual Stock presents nearly or quite all the requisites of a very perfect flowering plant, good habit, fine foliage, beautiful flowers of almost every desirable tint. Seeds of the Stock may be sown in the open ground, or in the hot-bed or cold-frame; but, if transplanted, let this be done when the plants are small, just out of the seed-leaf, or the plants become slender, and never make good plants nor flower well. A little shade from the hottest sun, and water in the evening, will add much to the size, beauty and durability of the flowers. Set a foot apart. Make the soil deep and rich. Some of the varieties are desirable for winter flowers, and are used for this purpose by florists. hy florists

Giant Perfection Ten Week Stock.

This magnificent strain is without a rival for open-ground planting, attaining a height of 2½ feet. The spikes of bloom are very long, and the individual flowers are enormous in size and very double. PER PKT.

 680 Light Blue
 10c
 682 Scarlet
 10c

 681 Rose
 10c
 683 White
 10c



Large-Flowering Stocks.

Biennia1 Stock.

This class should be sown before July, and protected during the winter; or, better yet, to be kept over in cold-frames and planted out in the spring; they will then begin to flower in May, and continue through the season.

PER PKT.

689 Brompton, Finest Mixed. Large-flowering double....10c

Intermediate, or Autumn Stock.

Sown in the spring, they will flower in the autumn.
690 Mixed. Very beautiful double flowers. 2 feet.........................10c Snow-on-the-Mountain. (See Euphorbia.)



A well-known and popular flower, which has been improved the last few years, making it a most desirable plant for the garden. The double and single varieties, with their rich and varied colors, produce a charm-ing effect for beds or borders. Seed planted early will bloom in the fall.

It is better to sow seed every year, to have young plants, as they flower more freely. Hardy perennial.

691 Auricula Eyed Per fection. Splendid variety of colors with clearly defined eye5c pkt.

5c pkt.

THUNBERGIA.

(BLACK-EVED SUSAN)

Beautiful, rapid-grow-



Ing climbers, thriving in a light, rich, loamy soil, in warm situations in the garden. The flowers are borne profusely during the season. Fine for vases, rustic-work, or greenhouse culture.

Half-hardy annual. 4 fect. PER PKT.

 691 Alba Oculata. White, dark eye.
 5e
 696 Bakeri. Pure white.
 5e

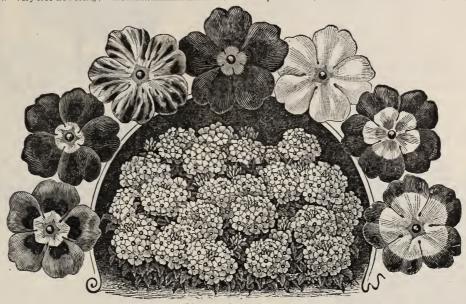
 695 Alata. Buff, dark eye.
 5e
 697 Mixed. All colors.
 fe

TORENIA.

A fine annual, forming a beautiful plant for vases, hanging baskets, or for growing out of doors, covered with one mass of bloom until late in the season. Half-hardy annuals.

699 Fournieri. Porcelain blue and rich violet, throat bright yellow very free-flowering; 6 inches.....10c 700 **The Bride.** The lower and side petals, delicate pink, the upper one pure white; golden yellow blotch in throat..25c

701 White Wing. This variety is unusually attractive, being pure white, with flush of rose at the throat......15c



Mammoth Verbena.

VERBENA.

Sow Verbena seed under glass early in the spring, and transplant after three or four inches of growth. Good healthy plants can be produced from seed as readily as almost any tender annual, plants that will perfectly cover a space four feet in diameter, flower well in July and continue strong and healthy until destroyed by frost. Very few plants will make the gorgeous display during the summer months, or furnish more flowers for cutting than the Verbena. Half-hardy percnnial.

The average trusses measure four inches in circumference, and the individual florets on properly grown plants over one inch across. They bloom freely are vigorous in growth, and contain all the beautiful new colors and shades............Oz. \$3.00. 10c 703 Defiance. Seed may be relied upon to produce the true, deep scarlet color......10c

704 Candidissima. Pure white......10c 705 Blue. All shades of blue.....10c 706 Italian Striped. Beautiful......10c

707 Auriculæflora. Various shades, all with distinct eye of

Tom Thumb Verbenas.

Dwarf and compact, not exceeding six inches in height; the branches are only one half the length of the old varieties, and form almost circular bushes about two feet in diameter. Flowers are large and well formed of various beautiful colors. 710 Finest Mixed. All colors......10c

VINCA. (Madagascar Periwinkle.)

..10e

Ornamental, free-blooming plants. They flower from seed, if sown early, the first season, continuing until frost; or they may be potted and kept in bloom through the winter. 2 feet.

| | PER PKT. |
|--|----------|
| | |
| 711 Rosea. Rose, with dark eye | 100 |
| | |
| 712 Alba. White, with crimson eve. | 100 |
| | |
| 713 Alba Pura. Beautiful, pure white | 100 |
| 115 Alba I tila. Deathirui, puie winte | |
| 714 Mixed | 100 |
| /14 MIXCU | |

VIOLET. (Viola Odorata.)

A great favorite, suitable for groups or borders, and much in demand account of its profusion of bloom and delightful fragrance. Vioon account of its profusion of bloom and de let seeds germinate very slowly. Hardy perennial.



Violet.

(Chieranthus Maritimus.)

VIRGINIAN STOCK. A beautiful free-flowering plant for borders or baskets. Hardy annual. 720 Mixed. All colors; 3 inches...5c pkt.

let, fragrant 10c
718 Odorata, White Czar, Large
white, fragrant 10c
719 Finest Mixed All varieties
mixed 10c



Vinca Rosea.

WALLELOWER.

A well-known half-hardy perennial, much esteemed for its fragrance, with large, conspicuous spikes of beautiful flowers.

PER PKT 721 Don'de. Mixed. 10c
722 Single. Mixed. 5c

White Paris Daisy. (See Chrysanthemum Fruteseens,)

WIGANDIA.

Beautiful ornamental-foliage plants, of rapid growth, with immense leaves 3 fect long by 1½ wide, richly veined; the stems are covered with crimson hair. They impart a tropical aspect to a garden or lawn, or for greenhouse decoration. Half-hardy perennial.

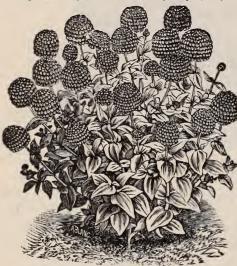
Woodroof. (See Asperuia Odorata.)

XERANTHEMUM.

A free-flowering everlasting, of neat, compact habit. Leaves, silvery; flowers abundant on strong stems. Useful for winter bouquets. Hardy annual.

ZEA. (Maize.)

Plants with beautiful striped ornamental foliage. Hardyannual, 5 feet.



Dwarf Zinnia.

ZINNIA

The double Zinnia is one of the most brilliant and showy of annuals and has long been a general favorite. The seed can be sown early in the hot bed and transplanted, or sown later in the open ground. Half-nardy annuals.



Mammoth Flowering Zinnia.

Large Flowering Double Dwarf.

Lilliput. (Pompon.)

Charming class of the Charming Charming



To those who can not bestow the necessary care required in a neatly laid out flower garden, the "Wild Garden" presents a substitute, which, for its unusual and varied effect, for cheapness

DIRECTIONS FOR THE CULTIVATION OF FLOWERS FROM SEED.

ANNUALS are plants which flower, produce seed, and die the same year they are sown; Biennials, those which are sown one year, bear their flowers and seeds and die the next; under the term "Perennials" are classified those which grow and flower for several years; and included in one or the other of these classes are hundreds of floral gems. These three classes are each again divided into hardy and half-hardy sections, and, as they require different modes of treatment for their successful cultivation, the few details we give under each heading may be useful to those who have had but little practice amongst them.

HARDY ANNUALS are such as can with safety be sown in the open ground, requiring no protection; they will grow in almost any ordinary garden soil, and, if judiciously selected and sown in succession, they are enpable of yielding a profusion of flowers, equal in many respects to the "summer bedders" which often occasion so much anxiety and eare. The object to be aimed at in the culture of Annuals should be a steady and fairly vigorous growth, the desideratum being flowers and plenty of them, and not an over-luxuriant growth with a scarcity of blossoms, as is nearly always the result of a too liberal application of manure.

Sow in April or May, either in their permanent place in the open ground, or in shallow boxes two or three inches deep, placed in a warm window, or in a hot-bed, the latter method being generally preferable, as plants grow hardier by being transplanted. The selection of the soil is a very important point; a light, rich, sandy loam, not too wet or too dry, makes the best seedbed, and is often improved by the addition of a little pulverized chareoal. Smooth the surface before sowing, cover the seed with sifted earth, and keep the soil always moist.

The absolute essential of successful flower growing is not to bury the seed too deep. The very best of seed can not grow when ehoked with soil. Amateurs fail here oftener than at any other point, and the seeds and the seedsmen are unjustly blamed for the failure. Generally, seeds should not be covered to a depth greater than two or three times their diameter. Fine seeds, such as Portulaea, etc., ought not to be covered at all, or but slightly, pressing it down with a strip of board. Sun and light must be excluded from the newly sown seed—cover with paper held down by sticks or stones until the seed has germinated, and then admit gradually the air and light. Knowing the height and general habit of the plant, thin accordingly, always leaving sufficient space between them for each plant to fully develop itself. Any neglect in this particular is fatal to the production of fine flowers, a little extra trouble in thinning being amply repaid by the greater profusion and lengthened duration of the blossoms. Keep them free from weeds, run the hoe amongst them occasionally, and water if necessary at any time.

Half-Hardy and Tender Annuals. This section comprises some of the most useful and interesting plants, suitable for the summer decoration of the flower-garden. but being of a rather tender nature they require eareful treatment in the first stages of their growth. For flowering in the open air, the first sowing is made in heat, in March or April, and the second in the open ground, when the risk of frost has passed. For early sowing, use shallow pans or boxes, well-drained and filled with a nice light compost of loam, leaf-mould and sand; place them in a frame where they can have the advantage of a little mild bottom-heat, and there they will germinate quickly. When large enough, prick out into a little stronger compost, either in pots or boxes, or under hand-lights, and gradually harden off, for planting out in May. If only a few are required, and not very early, they should be sown thinly on a half-spent hot-bed or in the house. If sown after the middle of May they may be planted in the open ground like Hardy Annuals. In the case of very small seeds, such as Petunia. Lobelia, etc., the covering of soil should be very thin, bearly hiding the seeds, and as seeds so small are liable to be carried down into the soil unless very carefully watered, it is even advisable to moisten the surface of the soil before sowing instead of afterward. Toward the end of May, when the danger from night frosts is past, the plants can be transplanted to their permanent positions in the open bed or border. Tender Annuals should be sown in the same way as the Half-Hardy ones. at any time from the month of February according to the peculiarities of each. The plants should be potted off singly into rich compost, and kept as close to the glass as possible. Repot when necessary, and grow on in heat rapidly until the plants are well advanced. Keep them well supplied with water, and a uniform temperature must be maintained, so that they may not receive any check whilst growing. They should then be gradually hardened off, so as to be ready for placing in the conservatory as they come into flower. Many of the varieties may be planted in the flower-garden about the middle of June, where their neat and attractive appearance will add considerable interest to the summer display.

Hardy and Half-Hardy Biennials and Perennials. Under the heading of Biennials and Perennials are included many of our finest flowering plants, which are often neglected because they do not bloom the first year from seed. This long waiting for bloom may in many eases be avoided by treating the seeds as recommended for Half-Hardy Annuals, and starting them sufficiently carly to form large, strong plants by the time they should be planted in their permanent quarters. The hardier species and varieties of Biennials and Perennials may be sown at the same time as Annuals, if desired, always choosing showery weather and a shady situation for the operation; but if they are wanted for flowering the following spring, sow in May or June, and again at the end of August or beginning of September. The plants raised from this later sowing should stand in the seed-bed all winter, and be transplanted the following spring. Those raised in May or June should be pricked out thinly on a nice piece of ground, and encouraged to make a good growth before they are lifted and planted out in October. Many of the species improve by age, forming large clumps or bushes, and, by being divided occasionally, the stock is increased and the plants invigorated. Half-hardy and Tender subjects should be treated, in a general way, as if they were Annuals, with regard to their propagation and subsequent culture.

Seeds of Green-House Plants. These can be sown at any season of the year, but extra care should be given them, especially to such varieties as Begonias, Calecolarias, Cinerarias, etc., as the seeds are very small and delicate. Sow the seed in well drained pans, choosing for soil a fine sandy leaf-mold; press it firmly, smooth the surface and sow the seed very evenly; cover with a light sprinkling of sand or not at all, lay a pane of glass over the pan, place it in a close frame and keep shaded. Most failures are due to mistakes in watering, which should be done very earefully; the seed pans should never be allowed to dry out, as one neglect will kill the seeds just starting, while on the other hand a slight excess of water will cause the seeds to rot. After the plants are up, remove the glass and prick into other pans with the same soil; great eare should be taken not to pull the plants or tear the roots in transplanting; lift with a trowel or stick and shift with good roots. Keep them shaded after transplanting until the young plants are well established in the new soil. As soon as the plants touch each other, transplant again into small pots with similar soil, using the same precaution of shading at first, if troubled with green flies, fumigate occasionally with tobaceo.

Full Cultural Directions on all Flower Seed Packets.

Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots.

Our Prices Include Postage on Single Bulbs and by the Dozen, Except Where Otherwise Noted. Bulbs Quoted by the Hundred are not Sent Prepaid.

AMARYLLIS.

Plant in equal parts sandy loam and leaf mold. If convenient, start in a hot-bed, beginning with fifty degrees of heat, increasing to sixty or seventy. When the leaves appear, water carefully and not in too great quan tity. The Formosissima and Rosea planted in May make rich and showy border plants.

Atamasco Rosea. These are very ornamental, and flower all summer. Delicate pink......5c each, 50c per doz.

Equestris. Large, beautiful flowers, of a bright salmon pink, with snowwhite throat......30c cach.

Formosissima. Rich, velvety crimson, fine.......20c each, \$2.00 per doz.

BEGONIAS, TUBEROUS=ROOTED.

The Tuberous-Rooted Begonias are among the handsomest of our summer-flowering bulbs. They are not grown to the extent they should be, as they require no more care than Geraniums, have as fine a range of color, and will bloom continuously throughout the summer.

Single Scarlet, Crimson, Pink, White and Yellow, In separate colors......12c each, \$1.25 per doz.

Double Varieties. Mixed colors......20c each, \$2.00 per doz.



Single Tuberous-Rooted Begonias.

\$1.00

\$1.00

\$1.50 \$1.00

\$1.00

\$1.00

\$2,00

\$1.00

\$1.50

\$1.00

CROZY'S EVER-BLOOMING CANNAS.

These varieties have become famous for the immense size and color of their flowers, the graceful and highly ornamental foliage, together with their dwarf habit of growth, are fast becoming most important plants for decoration. \$1.00 Alsace. Sulphur yellow changing to creamy white without spots; vigorous grower, green foliage. 4 feet........... 10c \$1.00 Charles Henderson. Bright vermillion red, pencilled with yellow in the centre; compact, dwarf with \$1.00 Egandale. A fine dark foliaged variety, with flowers currant red; very distinct and striking appearance. 4 feet....... \$1.00 aingo. Glowing crimson, flowers large, gracefully reflexed and of fine form. Dark green foliage. 4 feet...... 10c \$1.00 Florence Vaughan. Rich golden yellow spotted bright red. 4 \$1.00 feet.....

Madame Crozy. Dazzling crimson scarlet, bordered with golden yellow; foliage bright green. 4 feet...... Maiden's Blush. Beautiful shell pink; large regular well expanded flowers; borne in large trusses...

Old Gold. Large pure yellow flowers; stands the hot sun to perfection; free bloomer....

Paul Marquant. Bright salmon scarlet, passing to a rosy carmine with a peculiar silvery lustre; large and distinct flow-

President Carnot. Orange-scarlet, chocolate-maroon foliage. A fine variety.....

Philadelphia. Scarlet crimson, very rich and velvety; early and constant bloomer; handsome foliage. 4 feet..... Queen Charlotte. Rich scarlet, with a wide, bright gold band around each petal; large flowers, green foliage. 3 feet......

Crozy's Dwarf Varieties Mixed.....

Robusta Perfecta. A most distinct and handsome sort, bearing immeuse leaves 12 to 18 inches wide and three feet long, of a bright, bronze-red color; 6 to 7 feet high. With good cultivation will be 10 feet high. vation will grow 10 feet.....



Crozy's Cannas.

FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUMS.

Fancy-leaved Caladiums have, in recent years, grown very rapidly in popular favor, not only for the decoration of the conservatory, greenhouse and window-boxes, but nearly all of the varieties succeed admirably if planted out of doors, when the round has become warm, in partly shaded, sheltered borders, in well-enriched light soil, while for exhibition plants at fairs, etc., during the summer and fall months, nothing can equal their beauty.

Alphouse Karr. Carmine centre with red spots on a green ground.

Candidum. White ground with strongly marked green ribs.

Louis Duplessis. Red rays and veins on a white ground, with green margin.

Max Kolb. Light green ground with gray centre and red spots.

Prince Albert Edward. Dark emerald-green ground, crimson radiating mid-rib white spots.

Perle du Bresil. White, delicately tinted with rose, mid-rib dark green.

Reine Victoria. Green, spotted with white and crimson.

Wightii. Dark green, with white and red spots.

25 Cents Each. \$2.50 Dozen.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.—(Elephant's Ear.)

One of the most effective plants in cultivation for the flower border, or for planting out upon the lawn. It will grow in any good garden soil, and is of the easiest culture. It should be planted where it will obtain plenty of water and a rich compost. Foliage, light green.

EACH. PER DOZ. 1st Size. Small Bulbs. 10c \$1 00

2nd Size. Large Bulbs. 15c 1 50

3rd Size. Extra Large Bulbs. 25c 2 50

4th Size. Selected Extra Large Bulbs. 35c 3 50

5th Size. Monster Bulbs. 50c 5 00



Caladium Esculentum.

Spotted Calla.

(RICHARDIA ALBA MACULATA.)

Fancy-Leaved Caladiums.

Leaves, deep green, with many white spots. Flowers, pure white, with black center. Culture easy; blooms freely

Black Calla.—(Arum Sanctum.)

INNAMON VINE.

DAHLIAS.

Put Dahlia tubers in the ground when the season becomes warm, covering the neck some three inches. After flowering, and before hard frosts, take up the plants, remove the tops, dry the bulbs a little, and put in the cellar until spring, when they can be divided and replanted.

Double-Flowering.

A. D. Livoni. 4 feet. This is the most lovely form of any pink Dahlias; long stems, petals beautifully quilled.

Camelliaflora. Very distinct; unlike any other white Dahlia.

Plantarobust grower, with the long-stemmed flowers poised high above it. Flowers pure white, with long-toothed and quilled petals. One of the very best.

Crimson Ball. Bright crimson purple, of perfect ball shape and always full to the centre. The plant is a dwarf, vigorous grower and a constant bloomer.

John Sladden. Perfect form large dark margon, almost black

and a constant bloomer.

John Sladden. Perfect form, large dark maroon, almost black.

Mary Hallock. Petals beautifully quilled, forming perfect, golden yellow flowers.

Meteor. Very large, velvety crimson.

Miss Dodd. The finest formed yellow Dahlia. The blooms are of the largest size, perfectly double, and on long stems, a late bloomer.

White Dove. Flowers are extra fine, double, pure white, petals beautifully toothed, stems very long; height, 3½ ft. The cut flowers of this variety are more sought for by the florists than any other.

Guiding Star (Pompon). Flowers pure white, of most perfect shape; the edges of the petals are beautifully fringed; dwarf and bushy and very free-flowering. One of the best for cut flowers.

Nymphaea. By far the most distinct of all Dahlias. Petals broad, somewhat incurved. The color is a very light pink, giving the flower the appearance of a full-blown rose. Lasts several days and has a sweet, delicate fragrance. A most prollife bloomer, bearing flowers on long stems. Just what you want for bouquets or decorations. decorations.

15 Ceuts Each. \$1.50 Dozen.

 Double Varieties.
 Assorted
 .10c each, \$1.00 doz.

 Double Pompon.
 Mixed
 .10c each, \$1.00 doz.

 Single Varieties.
 Assorted.
 .10c each, \$1.00 doz.

 Cactus Varieties.
 .4ssorted
 .10c each, \$1.00 doz.

FUNKIA.—(Day Lily.)

A handsome plant, with broad, ovate leaves, and white and blue flowers.

White......2°c cach. | Blue.............20c each.

SPIDER LILY.

A bulbous plant belonging to the Amaryllis family, producing large clusters of beautiful pure white flowers......25c each.



Pouble Dahlias.



GLADIOLIIS.

The most attractive of all summer flowering bulbs are the Gladioli. Wonderful improvements have been made in recent years in the size and beauty of these flowers, and our list comprises only the best selections, both in our mixtures and named sorts. Their cultivation is very simple, as they will thrive in any ordinary garden soil, but amply repay care and liberal feeding by enhanced size and beauty. A succession of bloom may be had from July to September by planting at intervals from April to June. The strongest bulbs should be kept for the latest planting. Plant six inches apart in beds or double rows, and three inches deep. They are very effective when planted among roses, shrubbery, etc. In the fall, before frost, the bulbs should be lifted, dried and stored in a cellar or some other position away from frost, for planting again the following spring.

Africain. Darkest crimson with a pure white blotch on threat The most attractive of all summer flowering bulbs are the Gladioli.

Africain. Darkest crimson, with a pure white blotch on throat.

Brenchleyensis. Bright vermillion scarlet.

Duchess of Edinburgh. Purplish rose, carmine stripe on lower petals.

Gen. Sheridan. Large bright scarlet, with pure white blotch on lower petals.

Isaac Buchanau. Pure yellow; a beautiful flower.

La Candeur. Pure white, lightly striped with carmine violet.

Lord Byron. Brilliant scarlet, blotched pure white.

Martha Washington. Fine spikes, light yellow, lower petals tinged with rose.

May. White ground, slightly striped crimson.

President Lincoln. Blush white, suffused with bright rose.

Shakespeare. White, suffused carmine rose, large rosy blotch.

Above Named Varieties 10 Cents Each. \$1.00 Per Dozen.

Snow White. The flowers are of fine shape, large in size, and of a pure paper-white color, seldom showing a trace of any other shade. The spikes are large, and set thickly with flowers.

15c each, \$1.50 per doz.

Lemoine's Hybrids, Superfine Mixed. A beautiful and remarkable class of Gladiolus, which for vivid and rich orchid-like coloring have no equal; in the blotch, which is a remarkable and typical feature, the coloring is exceptionally fine.

typical feature, the coloring is exceptionally fine.
So each, 40c per doz., \$2.50 per 100.

New Giant. A magnificent new race of extraordinary size and remarkable beauty. These new varieties are twice the size of the Gladiolus Gandavensis varieties, while possessing their long-lasting properties, and the beautiful markings of the Lemoine section. Mixed varieties.......10c each, 75c per doz., \$5.00 per 100.

Banning's Superb Mixture. We can safely say this is the finest mixture procurable. It is made up from the lightest colored and largest flowering varieties; especially recommended to those who desire to grow them for cut flowers...5c each, 50c doz., \$3.00 per 100.



Gladiolus-Snow White.

Gladiolus in Mixture.

Our mixtures are made up from fine varieties, and are all selected first-size; bulbs, and are sure to give the best results.

| I | EACH. | DOZ. | 100. |
|--|-------|------|--------|
| Scarlet and Crimson. Shades mixed | . 5e | 25c | \$1.50 |
| White and Light. Shades mixed | 5e | 40c | 3.00 |
| Yellow Shades Mixed | . 5c | 40c | 3.00 |
| Striped and Variegated. Shades mixed | 5c | 40c | 2.50 |
| Pink. Shades mixed | 5e | 40c | 2.50 |
| Extra Choice American Hybrids. Splendid mixture of choicest varieties. | 5c | 30c | 2.00 |
| Fine Mixed. All colors. | 5c | 25c | 1.50 |

IF SENT BY MAIL ADD TEN CENTS PER DOZEN EXTRA FOR POSTAGE.



Tigridia.

GLOXINIA.

Magnificent for house culture, producing in great profusion beautiful flowers of the richest and most beautiful colors. They succeed best in sandy loam and peat, and require a moist heat. After blooming, dry off gradually, let the bulb remain in the pot without water, and keep in a warm place until they show signs of starting again.

Large Flowering Varieties. Finest mixed 15c each, \$1.50 per doz.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

A snow-white summer flowering Hyacinth, growing three to five feet in height, gracefully surmounted with from 20 to 30 pure white bell-shaped

(Japan Iris.) IRIS KAEMPFERI.

One of the most astonishing tribes of plants ever seen, both in its robust, free-blooming habit, and in the superb loveliness of its immense flowers. These differ from the other Irises in having the blossoms broad and flat, like a Clematis, growing best in moist, rich soils.

......15c each, \$1.50 per doz. Mixed Varieties...

MADEIRA or MIGNONETTE VINE.

A rapid-growing vine, covering a large space in a short time. Fleshy, heart-shaped leaves of a light green, and numerous racemes, of feathery flowers of delicious fragrance. A beautiful and popular vine.

5c each, 40c per doz.

TIGRIDIA. (Shell Flower.)



LILIES.

No class of plants can lay so much claim to our attention as the Lilies. They are stately, elegant and beautiful, and possess the most agreeable perfume, and for general effect, whether growing in garden or house, they have no rivals. The soil should be rien, deep and mellow, with good drainage, as nothing will injure the bulbs more than water collecting and standing around them. Do not put manure about the bulbs when setting, as it collects moisture and insects, and often emises the bulbs to decay. Top dressing is the better way to enrich the soil after the bulbs are set. The beds should be well covered with leaves and strawy manure to exclude the frost. Set bulbs four to six inches deep according to their size. the frost. Set bulbs four to six inches deep according to their size.

Anratum. (Golden Japan Lily.) This superb Lily has flowers 10 to 12 inches in diameter, composed of six white petals, thickly studded with rich chocolate-crimson spotsund a bright golden band through the center of each petal; exquisite vanilla-like perfume Extra strong bulbs 25c each, \$2.50 dozen. Fine bulbs 15c each, \$1.50 dozen.

high, and blooming in August.

| | | EA | CH. 110%. |
|-----|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 6.6 | Album. | Large, fragrant, pure white 2 | 5e \$2.50 |
| 6.6 | Rosenm. | White, shaded with rose, frag- | |
| | rant | 1 | 5e 1.50 |
| | Rubenn | White boovily enotted with | |

Tigrimum Splendens (Tiger Lily.) Orange red, spotted with black..... 1.00

MONTBRETIA CROCOSMIFLORA

OXALIS. (Summer-Flowering.)

Valuable for edging walks, flower beds, etc. Bulbs planted three inches apart form rounded rows of delicate foliage, about one foot high, which produce flowers in endless succession.

Lasandria. Fine, rosy pink, beautiful cut foliage. This is the tallest, and when planted in a bed with Dieppi should occupy the

GEMS FROM MEXICO.

TRITOMA UVARIA, GRANDIFLORA. (Red-Hot Poker Plant.)

Splendid half-hardy plants, with long, narrow leaves and a tall flower-stem, from three to five feet, with terminal spikes of orange-red and scarlet flowers, each spike

TUBEROSES.

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the summer bulbs. By skillful management a succession of flowers may be obtained all the year round. For early flowers they can be started in February or March, in the greenhouse or hot-bed; and for a succession they can be planted at intervals as late as August. For flowering in the open border, plant about the first of May.

Excelsior Pearl. Much superior to the ordinary Double Pearl Tuberose. This variety is characterized by its short, roomst stem, and long spikes of flowers, which are more double and twice as large as those of the old sort.

4c each, 35c per doz., \$1.75 per 100. Dwarf Pearl. Large size...... 25 per 100.

Double, Tall. Extra large bulbs......4e each, 35c per doz., \$1.75 per 100.

NEW BRANCHING TUBEROSE ALBINO.

This charming single-flowering Tuberose is of the purest white, both inside and out, even in the hottest sun, the petals recurve gracefully, flowering much earlier than the old single variety, and producing from two to five flower stems from a single bulb. The odor is less heavy than that of the Double Tuberose.....5c each, 50c per doz.



Albino Tuberose.

PALMS, FERNS, ARAUCARIAS, Etc.

We call special attention to our stock of Palms, Ferns, Araucarias, Ficus, Pandanus, etc., which is the largest and most complete in the West. We have a full line of sizes, and can offer special inducements on FINE SPECIMEN PLANTS. Whenever possible, we solicit a personal inspection of our stock either at

NURSERIES OF THE McCULLOUGH SEED CO., McCULLOUGH STATION, PLEASANT RIDGE, OHIO, C. L. & N. R. R., OR AT OUR STORE, 316 and 318 WALNUT STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Our rapidly increasing trade in DECORATIVE PLANTS has compelled us to erect another greenhouse devoted specially to this class of stock.

Kentia Belmoriana. One of the hardiest and best Palms for growing in a house. They are of slow growth and not affected by the dry atmosphere, of dwarf spreading habit....\$1.00 to \$7.50.
 Kentia Fosteriana. Similar to Belmoriana, with stronger growth and broader, heavier

Latania Borbonica (Chinese Fan Palm.) A very popular and hardy variety...........50c to \$7.50.

Livistonia Rotundifolia. One of the prettiest Palms, especially suited for table decoration.

The foliage is gracefully recurved, forming an almost globular plant...................\$1.50 to \$5.00.



Kentia Belmoriana.

FERNS.

Undernoted we give a description of a few of the leading varieties of Ferns, but can supply other sorts of merit at low prices.



Boston Fern.

Onoclea Germanica (Ostrich Fern). A handsome hardy fern. Thrive best in a good, strong, loamy soil, and are suitable for the outdoor Fernery Rockwork, etc. 15c to 25c.

WE HAVE A FEW HANDSOME SPECIMEN PLANTS OF NEPHROLEPIS IN HANGING BASKETS, \$3.50 TO \$5.00.

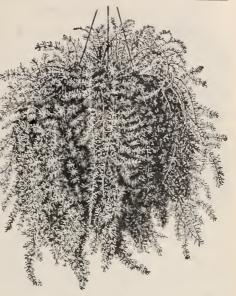
Araucaria Robusta Compacta. The finest of all the Araucaria. Foliage very dense, heavy and compact, much more beautiful and desirable than Excelsa......\$2.00 to \$7.50.



Araucaria Robusta Compacta,

Clerodendron Bulfouri. A rapid growing climber of great beauty. It can also be trained in bush form. A very profuse bloomer; its bright scarlet flowers are enveloped in a creamy calyx. The trusses or panicles of flowers are upwards of six inches in length, and when trained upon trellises and hanging down, have a rich and elegant appearance.

25c to \$1.00.



Asparagus Sprengeri.

GENERAL LIST BEDDING PLANTS.

| EACH. PER DOZ. EACH. PER I DOZ | \$1.50 |
|--|----------------|
| Abutilon in veriety 10c \$1.00 Hollybook | - |
| The state of the s | |
| Ageratum, blue | \$1.00 |
| Alternanthera, of sorts | 75c |
| Asters, Assorted Colors | 60c |
| Begonias, sorts | 60c |
| Cannas, New Dwarf | 50c |
| Centaurea Gymnocarpa | \$1. 50 |
| Coleus, new sorts | \$1.00 |
| , | 75c |
| Feverfew. Double White | 1.50 |
| Fuschias | \$1.00 |
| Geranium. Double; sorts | 75c |
| Geranium. Single; sorts | \$1.00 |
| Heliotrope, sorts | 60c |

CARNATIONS. (For Summer Flowering.)

The following varieties will be ready for delivery in April and May. They are strong plants from 3-inch pots, specially grown for summer and autumn blooming.

Daybreak. A delicate shade of pink; greatly admired.

Empress. The finest crimson; flowers very large, beautifully fringed, and are produced freely on long stout stems.

Flora Hill. The finest white; flowers of enormous size; strong stems; free bloomers.

Gold Nugget. The favorite yellow; flowers are large, and are freely produced on long stout stems.

Jubilee. Intense scarlet; flowers very large; long straight stems; calyx very strong; never bursts.

Mrs. Geo. M. Bradt. Clear white, heavily edged and striped with bright scarlet; flower very large, and free bloomer.

Mrs. Fisher. Pure white, very large. The best white summer bloomer.

Portia. Brilliant scarlet; free bloomer.

Scott. Flowers large and non-bursting, of a deep pink; stems long, of good strength.

Vesper. Pure white, lightly pencilled with scarlet; flower large, and never bursts.

15 Cents Each. \$1.50 Per Dozen.

HARDY GARDEN PINK.

Her Majesty. The flowers of this fine variety are of large size and of the purest white, very fragrant, and borne profusely on stout, erect stems, twelve inches long. It is hardy, and will winter in the open border, or may be grown in cold frames for early forcing.
 15 Cents Each. \$1.50 Per Dozen.

ROSES.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses are hardy and vigorous. The flowers are y large, of delightful fragrance, and the colors are richer than the Teas or Everblooming.

Alfred Colomb. Brilliant crimson, large, full, globular and fragrant Anna de Diesbach. Brilliant carmine-pink: large, full and fragrant, Captain Christy. A lovely rose, blooming almost the entire season; very large double buds of a deep flesh color.

Coquette des Alps. White, faintly tinged with pale blush: profuse bloomer.

asmore. A vigorous and free-blooming rose, perfectly hardy and bearing large perfectly double flowers of a rich scarlet-trimson color.

General Jacqueminot, Brilliant scarlet-crimson of fine shape and exquisite iragrance.

Mabel Morrison. Pure white: large, massive, perfectly formed flowers. Madame Charles Wood. Vivid crimson, large and full.

Madame Gabriel Luizet. Fine satin rose, large and full.

Magna Charta. Bright pink, suffused with carmine; strong, vigor-OHS CTOWER

Marshall P. Wilder. Cherry-carmine; large, full semi-globular flower of fine form

Mrs. John Laing. Rich, satiny pink, delicious fragrance; blooms constantly.

Paul Neyron. Very large dark rose; by far the largest rose in cultivation.

Prince Camille de Rohan. Dark crimson-maroon : richly shaded : full, large and superb.

Ulrich Brunner. Bright cerise-red: flowers large and full. Large Plants, 30 Cents Each; \$3.00 Per Dozen.

Medium Plants, 15 Cents Each; \$1.50 Per Dozen.



La France.

Medium Plants, 15 Cents Each; \$1.50 Per Dozen. Large Plants, 25 Cents Each; \$2.75 Per Dozen. EXCEPT WHERE NOTED.



GEN. JACQUEMINOT

Tea Roses.

Tea or Everblooming Roses are quite hardy south of the Ohio River, and with careful protection live through our severe northern winters.

through our severe northern winters.

American Beauty. Deep rose, shaded towards centre a rich carmine-crimson; delicious fragrance.

Bridesmaid. Deep brilliant prak. The buds are large, long and pointed. A most desirable sort for garden or winter forcing.

Clothilde Soupert. Pearl white, shaded at the centre with silvery rose; produced in the greatest profusion. It makes a fine plant either for pot culture or outdoor planting.

Duchess of Albany. Rich deep pink, exceedingly fragrant; vigorous grower.

Etoile de Lyon. Deep golden yellow; very large and full buds; strong, vigorous grower; excellent outdoor summer-blooming rose.

Hermosa, Probably the most popular bedding rose

outdoor summer-blooming rose.

Hermosa. Probably the most popular bedding rose in cultivation. It is of a bright pink color, most prolific in blooming, and perfectly hardy.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Pearly white, lightly tinted with lemon in the centre, remarkably fragrant, a strong, healthy grower, with bold, beautiful ioliage. The flowers are borne on long stems.

La France. Splendid satiny rose; very large, full, fine form, a constant bloomer, delicious fragrance.

Madame de Watteville. A beautiful shell pink, deepening to bright rose at the edge of the petals, the body of the flower being creamy white.

Madame Plantier. The finest white for bedding in masses; suitable for hedges or for cemetery

deepening to bright rose at the the body of the flower being creamy white.

Madame Plantier. The finest white for bedding in masses; suitable for hedges or for cemetery planting; a perfect snowball when in bloom, forming a large, compact bush.

Marechal Neil. Golden yellow, climbing habit.

Meteor. Rich dark velvety crimson; a free blooming and vigorous grower.

Maid of Honor. Rich glowing pink, darker than Bridesmaid. The buds are large, long and pointed; a most prolific bloomer; strong, vigorous grower, and deliciously fragrant.

25c each. \$2.75 doz.

Perle des Jardins. Beautiful rich yellow, of large size and perfect form.

President Carnot. The flower is of largest size, of exquisite shape; budslong and pointed; color, outer petals, white, centre delicate flesh pink; excellent summer blooming variety.

excenent summer olooming variety.

25c each, \$2.75 doz.

Safrano. Buff, shaded with yellow.

Sunset. Large size and perfect form, of a rich shade of saffron and orange.

The Bride. Pure white, large size and perfect form, strong grower and free bloomer; delicious fragrance. rance

MOSS ROSES.

Blanche Moreau. Lovely pure white, large and full. Crested Moss. Rose color, beautifully crested. Perpetual White. One of the finest.

Large Plants, 35 Cents Each; \$3.00 Per Dozen.

Persian Yellow. Perfectly hardy; flowers double and full; deep golden yellow in color; blooms very freely in June. The finest hardy yellow rose grown.

Strong Plants, 25 Cents Each; \$2.50 Per Dozen.

ROSA RUGOSA.

The lovely Rugosa Roses form sturdy bushes three to five feet in height, covered than the same of the

Rugosa. Fine glossy erimson. | Rugosa Alba. Pure white.

Strong Plants, 30 Cents Each; \$3.00 Per Dozen.

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

Crimson Rambler. The plant is of very vigorous growth, making shoots from eight to ten feet during the season. The flowers are produced in trusses, pyramidal in shape, good specimens measuring nine inches from base to tip, and seven inches across, fairly covering the plant from the ground to the top, so that it is one mass of glowing crimson. The color is superb, and remains strong and vivid to the end. The profusion of bloom is marvelous, over three hundred blooms having been counted on one shoot.

Pink Rambler. Pure sating rose. The partially more back height light core.

been counted on one shoot

Pink Rambler. Pure satiny rose. The partially open buds being bright, light carmine, thus producing a strong and pleasing contrast. In hardiness, freedom of bloom and vigorous climbing habitfully equal to Crimson Rambler.

White Rambler. Closely resembles the Crimson Rambler in vine and foliage. Large clusters of pure white flowers, which are deliciously fragrant. The flowers remain on the plant a long time (from three to five weeks), and keep a long time when cut.

Yellow Rambler. The flowers are borne in immense clusters, often as many as 150 blossoms in a bunch. The color is a decided yellow, the flowers are very fragrant; the habit of growth is very vigorous. Well established plants often making shoots eight to ten feet in one season.

yellow, the howers are very tragram; the habit of growth is very vigorous. Well established plants often making shoots eight to ten feet in one season.

Baltimore Belle. Pale blush, nearly white.

Gem of the Prairie. Large and double; color, light crimson, somewhat blotched white.

Prairie Queen. Deep rose, hardy and desirable.

Michigan Climber., Single variety; flowers nearly two inches in diameter; produced very freely; color, bright rich pink; strong, vigorous grower.

Large Plants, 30 Cents Each; \$3.00 Dozen.

HYBRID WICHURIANA ROSES.

These pretty hybrids of this most useful rose are quite hardy and need no protection whatever in winter, and from their trailing habit are admirably adapted for covering rock-work or bare spaces, as well as planting in the border. They are of very free growth, with foliage of a fine deep green, which lasts until well on in the winter. The flowers are produced in immense quantities, and last a long time in perfection. Altogether very desirable.

South Orange Perfection. Dwarf trailing habit, double flowers; blush pink at tips, changing to white.

Triumph. Produces large clusters of well-formed double flowers of pure white, two inches in diameter.

Universal Favorite. Double flowers of a beautiful rose color, over two inches in diameter.

Rosa Wichuriana. Single pure white, with yellow stamens, followed in fall and winter with bright red fruit. Foliage dark shining green; prostrate trailing habit. Valuable for covering low walls, banks or rockeries, and for covering graves in cemeteries. Large Plants, 30 Cents Each; \$3.00 Per Dozen.



Chrysanthemum.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Eugene Dailledouse. Large, full, double; intensely bright vellow

Glory of the Pacific. The best early pink, dwarf habit; strong, stiff stem, and excellent foliage. Golden Wedding. Rich golden yellow of mammoth size, car-ried erect on strong, straight stems.

John Thorp.

Ivory. Pure white, a splendid free flowering variety.

John Thorp. Rich crimson; a large and fine flower.

John Shrimpton. Bright crimson, of largest size and perfect

John Shrimpton. Bright crimson, of largest size and perfect form.

Kioto. Deep yellow; petals incurved and twisted.

L. Canning. Pure white flower, of dwarf but vigorous and compact growth.

Madame F. Bergmann. Pure white; a fine large globular flower, grown extensively for cut flowers, and as a pot plant.

Major Bonaffin. One of the best yellows; a beautiful flower both in form and color; of largest size incurved.

Mrs. Alpheus Hardy (White Ostrich Plume.) Pure white of large size, broad petaled and incurved, the surface being downy, like loose-piled plush.

Mrs. Henry Robinson. One of the finest white varieties; a perfect ball of snow when fully developed.

Mrs. Irving Clark. Pearly white, shading to deep rose in the centre, which is beautifully whorled.

Mrs. Jerome Jones. One of the finest white varieties; of exquisite finish and form, with unusually straight strong stems.

stems

stems.

Mrs. Perrin. The loveliest pink of all; flowers large and beautifully formed; extra fine stem and foliage.

Mrs. Potter Palmer. Rose pink within and silvery without; outer petals reflexed with incurved tips, large size.

Queen. White, extra fine; of largest size, very compact; petals incurving.

Viviand Morel. Extra large flowers; petals long and loosely arranged; a beautiful shade of pink.

We have a large stock of other Chrysanthemums, and will fill orders with best varieties when selection is left to us.

15 Cents Each; \$1.50 Per Dozen.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

Ampelopsis Veitchi. (Japan Creeper, or Boston Ivv.)

Clematis.

The Clematis is, perhaps, the most popular climbing plant of the day, and is constantly gaining in popularity. Entirely

of the day, and is constantly gaining in popularity. Entirely hardy.

Duchess of Edinburg. A free flowering double white variety with medium sized flowers.

Gipsy Queen. One of the finest of the dark purple varieties. A strong grower and free bloomer.

Henryii. Fine, large, creamy white flowers. A strong grower and very hardy, one of the best of the white varieties; a perpetual bloomer.

Jackmanii. The flowers, when fully expanded, are from four to six inches in diameter; intense violet purple, with a rich velvety appearance, distinctly veined. It flowers continually from July until cut off by frosts.

Mad. Ed. Andre. This is the nearest approach to a bright red Clematis and has been called the Crimson Jackmanii. The plant is a strong vigorous grower and very free in bloom. Color a distinct crimson red; a very pleasing shade and entirely distinct from all other varieties.

Miss Bateman. White, with chocolate red anthers.

Sieboldi. Silvery lavender, a most beautiful shade.

Strong Plants, 50c Each; \$5.00 per doz.

Extra Strong Plants, 75e Each; \$8.00 doz.

Paniculata. One of the most beautiful of our hardy fall-blooming vines. The flowers are pure white, very fragrant, borne in large clusters fairly covering the plant, so that it is a mass of fleecy white; the fragrance is delicious.

Strong Plants, 25c Each; \$2.50 per doz. Extra Strong Plants, 35c Each; \$3.50 per doz.

Honeysuckles.

Monthly Fragrant, or Dutch. Blooms all summer.
Common Woodbine. A strong rapid grower, flowers very showy; red outside, buff within. June and July.
Halleana. Nearly evergreen; flowers, pure white; produced abundantly; fragrant like a Jasmine.
Yellow Trumpet. A well-known variety, with yellow trumpet.

Yellow Trumpet. A well-and like flowers.
Scarlet Trumpet. It is a rapid grower, and produces scarlet, inodorous flowers all summer.

25 Cents Each; \$2.50 per Dozen.

Moon Flowers.

brid. The most beautiful of all annual climbers, bearing delightfully fragrant flowers, four to five inches in diameter, of a beautiful pure white color. It is called "Moon Flower" from its rare peculiarity of blooming best at night, although it also expands its flowers in dull days; emitting a rich, Hybrid. Jessamine-like odor at night.

Strong Plants, 10c each; \$1.00 doz. By mail, 15c each.

Madeira, or Mignonette Vine. Madeira Vine Tubers...... 5c each, 40c doz.

hinese Wistaria.

Wistaria Sinensis. The favorite variety, producing thous-

Cobaea Scandens.

A beautiful climber of rapid growth, with large, blue bell-

Hop Vines.

A rapid and hardy climber......10c each, \$1.00 doz.

PASSIFLORA.

A beautiful class of rapid growing climbing plants, well adapted for house culture in Winter, or for training over porches, etc., during Summer.

Constance Elliott. The flowers are pure white, excepting a very slight coloring at the base of the corolla.

15c each, \$1.50 doz.

HARDY HERBACEOUS PERENNIAL PLANTS.

The steadily increasing demand for hardy plants has induced us to give them more attention, and to increase our stock considerably. For such of our customers who are not acquainted with the different varieties we shall be pleased to make suitable selections of the most desirable species that, when once planted, with very little care, will keep the garden gay with flowers from the time frost leaves the ground until late in the autumn.

single, two to three inches across. Fine for cutting.

Helianthus Multiflorus Fl. Pl. (Double Hardy Sunflower.)
One of the most useful plants. It produces its large double Dahlia-like golden-yellow flowers in great profusion the entire summer and fall.

entire summer and fall.

Heuchera Sanguinea. A most desirable perennial, of dwarf,
compact branching growth and robust constitution. The
flowers are produced in loose, graceful spikes and come in
the greatest profusion. Color, rich crimson. 2 feet.

Hibiscus, "Crimson Eye." This elegant Hibiscus, after
many years of careful selection, has become entirely distinct. It is a robust grower, with dark red stems and foliage.
The flowers are immense in size. The color is pure white,
with a large spot of grimson in the centra of each flower. with a large spot of crimson in the centre of each flower.

Hollyhocks. The distinctive character and massive beauty of the Hollyhocks render them unrivalled. For distant effect in large groups they are matchless; nothing makes a finer display. They remain in bloom so long and are so effective that few plants equal them for summer blooming.

Tris Kæmpferi. (Japan Iris.) Finest of all the Iris family.

The flowers are of immense size, from 6 to 8 inches in diameter, and of the most beautiful and delicate shades. They are perfectly hardy, and flower in great profusion during June and July.

Iris Germanica (Fleur de lis.) Assorted colors. 10c ea., \$1.00 doz.

Pœonies. Magnificent hardy plants, almost rivaling the Rose in perfume, brilliancy of color and perfection of bloom. They are perfectly hardy, require little or no care, and produce larger and finer blooms when well established. We offer double white, rose and crimson......30c each, \$3.00 doz.

Pœonies Tenuifolia fl. pl. A new variety, with foliage like a beautiful fern, and flowers the color and shape of the Jac-queminot Rose, more double and larger. 50c each, \$5.00 doz.

Phlox Decussata. (Tall Perennial Phlox.) One of the best garden plants: they are easily cultivated, and more attractive than a bed of these, from midsummer until frost. We have a very fine assortment of some of the newer kinds.

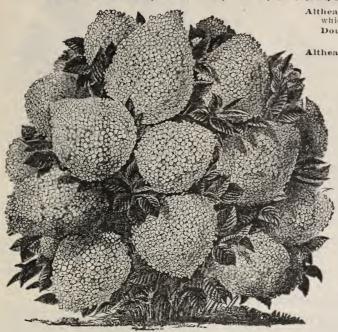
Pyrethrum Hybridum El. Pl. Too much cannot be said in rethrum Hybridum Fl. Pl. Too much cannot be said in favor of this grand hardy perennial. No class of plants gives a wider range of colors, while the form and substance of the flowers is all that could be wished. The bloom'is similar to that of an Aster. The plants we offer are seedlings grown from an extra select strain......25c each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pyrethrum Uliginosum (Giant Daisy.) A grand fall blooming plant, growing 5 feet high, and covered with large white flowers with yellow centres; need a moist, rich soil.

dbeckia. (Golden Glow.) One of the most desirable, most effective flowering plants for August and September. It grows six feet high, branching freely and throwing up masses of large double yellow flowers. Invaluable for cutting.

15 Cents Each; \$1.50 Per Dozen. Except where noted.

ORNAMENTAL FLOWERING SHRUBS.



Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.

Althea (Rose of Sharon.) Strong, erect growing shrubs which bear large and showy flowers in early fall. Double Rose. Double White. Double Purple. 30 Cents Each.

Althea Variegated Leaved. Leaves conspicuously mar-

Burning Bush (Euonymus Europeus.) Pods cov-

Calycanthus, Sweet Shrub (Calycanthus Flori-dus.) Flowers fragrant, like strawberries; double, and of a chocolate color. 2 to 3 ft..35c each.

Deutzia Crenata flore plena. Flowers double white, tinged with pink. 3 feet...........25c each. Dentzia Gracilis. A dwarf bush, covered with

Dogwood, Red Twigged (Cornus sanguinca.)

strong growing bush, with crimson colored branches, making it an attractive object in winter. 3 feet35c each.

Exochorda Grandiflora. Finely shaped shrub with a profusion of the most lovely pure white flowers; blooms in the spring......50c each.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora. This is the finest hardy shrub in cultivation, and endures heat and cold extremely well.

......50c each.

DECIDUOUS TREES.

| | EACH. |
|--|--------|
| Beech, Purple Leaved. 4 to 6 feet | 75c |
| Birch, European. White. 8 to 10 feet | 50e |
| Birch, Cut Leaved. 7 to 9 feet | 75c |
| Catalpa (Speciosa.) 10 to 12 feet | 50e |
| Cherry, Double Flowering. 4 to 5 feet | 50c |
| Elm, American. 7 to 8 feet | 75e |
| Elm, Puple Leaved. 8 to 10 feet | \$1.00 |
| Elm, Weeping | \$1.00 |
| Horse Chestnut. 7 to 8 feet | 75c |
| Horse Chestnut, Red Flowering. 4 to 5 feet | \$1.00 |
| Horse Chestnut, Dwarf | 75c |
| Kentucky Coffee Tree. 4 to 5 fect | 50c |
| Linden, American. 10 to 12 fect | 75e |
| | |

| | EACH. |
|--|-------|
| Liquid Amber (Sweet Gum.) 5 to 6 feet | . 75c |
| Magnolia Acuminata. 7 to 8 feet | . 75c |
| Maple, Norway. 10 to 12 feet | . 75c |
| Maple, Rock or Sugar. 10 feet | . 75c |
| Maple, Silver Leaved. 10 to 12 feet | . 60c |
| Maple, Weir's Cut Leaved. 8 to 10 feet | . 75c |
| Mountain Ash, European. 10 to 12 feet | . 60c |
| Mountain Ash, Oak Leaved. 6 to 8 feet | . 60e |
| Mountain Ash, Weeping | . 75c |
| Poplar, Carolina. 10 to 12 feet | . 60c |
| Salisburia (Maiden Hair.) 4 to 5 feet | 75c |
| Thorn, Double Flowering Crimson. 4 to 6 feet | 60c |
| Tulip Tree. 10 to 12 feet | 60c |

NUTS.

| | EA | CH. | DOZ. |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----|--------|
| Almonds. | Hard and soft shell. 3 to 4 feet | 50c | \$5.00 |
| Chestnut, | American. 6 to 7 fect | 50c | \$5.00 |
| Chestnut, | Spanish. 5 to 6 feet | 75c | \$8.00 |
| Hickory. | Shell bark. 6 to 8 feet | 75c | \$8.00 |

| EACH. | DOZ. |
|---|--------|
| Pecans. 4 to 5 feet | \$8.00 |
| Walnuts, English. 4 to 5 feet | \$8.00 |
| Walnuts, Black. 7 to 8 feet 75e | \$8.00 |
| Walnuts, White (Butternut.) 5 to 7 feet 750 | |

EVERGREENS.

| , | EACH. | PER DOZ. |
|--|-------|----------|
| Arbor Vitæ American. 1½ to 2 feet | 20e | \$2.00 |
| " " 2 to 3 feet | 30e · | 3.00 |
| - " " 3 to 4 feet | 40c | 4.00 |
| " Chinese Compacta. 4 to 5 feet | 50c | 5.00 |
| " Elegantissima. 4 to 5 feet | 400 | 3.50 |
| " Golden (Aurea.) 3 to 4 feet | 500 | 5.00 |
| 66 66 Pyramidalis 2 to f foot | 400 | |
| " Pyramidalis. 3 to 5 feet | 400 | 3.50 |
| Siberian. 5 to 4 It | 40c | 3.50 |
| Tom Filding. 2 feet, stocky | 40c | 3.50 |
| Fir Balsam. 6 to 7 feet | 50c | 5.00 |
| Juniper Irish. 3 to 4 feet. Extra fine | 50c | 5.00 |
| Pine Scotch. 5 to 7 feet | 50e | 5.00 |
| "White, 5 to 7 feet | 50e | 5.00 |
| Spruce Norway. 3 to 4 feet | 40c | 4.00 |
| " 5 to 6 feet | 60c | 6.00 |
| " Colorado Blue. 2 to 3 feet | 75c | 8.00 |
| " Hemlock. 1½ to 2 feet | 50c | 5.00 |
| | 000 | 0.00 |
| | | |

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

Eulalia Gracillima. The most beautiful of all the Eulalias, with narrow graceful foliage, entirely green, without variegation, except that the midrib is of a silvery sheen. Perfectly hardy, very valuable.

Eulalia Japonica Variegata. Leaves striped white and green longitudinally. The dried blooms of all the Eulalias make beautiful winter ornaments

Eulalia Zebrina. lalia Zebrina. A peculiarly variegated grass, growing six feet high. The variegation is unlike that of any other plant, being across the leaf in regular bands, as shown in our illustration, dark green and light yellow

Strong Clumps, 25 Cents Each; \$2.50 Per Dozen.



Eulalia Zebrina.

FRUIT TREES, SMALL FRUITS, GRAPE VINES, ETC.

Select thrifty young trees in preference to old or very large ones; the roots are more tender and fibrous, and they bear transplanting better and far more apt to live; they can also be more easily trimmed and shaped to any desired form, and in the course of a few years will usually outstrip the older ones in growth. If not prepared to plant when your stock arrives, "heel in" by digging a trench deep enough to admit all the roots, and setting the trees therein as they can stand, carefully packing the earth about the roots, taking up when required. Never leave the roots exposed to the sun and air.

SENT BY EXPRESS OR FREIGHT AT EXPENSE OF PURCHASER.

Apples.

We can furnish all varieties usually catalogued, but the following list comprises the most desirable sorts.

Standard.

Three years old, 6 to 7 feet high, 25c cach, \$2.50 per dozen.

Summer Varieties.

Early Harvest. Pale yellow, fine flavor; August. Golden Sweet. Pale yellow, sweet and good; August. Keswick Codlin. Large, pale yellow, pleasant; August. Sweet Bough. Large, pale yellow, tender, sweet. Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow, good quality.

Autumn Varieties.

Fall Pippin. Very large, yellow, rich, aromatic. Maiden's Blush. Large, beautiful, blush cheek. Rambo. Yellow, streaked with red; October to December. Red Beitigheimer. Pale cream, covered with crimson.

Winter Varieties.

Baldwin. Large, dark red, productive. Ben Davis. Large, handsome, striped; goodfquality. Golden Russett. Medium, dull russet, crisp, juicy. Northern Spy. Large, striped red; good keeper.

Rawles' Janet. Medium; yellow, striped with red, rich, crisp and juicy; a long keeper.

Rome Beauty. Large, yellow, shaded red; tender. Smiths' Cider. Medium; tender and juicy; sub-acid. White Pippin. Large, pale yellow; rich sub-acid. Wine Sap. Medium; deep red; rich sub-acid. York Imperial. Medium; yellow, shaded red; firm, juicy

sub-acid. An excellent shipping apple.

Crab Apples.

5 to 7 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen. Hyslop. Deep crimson, very popular on account of its large size, beauty and hardiness.

Transcendant. Skin yellow striped with red.

Whitney. Large, glossy green, splashed carmine, firm, juicy; great bearer; excellent for eider.

Pears.

6 to 7 feet, first-class, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen. Bartlett. Large, clear yellow, juicy. August. Clapp's Favorite. Large, juicy and rich. August to September. Flemish Beauty. Large, juicy, rich and fine. September to October.

October.

Kieffer's Hybrid. Large, rich color and good quality.

Lawson. Yellow, flushed with crimson, crisp and juicy.

Lawrence. Yellow, thickly dotted, fine flavor.

Seckel. Small, yellowish brown, one of the best.

Tyson. Large, yellow with brown check, sweet. Wilder. Yellow with red cheek, fine quality.

Peaches

4 to 6 feet, 25c each: \$2.50 per dozen.

Alexander. Medium, greenish white, juicy, sweet.

Beers' Smock. Large yellow flesh peach; one of the best
market sorts; last of September.

Champion. Creamy white with red cheeks, freestone; excellent quality; early in August.

Crawford's Early. Large, yellow, of good quality, freestone;
early in September.

Crawford's Late. Large, yellow with red cheek, freestone;
last of September.

Crawford's Late. Large, yellow with red cheek, freestone; last of September.

Elberta. Large, yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, firm, juicy, of high quality; very prolific.

Fitzgerald. Large, yellow, suffused with red; flesh, deep yellow; best quality; hardy and productive.

Mountain Rose. Large, handsome, red cheek; flesh white, juicy; one of the best; August.

Old Mixon Free. Large, yellow, with red cheek.

Sneed The carliest variety. Medium size, creamy white, with light blush cheek; excellent quality.

Cherries. (Heart and Bigarreau.)

5 to 7 feet, first class, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Black Tartarian. Very large, black, juley rich, excellent, productive. Last of June.

Governor Wood. Large, light red, juley, rich, delicious. Tree healthy and productive. June.

Napoleon. Large, pale yellow. firm. juley, productive. Rockport Bigarreau. Large, yellow, jniey and sweet.

Windsor. Large, liver colored, fine quality.

Cherries. (Duke and Morello.)

4 to 6 feet, first-class, 40c each; \$3.50 per dozen. Early Richmond. Medium, dark red, fine quality.
Empress Eugenie. Large, dark red, fine quality.
English Morello. Dark red, rich, acid, juicy and good.
May Duke. Large, red, an excellent variety.
Reine Hortense. Large, red, juicy and delicious.

FRUIT TREES, SMALL FRUITS, Etc.-Continued.

PLUMS.

On Plum Stocks, 5 to 7 Feet, 50c Each; \$5.00 Dozen.

Abundance. Large, yellow, with heavy bloom; good quality: very prolific

Bradshaw. Large, dark red, flesh green, productive.

Genii. Large, purple, sweet, good market variety.

Lombard. Medium red, juicy, good, hardy and productive; the leading market variety.

Shipper's Pride. Large, purple, fine, juicy and sweet.

Ou Peach Stocks, 4 to 6 Feet, 50c Each; \$5.00 Dozen.

Damson. Small, oval fruit, purple, hardy, productive.

Weaver. Large, purple, very prolifie. Wild Goose. Medium, purple.

BLACKBERRIES.

50 Cents Dazen; \$2.00 per Hundred.

Should be planted in rows six to seven feet apart, three to five feet in the rows. Keep the ground light and rich. Pinch the canes back when they have reached four feet in height.

Ancient Briton. Large fruit, stems loaded with good-sized berries of fine quality; vigorous grower; hardy.

Early Harvest. Very prolific; choice variety.

Eldorado. Large fruit, borne in large clusters, and ripen well together; fine quality; good keeper.

Snyder. Medium size, sweet and juicy; extremely hardy and very productive.

DEWBERRY.

Lucretia. One of the low-growing, trailing Blackberries. In earliness, size, and quality, it equals any of the tall-growing sorts. It has proved highly satisfactory wherever tried, and many say it is the best of all the Blackberry family.

50c per dozen, \$2.00 per 100.

CURRANTS.

10 Cents Each; \$1.00 per Dozen.

Set four feet apart, in rich ground. Cultivate well or mulch heavily; prune out old wood, so that each remaining shoot will have room to grow. Manure freely. Two-year-old plants.

Black Champion. Large bunch and berry, excellent quality, strong grower, very productive.

Cherry. Fruit large, bunch small, deep red, acid.

Pay's Prolific. Extra large stems and berries; color, rich red; fine quality; very productive.

Pomona. Bright red, extra fine quality and enormously productive; strong vigorous grower.

White Grape. Large, yellowish white, sweet, excellent quality and valuable for the table.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Plant three to four feet each way, manure well, and after fruit is gathered, prune out all old wood. Two-year-old.

Industry. English sort, of very large size, hardy......\$2.50 doz.

GRAPE VINES.

The vines come quickly into bearing, yielding fruit usually the second year after planting; requires but little space, and when properly trained is an ornament to the yard, garden or vineyard. The soil for the grape should be dry; when not naturally so, should be thoroughly drained. It should be deeply worked and well manured, always bearing in mind that it is an essential point to secure a warm, sumny exposure. Make the soil mellow, and plant the vines somewhat deeper than they stood in the nursery. Plant about 8 feet apart, by the fence or building. Use Grape Dust to prevent mildew. Strong selected two-year vines.

Catawba. A very late keeper; red, sweet and rich, with pleas-

Colerain. A new White Grape, fully hardy. Flesh juicy and remarkably sweet. An abundant yielder 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

Eaton. Bunch very large, skin black, sweet and juicy pulp. 50c each.

Ives' Seedling. Dark purple; sweet, hardy..10ceach, \$1.00 doz. Martha (White Concord.) Large, pale yellow; strongly resembles the Concord in all points except color. 15c each, \$1.50 doz.

15c each, \$1.25 doz.

eutiss. Bunch large and compact; berry, medium to large, of yellowish green color; skin, thin but very firm: sweet, juicy, with a pleasant musky aroma......25c each, \$2.50 doz.

RASPBERRIES.

40 Cents Per Dozen; \$1.50 Per Hundred.

The Raspberry should be planted in good, rich soil, in rows five feet apart and three feet apart in the rows. As soon as they have done bearing cut out the old wood to give more vigor to the young canes.

Cuthbert. Large, firm; deep, rich crimson; of excellent quality, tall, strong and vigorons; perfectly hardy and very productive. Ripens medium to late.

Eureka. Large, black variety; fruit firm, of superior quality; strong, vigorous grower, and very prolific.

Golden Queeu. Berries large, golden yellow, bright and firm, and of fine, rich flavor; vigorous, productive and healthy. Gregg. A large, black variety; fruit firm, of excellent quality, and a good shipper.

Marlboro. Of large size; color, a bright crimson; very firm.

STRAWBERRIES.

Any ordinary soil will grow strawberries, though the richer it is made the larger the fruit. We prefer planting in the spring, Any ordinary soil will grow strawberries, though the richer it is made the larger the fruit. We prefer planting in the spring, as early as the ground will permit; but pot-grown plants, set in Angust or September, will produce a good erop the next season. For garden culture, the most convenient method is to plant in beds four feet wide, three rows in each bed, and plants one foot apart in the row. A pathway two feet wide should be left between the beds, so that the fruit may be easily picked and the bed kept clean without stepping on them. Cover lightly in winter with corn stalks or some coarse litter; rake off in the spring, dress the beds, and mulch with litter or short grass from the lawn. Plant in March, April, May, September or October.

All varieties offered in this list have perfect or bi-sexual blossoms, except those marked (P), which are destitute of stamens, and are termed pistillate or imperfect-flowering varieties, and must be planted near some perfect-flowering sort, or they will produce little or no fruit.

duce little or no fruit.

25 Ceuts Per Dozen; \$1.00 per 100; \$7.50 per 1,000.

Brandywine. Large, roundish conical; bright, glossy crim-Brandywine. Large, roundish conical; bright, glossy crimson; berries, firm and solid, excellent quality and fine flavor.
Bubach No. 5 (P). Very large and productive, bright scarlet; a fine market variety; early to medium.
Enhance. Large, bright crimson, firm very prolific.
Gandy. Large, bright crimson, berries of uniform size; plants vigorous and healthy. The best late variety.
Greenville (P). Large, roundish berries of excellent quality firm and good shipper; very productive.
Haverland (P). Large, bright red, excellent flavor; vigorous grower; ripens fruit evenly and early.

Jessie. Large, handsome berry, of good quality; vigorous

Jessie. Large, handsome herry, of good quarry, research grower; good market sort.

Marshall. Large, rich crimson, fine flavor. Plant very strong, with high culture produces heavy crops.

Oriole (P). Large, deep red, rich aromatic flavor, firm, and a good shipper; extra early; productive.

Parker Earle. Large, rich crimson, conical shape, excellent

shipper; strong, vigorous grower; very productive; late

a. Belt. Large, brilliant red, extra fine quality. The plant as vigorous and thrifty, and very productive.

POULTRY

SUPPLIES. • ETC.

RUST'S EGG PRODUCER.



You can get plenty of Eggs at all seasons by using Rust's Egg Producer. It makes fowls vigorous and healthy, shortens the moulting period, prevents and cures leg weakness, etc., and is just what is needed to make poultry-keeping the most profitable operation on a farm. You can feed Rust's Egg Producer EVERY DAY for two or three weeks, at a cost of one cent for each hen, and get SURPRISING results. It don't cost much to use it, for, although eggs are often dear, Rust's Egg Producer is always cheap.

1 lb, box, 25c.; 21/2 lb. box, 50c.; 6 lb. box, \$1.00; 10 lb. box, \$1.50; 25 lb. keg, \$3.50. If by mail, add 16c a pound for postage.



Rust's Havens' Climax Condition Powder.

No Owner of Poultry or Stock Should be Without it.

It cures diseases, and keeps stock and fowls healthy; the only real cure for gapes and fowl cholera; expels worms from horses, etc.; gives GREAT and LASTING benefit in heaves, without the slightest injury.

It makes hogs thrive and fatten; increases and improves the production of milk.

It contains no antimony, arsenic, resin, or anything harmful, and is, therefore, entirely different from the number of QUICK foods and powders in the market.

It is unlike any other powder, and those who use it once

will Have it again.

It is not a food, but an honest medicine, at an honest price.

Price, 13-oz. package, 25c. If sent by mail, 15c extra for postage. 2-lb. package, 50c. 5-lb. box, \$1.00.

IMPERIAL EGG FOOD.

For all varieties of laying fowls, Young Chickens, Ducks, Geese and Turkeys.

Price, per lb., 50c.; 2½ lbs., \$1.00; 6-lb. boxes, \$2.00; 10-lb. boxes, \$3.00; 25-lb. kegs, \$6.25.

CONCENTRATED EGG FOOD.

For all kinds of poultry-will make your hens lay.

This is a food of our own manufacture, prepared with special care. It is composed of ingredients which are most beneficial to fowls; keeping them in good condition, and making poultry profitable stock. Give it a trial and be convinced of its merits.....Price, 5-lb. box, 40c. (Not sent by mail.) Mixed Seeds and Grain for Poultry50c per bushel.

Rust's Haven's Roup Pills.

Mica Crystal Grit. Hens having no teeth should be kept constantly supplied with some sharp material to grind and masticate their food. Mica Crystal Grit is superior to all other forms, as it is not only sharp and hard, but its properties are such that it acts as a tonic, and contributes largely to the health and productive power of the fowl.

3 lbs. 10c.; 10 lbs. 25c.; 100 lbs. \$1.25.

Oyster Shell. Will increase the supply of eggs, and keep poultry in a healthy condition.

Coarse Ground.... Per lb. 5c., 3 lbs. 10c., 10 lbs. 25c., 100 lbs. \$1.00.

Pure Bone. For laying fowls and young chickens.

Rock Salt. For horses and cattle.....3c lb., 100 lbs. \$1.50.

Paul's Drinking Fountain for Poultry.

Can be filled easily. The water is always clean, and chickens can not get wet.......Price, ½ gal. 25c., 1 gal. 35c., 2 gals. 50c.

Nest Eggs, China. For setting and laying hens. 5c each, 35c dozen, if by mail, add 20c per dozen extra-

COTTON SEED MEAL—for Feeding Stock.

The most economical article for feeding stock now known. It is only a few years since that the value of Cotton Seed Meal for Stock Food was discovered. Now the demand for it is in excess of the supply, about three-fourths of our entire product going to Europe, where necessity compels the most rigid economy in the purchase of food. This alone is sufficient evidence of its high value. From a chemical analysis, made for the American Agriculturist, it is seen that the milk-producing properties are forty per cent. more than Linseed Meal, and nearly four times as much as Bran and Mill Feed, and five times more than Corn and Oats.

Fed to dairy cattle, the yield of milk is largely increased, and twenty to twenty-five per cent. more cream or butter is obtained. All who have used it attest to these facts. In addition to its value as a milk producer, it contains of flesh and fat producing properties from twenty-five to fifty per cent, more than other feeds. It is rich in ammonia, and the most valuable



Good for Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Pigs and Poultry.

DIRECTIONS FOR FEEDING .- Milch cows and fattening cattle, mix with other feed, beginning for each animal with one pint at a feed, increase gradually for a week or ten days, to two quarts at each feed. Fattening hogs, one quart. Horses, one-half pint every other day. Sheep, one-half pint.

Per bag of 100 lbs., \$1.25; five-bag lots, \$1.20.

manure is obtained from its use.

Like all other commercial articles, the price is subject to market fluctuations.

OLD PROCESS LINSEED OR OIL CAKE MEAL.

FERTILIZERS.

Bowker's Flower Food. It is free from odor, clean to handle, and, in addition to promoting a strong, healthy growth, and a profusion of bloom, it materially aids in keeping your plants free from vermin. The Flower Food will keep any length of time, is soluble in water and ready for the plant to take it up, thus producing a quicker and healthier growth than can be obtained from any other fertilizer. Directions for use on each package.

Large size, 25c per pkt. By mail, 10c pkt. extra. Small size, 15c per pkt.; 2 pkts. for 25c. If by mail, add 5c pkt. extra.

add 5c pkt. extra.

Sheep Manure—El Paso. This is a pure natural manure, and the most nutritious food for plants. Its effect is immediate, much more lasting and healthful than guano or any other manure. It is the best of all manures for mixing with the soil for greenhouse plants. It makes the richest, safest and quickest liquid manure, rivaling guano, without any deleterious effects. Nothing equals it for general use on flower beds, or for the vegetable garden. No other fertilizer produces such a marked and permanent effect upon lawns. No raking-off required. No seeds of foul weeds in it! No offensive odor! It is clean to handle! Absolutely safe to use in any quantity or in any manner. Absolutely safe to use in any quantity or in any manner.

Directions .- For lawns, use at the rate of from 300 to 500 pounds per aere. For pot plants, mix one part of sheep manore to six parts of soil. For use in the vegetable garden, spread over the surface and dig in. Being soluble, it readily makes a safe liquid manure (one pound to five gallons of water per day can be safely used).

Per lb. 10c.; 5 lbs. 25c.; 12 lbs. 50c.; 25 lbs. 75c.; 100 lbs. \$2.50. Pacific Guano. For several years we have been handling Pacific Guano, and the universal verdict from all who use it is, "It is the best fertilizer we have ever used."

1 lb. 10c.; 5 lbs. 25c.; 25 lbs. 75c.; 100 lbs. \$2.00; per half-ton, \$15.00; per ton. \$28.00.

Peruvian Guano. One of the most powerful stimulants for plants and growing crops. One pound of Guano to twenty gallons of water will be sufficiently strong for a single watering each week, and more efficient than repeated waterings with weaker solutions...Perlb. 10c.; 10 lbs. 75c.; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

Bone Meal, Flour or Dust. This is ground very fine, de-composes more rapidly in the soil than the coarser grades, and is, therefore, more quickly beneficial.

Per lb. 5c.; 10 lbs. 45c.; 100 lbs. \$3.00.

Bone, Crushed or Coarse. This is largely used for pasture lands, being rather slow but permanent in action, and it is also indispensable in the grape-vine borders—for fruit trees, small fruit, etc.-where a lasting fertilizer is required.

Per lb. 5c.: 10 lbs. 45c.: 100 lbs. \$3.00.

Ammoniated Bone Meal. This is now the leading fertilizer, and is especially valuable for plants, potatoes and grain.

5 lbs, 25c.; 100 lbs, \$2.00; 200 lb. bag \$3.00; per half ton, \$14.50; per ton, \$28.00.

Bone with Ammonia and Potash (Ox Brand.) There are ne with Animonia and Potash (Ox Brand.) There are many farmers who feel obliged to use a manure that is not expensive, and therefore we have prepared this manure, which, while it contains a large percentage of available phosphoric and bone phosphate of lime, does not contain so much ammonia or potash. It will be found to give admirable results, and we confidentially recommend it

200 lb. bag, \$3.00; per half ton, \$12.50; per ton, \$24.00.

200 lb. bag, \$3.00; per half ton, \$12.50; per ton, \$24.00.

Bone and Potash (Ox Brand.) The chemicals used in this brand are in the most soluble form, and it should give good results; is dry and drillable, and contains more available phosphoric acid and phosphate of lime than any other brand of bone and potash on the market.

200 lb. bag, \$2.75; per half ton, \$11.00; per ton, \$21.00.

Dissolved Bone, High Grade (Ox Brand.) This brand of dissolved bone is intended for use on lands that need phosphoric acid, but are not deficient in ammonia and potash. It contains more available phosphoric acid than any other similar brand on the market, and besides contains almost as much bone phosphate of lime as pure raw bone, and the bone phosphate in an available form, while the bone phosp bone phosphate in an available form, while the bone phosphate in pure raw bone is all insoluble. Therefore this brand is a more economical fertilizer than pure bone.

200 lb. bag, \$2.50; per half ton, \$10.50; per ton, \$20.00. Land Plaster. Per barrel about 300 lbs., \$1.50; six barrels or more, \$1.35.

FERTILIZER INGREDIENTS.

For the benefit of those who want Fertilizers for special purposes, or for mixing with stable manure, we keep on sale ingredients that contain the elements to make a complete fertilizer, viz.: Nitrogen, Potash and Phosphoric Acid. The ingredients we sell contain these elements in most available form for plant food.

Nitrate of Soda. A natural product of the mines of Chili, South America. Contains sixteen per cent. Nitrogen, equal to twenty per cent. Ammonia. Use twenty to forty poundsPrice per 100 lbs., \$3.50.

Kainit. A natural product of the mines of Germany, containing nearly thirteen per cent. pure Potash, also a large percentage of Magnesia, Sulphate of Lime and Salt. Mixed with stable manure, 1½ pounds per day for each animal will double the value of the manure, by preventing the waste of Nitrogen—Ammonia. Use 50 to 200 lbs. per acre. Kainit is put up in 200-lb. bags only. Price per bag, \$2.25; 5 bags or more, \$2.00 per bag, or \$19.00 per ton. Mineral Phosphate. A highly concentrated phosphate, made from the deposits of the bones of sea animals. Contains from 38 to 43 per cent. of available Phosphoric Acid. Use fifty to sixty pounds per acre......Price, \$3.50 per 100 pounds.

Briefly stated, the leading effects of the different fertilizer elements are as follows: Nitrogen (Ammonia) produces a vigorous growth of the plant, and is particularly valuable for all vegetable crops, and as a top dressing for grass. Potash and Phosphoric Acid increase the yield and quality of crop products, and should be used on all grain crops.

"JADOO" "JADOO" LIQUID. FIBRE AND



TRADE-MARK REGISTERED.

Jadoo Fibre is a new growing substance for plants of all kinds. It was invented by Col. Thompson, of the Royal Army and Fellow of the Royal Horticultural Society of England, and it is highly recommended by gardening authorities there. It suits all kinds of plants, is only half as heavy as earth and cleaner to handle. It increases the size and brilliancy of flowers. Seeds germinate, and cuttings root in it, quicker than in earth. Owing to its spongy nature it retains water much longer than earth. Plants transplanted in Jadoo Fibre do not flag, even if in full bloom.

From experiments in our nursery we recommend mixing Jadoo Fibre with about 14 to 1/2 good loam to give best results.

Price, 5 lbs. 30c.; 10 lbs. 50c.; 25 lbs. \$1.10; per bag of about 125 lbs. \$3.00 per 100; per ton, \$50.

Jadoo Liquid revives drooping plants, increases the size and profusion of bloom. It is both meat and drink to plants of all kinds. It can be used on plants that are grown in earth or in Jadoo Fibre.

Price, pint bottle, 25c.; 2-gallon can, \$1.50.

Sphagnum Moss. For packing and growing orchids, etc.

Per pound, 10c.; per bale, \$1.50.

INSECT DESTROYERS AND FUNGICIDES.

Bug Finish. A safe and valuable discovery. Thoroughly effective, safe and economical for killing Potato Bugs, Cabbage Worms and Curculio of all kinds. Ready to use. No mixing to do. The whole compound composing Bug Finish is reduced very fine and thoroughly combined by patent process, so that every grain of the whole mass is sufficiently poisonous that a small amount will kill any insect the same as though it had eaten PURE PARIS GREEN. Hence only a very slight dust is necessary, making it cheaper than any other preparation.

Per lb. 5 cts.; 10 lbs. 30 cts.; 100 lbs. \$2.00; Barrell of 300 lbs. \$4.50.

Bordeaux Mixture A valuable and indispensable fungicide for grape growers, ensuring larger crops and finer grapes, and preventing failure. Successful against black rot, mildew and rust. Being in liquid form it is very convenient to handle. One gallon will make fifty gallons of spraying liquid.....Quart 40 cts.; gallon \$1.00.

Soluble Fir Tree Oil. It frees plants of nearly all insects to which they are subject, and for the following it has no superior: Mealy Bug, Scale, Red Spider, Aphis (black and green), Thrip, Blight Worms and Slugs; also a valuable remedy for animal parasites and insects. Dilute with soft or rain water. Sprinkle or spray on with Vaporizer.

Grape Dust. A non-poisonous powder for the remedy and control of mildew and rot on Grapes, Gooseberries, Roses etc. Apply with bellows or powder gun.

 Hammond's Scrofularia Powder. For the protection of Carpets and other similar goods against the ravages of the Carpet Beetle or so-called Buffalo Moth25 and 50c each.

Slug Shot. A non-poisonous powder and a very popular insecticide—it requires no further mixing or preparation—easily applied, and not injurious or dangerons to animals, the person applying it, or fruits and vegetables treated. Very effectual in destroying Caterpillars, Currant, Gooseberry and Cabbage Worms, Potato, Melon, Squash and Cucumber Bugs, Rose Slugs, Rose Lice, etc.

Per lb. 10c.; 5 lbs. 30c.; 10 lbs. 50c.

Tobacco Stems. Used for fumigating plants to kill insects. Invaluable as a mulch for rose beds, lettuce beds, etc., where insects frequently do much injury to roots or foliage. The best quality stems supplied.

Per lb. 5c.; Barrell \$1.00; Bales of about 150 lb. \$3.00.

Per 1b. 5c.; Barrell \$1.00; Bales of about 150 lb. \$3.00.

Tobacco Extract Rose Leaf. A perfectly pure, highly concentrated extract of Tobacco. always uniform in strength of Nicotine poison. Destroys green fly, mealy bug, thrip and red spider.

Horticultural Tools and Sundries.

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| Barrows Garden.—No. 2. Small\$3 00 |) , |
| " No. 3. Medium 3 25 | 5 |
| " No. 4. Large 3 78 | 5 |
| "Railroad patent wheel and bolted 1 75 | 5 |
| Bill Hooks. 7-inch, \$1.25; 9-inch | 2 |
| Bellows—Woodason's. Large double cone | 1 |
| Liquid spraying, small, \$1.00; large | íl |
| Special Sulphur | ó l |
| Bee Smokers.—Clark Smoker | 0 |
| Perfection Cold Blast | |
| Perfection Muzzle-feeder 1 2 | 5 |
| Add 25 cents to each smoker, if to be sent by mail. Canes.—5 to 8 feet long, for plant stakes. Per 100 | |
| Canes.—5 to 8 feet long, for plant stakes. Per 100 | |
| Forks.—Digging or spading | |
| Manure. Cast steel, oval, 4-tine | |
| Hand-Weeding. 15 and 35 cts. (By mail 10c. | |
| each extra.) | |
| Hand-Weeding. Imported, 50c. (By mail 60c.) | |
| FUMIGATOR-Perfection. Made with water tank, which | |
| prevents overheating; the vapor assists in the destruction of insects. | |
| No. 1. Capacity 8 quarts 3 00 | 0 |
| No. 2. '' 16 '' | 5 |
| No. 3. " 24 " |) |
| Garden Reels. Iron, painted |) [|
| Garden Lines. About 200 feet | |
| Gooseberry Pruner. For thorny bushes |) |
| Grafting Wax. 1/4 lb. 10c.; 1/2 lb. 15c.; 1 lb. 25c. (By mail add 15c. per lb.) | - 1 |
| add 15c. per 15.) | - 1 |
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| Gasser's Zinc Joint. Will make your greenhouse AIR and | - |
| WATER tight: saves fur and class. Von can care the | -1 |
| water tight; saves fuel and glass. You can save the price of zine on glass and putty. No glass broken by | |
| frost and by sliding. In ordering, mention the distance | |
| between bars. | |
| 8 inches, per 1000, \$3 50 12 inches, per 1000, \$5 00 |) |
| 9 " " 4 00 15 " " 5 50 | |

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Grass Hooks.

16 "

5 50

6 50

6.6

| Edging Knife. For cutting the edge of walks and beds | 50 |
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| GRASS CATCHERThe Triumph. Is made of strong | |
| canvas; gathers all the Grass and can be adjusted to | |
| any machine in a moment. | |
| No. 1, for 12 to 16-inch machines | 75 |
| No. 2, for 16 to 20-inch machines | 75 |
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| GLAZIER'S POINTS.—The Van Reyper Perfect, per 1000 | 60 |
| (By mail 75c.) Princers for driving the Points, 50c. By mail | co |
| | 60 |
| GRUBBERS.—Daisy60 and | |
| Dock | 75 |
| GUNS, INSECT POWDER.—Cyclone | 10 |
| 9 1111 100 | 20 |
| HOES.—Standard Socket Garden | 40 |
| Ladies Light Garden | 30 50 |
| Imperial Scuffle. 6-inch | 40 |
| Onion. One end square; opposite end 1 prong | 25 |
| Onion. One end square; opposite end 2 prongs | 30 |
| Onion. Extra heavy; one end square; opposite | |
| end 5 prongs | 40 |
| Grubbing. With handle | 60 |
| Hercules Double Shank. Gold bronze, 6-iuch | |
| and 61/2-inch 40c.; 71/2-inch 45c; 9-inch Perrine Patent. Double shank, and curved | 50 |
| blade, 6%-inch | 50 |
| Dutch, Push Hoes. Imported | 60 |
| HOSE RUBBER.—In 50 feet lengths. | - |
| Standard Grade, 3-ply, 34 inch, 12 cts. per foot. | |
| " 4 " % " 14 " " | |
| High Grade 3 " 3 " 14 " " " | |
| 4 " 34 " 16 " " " | |
| Hose Reel. Wooden | 75 |
| Hose Nozzle | 50 |
| Hose Menders. 6c, each; 60c, doz. | |

Horticultural Tools and Sundries-Continued

| Horticultural 10018 and | |
|--|---|
| KNIVES.—Prining \$1.25 to \$2.00 | SAWSPr |
| Budding | 1 11 |
| Asparagus 1.00 Potato. Concave, for cutting seed potatoes 2.25 (By mall, 30 cents.) LABELS.—For pots. 4-inch, per 100, 15c. Per 1,000 1.15 Light pure 100, 200 Per 1,000 1.15 | SCISSORS. |
| (By mail, 30 cents.) | |
| LABELS.—For pots. 4-inch, per 100, 15c. Per 1,000 1.00 | 66] |
| 5-inch, per 100, 20c. Per 1,000 1.15 | " |
| 5-inch, per 100, 20c. Per 1,000 | SCYTHES. |
| LAWN ROLLERS.—No. 1, two sections 15 inches long, | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| and 15 in in diameters weight about 120 lbs 5.50 | 1 |
| No. 2, two sections, 24 menes long, and 20 m. m | |
| diameter; weight about 255 pounds | SCOOPS. |
| MASTICA.—For glazing green- | 10000111 |
| honses, new or old, elastic, adhesive and easy to apply. The use of Mastica | SEED TR |
| avoids the necessity of repeatedly re- | , |
| glazing the houses, saving much time | 1 |
| and expense. One gatlon will cover | SHEARS |
| 300 running feet (one side) | |
| 14 gal., 35c.; ½ gal., 60c.; 1 gal., \$1.00. | |
| MASTICA GLAZING MACHINE. | 1 |
| See cut\$1.00. | |
| | 1 |
| MATS BASS.—For covering hot beds | SHOVELS |
| and tying plants50 cents. | |
| MOLE TRAPSReddick. A first- | SPADES |
| | |
| Mastica Machine. class trap. No mole can pass un- | |
| Mastica Machine. der this trap and live\$1.00 MOLE TRAPS.—Isbell | SPRINKL |
| " English 40c | Rul |
| OIL.—Lawn Mower. Per can 20c | By 1 |
| PLANT BED CLOTHMedium. Per yard 10e | Scolla Sma |
| " Heavy. Per yard 12c | SYRINGE |
| yards, 1 cent per yard less. | prov |
| POST HOLE DIGGER.—Champion 75e | spra |
| | Ame |
| POST HOLE AUGER.—The best for light or clay soil. 71/2-inch, \$1.25; 9-inch, \$1.35 | ical |
| PRUNERS.—Telegraph Tree. To use on a pole 1.35 | jet |
| Waters' Tree. Pole. 4-ft., \$1.35; 6-ft., \$1.60; 8-ft., \$1.75; 10-ft., \$2.00. | "H." |
| Extra knives 25c By mail, 30c. | THISTLE |
| Pruning Hooks. 14 inches\$1 00 | TROWEL |
| Saw and Chisel. With socket for pole | ishe |
| Saw, Double Edge. 16-inch, 60c.; 18-inch75 POTATO HOOKS. 4-tine | Ame |
| PUMPS.—Hand Force. Little Giant, brass, fine, coarse | Cleve |
| and solid stream nozzle, with malleable foot | If by I |
| rest | WATERI |
| spray nozzle. \$5.00 | *************************************** |
| PUTTY BULBS. Used for setting glass with liquid putty, | |
| \$1.00. By mail\$1.10 | WEEDER |
| RAFFEA. For tying plants. Per pound, 30c. By mail40 | WEEDER |
| RAKES.—Steel Garden. 8-tooth, 30c.; 10 tooth, 40c; | |
| 12-tooth, 45c.; 14-tooth, 50c.; 16-tooth, 60c. | |
| " Bow Brace. 10 tooth, 50c.; 12 | |
| " Bow Brace. 10 tooth, 50c.; 12 tooth, 55c.; 14-tooth, 60c.; 16 tooth, 70c. | 7. |
| Gem Wire Lawn | - |
| Gem Wire Lawn | |
| Wooden Lawn. 20 teeth | WIRE for |
| Lawn King. 22 teeth | VELTOTI OF |
| Coldwell's Lawn and Scarifying | WIRE CU |

| SAWS.—Pruping. 16 inch, 60c.; 18-iuch |
|--|
| SCISSORS.—Vine. German, for thinning grapes |
| \$1.00; 7-inch |
| " Flower Gatherers. English, for holding the |
| flower. Small size, 50c.; 6-inch, \$1.00; 7-inch, \$1.25 SCYTHES.—American |
| American, Weed or bush |
| English Lawn. 30 to 36 inches\$1.50 to 1.75 |
| Scythe Snathe, Peerless |
| SCOOPS.—Hercules. One half bushel |
| Champion, 10-inch, 75c; 12-inch, \$1.00; 14-inch, 1.25 SEED TRYERS.—Steel-pointed pocket, nickel-plated |
| with cap, by mail |
| with cap, by mail |
| Coffee, etc. By mail |
| SHEARS. —Garden or Hedge. English. Short handle, 8-inch, \$1.75; 9-inch, \$2.00; 10-inch |
| Hedge, With Notch, 8-inch, \$2.25; 9-inch, \$2.50; 10-inch |
| Border. 9-inch blade 3.75 |
| Sheep Shears 1.00 Hand Pruning 35e., 50e to 2 50 |
| |
| SHOVELS.—Ames'. Square point. 1.10 Hadwin. Square point. .75 ' For Boys. Steel, polished. .40 |
| For Boys. Steel, polished |
| Hadwin, Steel polished |
| SPADES.—Ames', Steel, polished |
| SPRINKLERS Scollay's Standard Rubber Valvnlar. Large, \$1.00. |
| By mail |
| Scollay's No. 1 Rubber Valvular. |
| Small, 50c. By mail60c. |
| SYRINGES.—Brass. American Im- |
| proved, No. 11. Conical valve, two spray roses and jet\$4.00. |
| American Improved, No. 12. Con- |
| ical valve, two spray roses and jet\$2.75. |
| "H." The cheapest brass syringe |
| made\$2.00. |
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| TROWELS.—English. Solid shank, pol- |
| ished, 5-inch, 50c.; 6-inch |
| Cleves Angle. 5-in., 25c; 7-in., 30c. |
| If by Mail, 10 cents each extra. Rubber Sprinkler. |
| |
| WATERING POT.—Galvanized. Made from best qual |
| watering Pot.—Galvanized. Made from best qual ity iron, and heavily galvanized. Two roses with each not for fine and goers watering |
| watering Pot,—Galvanized. Made from best quality iron, and heavily galvanized. Two roses with each pot for fine and coarse watering. 8-quart, \$2.00; 10-quart, \$2.35; 12-quart, \$2.75 |
| watering Pot,—Galvanized. Made from best qual ity iron, and heavily galvanized. Two roses with each pot for fine and coarse watering. 8-quart, \$2.00; 10-quart, \$2.35; 12-quart, \$2.75 weeders.—Noyes' Hand, 25c, By mail |
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turbing the sod or disfiguring the lawn Florists Use.—No. 24, per lb., 10c.; No. 26, 15c.; No. 28, 20c.; No. 32..... TTERS.—For cutting barbed wire...... 1.00



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FOR GARDEN, FIELD, GRAPE AND SMALL FRUIT CULTURE.

One man does the work of twelve, and need not stoop down. Spray as fast as you walk. No waste whatever. Spray stops by releasing the pressure of the thumb. No machinery to get out of order. Has an agitator on the left side to stir the liquid. Never rusts. Never out of order. Adjustable to man or boy. To spray trees and vines turn nozzle up. We recommend it to be the best and cheapest one on the market. Price, \$2.00 cach.

Extra Tube. Rubber bulb and rose to work with both hands.....

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Indestructable, cheap and warm. These are made of Strong Burlap, warmly lined with waste wool and cotton, which is quilted to hold in position. Warmer than straw and more easily handled. Do not retain moisture, freeze, rot, mildew, or harbor vermin as straw does.

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Our Flower Pots and Saucers are standard make of extra fine finish, and bear shipping well. No charge for packing,



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| EACH. | | PER 100 | EACH. DOZ. PER 100 | EACH. | DOZ. |
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| 4-inch | 25c. 30c. | \$1 50 2 00 | 7-inch | . 10c. | \$0 90 |
| 6 " 5c. | 40c. | 2 50 | 9 " | | 1 50 |

ROUND LILY PANS.

These are the same style as our standard pots, but not so deep, and are suitable for Cacti. Begonias, Tulips, etc.

| 5-inch | 70. | DOZ. \$0 50 75 | 8-inch | DOZ. \$1 25 2 00 | EACH. 30c. | DOZ. \$3 25 |
|--------|-------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|----------------|
| 0 " | . 10. | 10 |) 10 20C. | 2 00 | 3 | |

FIBROTTA SAUCERS.

Made of Indurated Fibre; no moisture goes through to injure table, floor or carpet, light and not easily broken; far cheaper in the end and better every way than earthen ware.

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|----|------|------|---------|--------|-------|--------|
| 4- | incl | 1 7c | . 70c. | 8-inch | 10c. | \$0.90 |
| 5 | 66 | 7c | . 75c. | 10 " | 10c. | 1 10 |
| 6 | 66 | 8c | 80c. | 12 " | | 1 30 |
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For heavy plants and Palms; will not soak or rust. Casters have ball bearings. Every heavy plant sold needs one to save carpets and floors and to enable carpets and floors to be readily cleaned.

The 18 and 20-inch sizes are extra heavy and will carry safely 200 lbs.75c.

Plant Truck.

Florist's Vases for Displaying Cut Flowers.

Made of Indurated Fibre, used now in immense quantities all over the country

| | THUCK OF THE | ilauca i ibic | , and a | , ,, 111 11111 | | | 01 01-0 00 da | 01 3 . | |
|-----|--------------|---------------|---------|----------------|-----|----------------------|---------------|--------|--------|
| NO. | DIAM. | DEPTH. | EACH. | Doz. | NO. | DIAM. | DEPTH. | EACH. | DOZ. |
| 0 | 8 inches. | 13 inches. | 40c. | \$4 80 | 22 | $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch. | 15 inches. | 40c. | \$4 80 |
| 1 | 5½ " | 10 '' | 35c. | 4 20 | 33 | 4 " " | 12 " | 35c. | 4 20 |
| 2 | 41/2 " | 9 46 | 30c. | 3 60 | 44 | 3 " | 9 " | 30c. | 3 60 |
| 3 | 4 " " | 6 " | 25c. | 3 00 | 00 | 9 " | 21 " | 75c. | 9 00 |
| 4 | 3 " | 41/0 " | 20c. | 2 40 | | | | | |



Columbia Flower Tubs.

The Tubs are made of the best pine lumber, which will keep for years without rotting. They are made of twelve staves in tapered shape, held together by two heavy steel wires, which are connected with substantial iron handles, and are so arranged that the wire can be tightened or loosened by simply turning nut on handle. The handle itself is so constructed that the tub can be lifted by hand, and in case the plants are heavy, sticks can be inserted in handle, thereby allowing all weights to be lifted with perfect safety.

| 2 | inche | s in | diam. | ρ'n | 11 in 14 | nches | hig | h\$1 | 00 50 | $\frac{21}{24}$ | inches | in | diam. | by | 18½ 20½ | inches | high | \$2 | 50 00 |
|---|-------|------|-------|-----|-------------|-------|-----|------|----------|-----------------|--------|----|-------|----|------------|--------|------|-----|----------|
| 8 | 66 | 66 | 66 | " | 161/2 | | " | 2 | 00 | | | | | | | | | | |



SEED SOWERS.

Cahoon Broadcast Seed Sower. For sowing Wheat, Oats, Hemp, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat, Grass Seeds, etc. The best machine of the kind in the market...... 3 50

The Switzerland Broadcast Seed Sower. Will sow Timothy. Clover, Hungarian Millet, Hemp. Flax, Mustard, Turnip and all small seeds, \$1.00; 6 for....... 5 00

The Improved Water Elevator and Purifier.

Has none of the objections common to pumps, as it never freezes, works easily, and can be readily adjusted to any well or cistern. Well made, strong, neat and durable. With ordinary care it will last a lifetime.

HOW DOES IT PURIFY WATER?

or eistern, double it and add six feet for curb.

"PLANET JR." GARDEN TOOLS.

Space will not permit illustrating and describing all of the "Planet Jr." tools, but we will gladly send a fully illustrated catalogue to any who desire it: and we can supply promptly anything ordered. "Planet Jr." goods are standard machines, and the best on the market. In sending your orders to us, you can therefore rely on getting bottom prices.

Price, \$7.00.

No. 5 Hill and Drill Seeder. This is the largest seeder made, and especially pleases market gardeners, sugar beet and onion set growers. It runs light, and sows equally well with a full hopper or with a single paper of seed. Price, \$12.00.

No. 11 Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow. This new candidate for favor has been so planned as to combine in one implement, the virtues of all our old wheel hoes, with desirable new features, and thus make an improved Double Wheel Hoe of unexampled usefulness and strength.

Price, \$8.00.



No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow. The same frame as No. 11, with two hoes, four cultivating teeth, and two vator teeth and one plow ... Price, \$5.00. No. 17 Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow. With following attachments: Two hoes, three cultivator



Fire Fly Garden Plow......Price, \$2.00. No. 8 Horse Hoe and Cultivator. With lever expander, lever wheel and depth regulator. The best cultivator manufactured. Price, \$7.50.

No. 6 Horse Hoe and Cultivator. With lever expander and lever wheel Price, \$6.75.

No. 5 Horse Hoe and Cultivator. With lever expander and wheel Price, \$6.25.

No. 4 Horse Hoe and Cultivator.
With wheel, price \$5.50; without wheel, \$4.75. Plain Cultivator.

teeth and one plowPrice, \$4.00.

Single Wheel Hoe. Plain, with 2 hoes only Price, \$2.75.

PLANET, JR." EXTRAS.

| 1 | 1/4 | -inc | h Steels | S | | | | 8c |
|----|-----|------|----------|-----|------|------|------|-----|
| 1 | 3/4 | | 4.4 | | | | | 9c |
| 2 | 1/4 | | 6.6 | | | | | 10c |
| 3 | 73 | | 6.6 | | | | | 11c |
| 4 | | | 6.6 | | | | | 12c |
| 7 | -iı | ach | Shovel | | | | | 25c |
| 8 | | 6.6 | 6.6 | 1.6 | | | | 30c |
| 8 | , | 6.6 | Sweeps | and | | | | 30c |
| 10 |) | 6.6 | 44 | 6.6 | | | | 35c |
| 12 | | 66 | 6.6 | 4.4 | | | | 40c |
| 15 | , | 4.6 | 4+ | 6 6 | | | | 45c |
| | | | | | | | | |

| | els for Horse Hoe | |
|----------------|---|--------|
| 6 " Hoe Stee | els | |
| 10 < " | | 50c |
| 10 " Furrowe | r | 80e |
| 15 " " | | \$1.25 |
| 20 " " | with wings | \$1.75 |
| 10 " | without wings | 80e |
| | | 50c |
| Ridging Steels | *************************************** | \$1.10 |
| | ••••••• | |

GENUINE PHILADELPHIA LAWN MOWER.

The best High Grade Lawn Mower manufactured. 14-inch, \$5.00; 16-inch, \$5.60; 18-inch, \$6.25; 20-inch, \$7.00.

High Wheel Philadelphia Lawn Mower.

The lightest running and smoothest cutting mover ever used. 16-inch, \$6.50; 18-inch, \$7.25; 20-inch, \$8.25.

WE CAN ALSO SUPPLY A LOW PRICED LAWN MOWER. SEND FOR SPECIAL CIRCULAR.



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WHEN TO SPRAY AND WHAT TO USE.

The following brief directions for the spraying of fruits and vegetables have been compiled as the result of several years' experimenting with different materials, and it is believed they can be followed without injury to the crops, and with profit to the owner.

It will pay to spray all fruit plants early in the spring with copper sulphate solution, and the second and third applications, as given, can generally be made with profit. Never spray with arsenites while the trees are in blossom, as the bees will be poisoned; they are necessary to fertilize the flowers.

| Plant | First Application | Second Application | Third Application | Fourth Application. |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| A pple—(Canker worm, eodling moth, bud moth, seab.) | Spray before buds start, using copper sulphate solution. | After the blossoms have formed, but before they open, Bordeaux and Paris green. | Within a week after blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux and Paris green. | 10 to 14 days later, repeat |
| Cabbage-(Worms, aphis.) | When worms first appear, kerosene emulsion, or Paris green. | If worms or aphides are present, repeat if plants are not heading, using emulsion for aphis | If aphides persist, or if worms reappear, use ker- osene entulsion, if plants are not heading. | After heads form, use saltpetre for worms, a teaspoonful to a gallon of water, entulsion, for aphides. |
| Carnation — (Rust and other fun- gons diseases.) | When planted out, dip in Bordeaux. | 7 to 12 days later, spray plants with Bordeaux. | Repeat at intervals of a week or ten days until blossoms open. | While in bloom, spray every week with the dilute copper sulphate solution. |
| Cherry-(Rot, aphis, circulio, and slug.) | Before buds start, use eopper sulphate solu- tion. For aphis, kerosene emulsion. | When fruit has set, Bordeaux and Paris green.* | 10 to 12 days later, if signs of rot appear, repeat. | 10 to 12 days later, eopper sulphate solution weak. |
| Currant-(Worms, mildew.) | As soon as worms are seen, Paris green. | If they reappear, re- peat, adding Bordeaux for mildew.† | If worms still trouble, pyrethrum or hellebore.† | |
| Gooseberry-(Mildew, worms.) | As leaves open, Bordeaux and Paris green. | In 10 to 14 days, repeat with both. | 10 to 14 days later, sulphide of potassium on English varieties. | 10 to 14 days later, repeat if necessary. |
| Grape—(Flea-bee- tle, fungous dis- eases.) | Before buds burst, cop- per sulphate solution and Paris green. | When first leaves are half grown, Bordeaux and Paris green. | As soon as fruit has set, repeat.* | 10 to 14 days later, Bordeaux mixture, if disease is present. |
| Peach, Apricot— (Leaf-curl, circu- lio, mildew, rot.) | Before buds swell, eop- per sulphate solution. | As soon as fruit has set, Bordeaux and Paris green.** | 10 to 12 days later, repeat. | 10 to 12 days later, repeat |
| Pear-(Leaf-blight, seab, psylla, and codling moth.) | Before buds start, eopper sulphate solution. | Within a week after blossoms fall, Bordeaux and Paris green. | 10 to 12 days later, repeat. | 10 to 16 days later, Bor- deaux. |
| Plnm (Black knot, rot and all fun- gous diseases, cureulio.) | As buds start, eopper sulphate solution. Cut out knot and burn. | When fruit has set, Bordeaux and Paris green.* | 10 to 12 days later, repeat. | 10 to 20 days later, Bor- deaux. |
| Potato — (Beetles, scab, blight.) | For seab, soak seed in eorrosive sublimate solu- tion (2 oz. in 16 gatlons of water, for 90 minutes.) | When beetles or their larvae appear. Paris green (1 pound to 100 pounds of plaster.) | Repeat, whenever necessary. | When blight of the leaves is accompanied by rot of the tubers, Bordeaux, |
| Raspberry, Blackberry— Anthraenose, rust.) | Cut out badly diseased eanes. Spray with cop- per sulphate solution be- fore growth starts. | When new capes are one foot high, spray with Bordeaux mixture. | 10 to 14 days later, weak eopper sulphate solu- tion. | When crop is gathered remove old canes, thin new ones and spray with Bordeaux mixture. |
| Rose—(Mildew, black spot, red spider, aphis.) | Mildew: Keep heating pipes painted with equal parts lime and sulphur mixed with water to paste. | | Red spider: Kerosene emulsion to under side of foliage. | Aphis: Kerosene emulsion. |
| Strawberry— (Rust.) | Just before blossoms open. Bordeaux and Paris green. | When fruit has set, Bordeaux* or weak cop- per sulphate solution. | As soon as berries are harvested Bordeaux (if to be kept longer.) | |
| Tomato—(Rot and blight, worms.) | When first fruits have set, Bordeaux. | | If necessary, spray with weak copper sulphate solution. | |
| Violet—(Blight, red spider.) | When blight is first seen, weak copper sul- phate. Kerosene emul- sion for insects. | Repeat at intervals of 10 to 20 days, as neees- sary for blight. | Note — Use kerosene emulsion, very weak. | |

EXPLANATION.—An asterisk (*) eautions against spraying with poisons while the plants are in blossom; a dagger (†) indicates that there is danger of making an application within three weeks of the time the fruit is to be used as food. For **Aphis** on all plants, use kerosene emulsion.

KEROSENE EMULSION.

Soft Soap, 1 qt.; Kerosene, 1 pt.; Water, 6 to 11 qts. Warm the soap until it becomes liquefied; remove from near the fire, add the kerosene and agitate rapidly with a force pump for five to ten minutes, until it becomes a homogeneous creamy mass, from which the kerosene will not separate on standing. Dilute with water so that the kerosene will be one-fifteenth to one-twenty-fifth of the entire mixture. If properly prepared, it can be used with safety upon nearly all plants, except squashes, melons, cucumbers, and others of the squash family. A remedy for all sucking insects, and for others with soft bodies, with which it can be brought in contact. A hard soap emulsion can be made by dissolving two ounces of hard soap in boiling water, and using it instead of soft soap.

